

समृद्धिका लागि सहकार्य



Samriddhi समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड Samriddhi Finance Company Limited नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट 'ग' वर्गको इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त वित्तीय संस्था



सञ्चालक समिति



ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई अध्यक्ष



दिनेश कुमार बतौंला सञ्चालक (संस्थापक समूह) सञ्चालक (संस्थापक समूह)



सुजन अधिकारी



विंनोद कुमार सुवेदी सञ्चालक (सर्वसाधारण समूह)



सुदिप घिमिरे

सञ्चालक (संस्थापक समूह)

दुर्गा थापा सञ्चालक (सर्वसाधारण समूह)



जंग बहादुर हमाल सञ्चालक (स्वतन्त्र)



समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड

प्रधान कार्यालय : हेटौंडा-१, मकवानपुर

१३ औं साधारण सभाको

प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्ने निवेदन फाराम

श्री सञ्चालक सिमिति, समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड हेटौंडा, मकवानपुर ।

हटाडा, मकवानपुर ।	
विषय : प्रतिनिधि नियुक्त गरेको बारे ।	
महाशय,	
प्रदेशजिल्लामहा/उप-महानगर/नगरपालिका/ग ले त्यस संस्थाको शेयरवालाको हैसियतले २०८१/०८/०६ गतेका दि स्वयम् उपस्थित भई छलफल तथा निर्णयमा सहभागी हुन नसक्ने भएकोले उक्त स लागिप्रदेशजिल्लामहा/उप-महानगर/नग बस्ने त्यस संस्थाका शेयरधनी सदस्य श्रीशोनति गरी पठाएको छ/छौं।	न हुने तेईसौं वार्षिक साधारण-सभामा भामा भाग लिन तथा मतदान गर्नका रपालिका ∕गाउँपालिका वडा नं
निवेदक,	
दस्तखत :	
नाम :	
ठेगाना :	
शेयरधनी नं./हितग्राही खाता नं.	. शेयर कित्ता
मितिः २०८१//	
द्रष्टब्यः यो निवेदन साधारण-सभा हुनुभन्दा ४८ घण्टा अगावै यस संस्थाको प्रधान पुतलीसडक, काठमाण्डौंमा पेश गरिसक्नु पर्नेछ । एकभन्दा बढी व्यक्तिलाई प्रतिनिधि मुब दर्ता भएको प्रतिनिधिलाई मात्र मान्यता दिइने छ ।	
प्रवेश-पत्र	
शेयरधनीको नाम :	
शेयरधनी नं. /हितग्राही खाता नं. :	
शेयरधनी परिचय नं क्ल शेयर सङ्ख्या शेयरध	
द्रष्टब्य:	
शेयरधनी आफैंले खाली ठाउँ भर्न् होला ।	
साधारण-सभा हलमा प्रवेश गर्न यो प्रवेश-पत्र प्रस्तुत गर्न अनिवार्य छ ।	
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	ाजगाद राज पाठल

विनाद राज पाडल कम्पनी सचिव



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समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड

(नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट 'ग' वर्गको इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त राष्ट्रिय स्तरको वित्तिय संस्था) रजिष्टर्ड (केन्द्रिय) कार्यालय, हेटौंडा, मकवानपुर

तेईसौ वार्षिक साधारण-सभा सम्बन्धी सूचना

(प्रथम पटक प्रकाशित मिति :२०८१/७/१४ गते)

आदरणीय शेयरधनी महान्भावज्यूहरू,

यस समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको मिति २०८१/७/१३ मा बसेको सञ्चालक सिमितिको ५०७ औं बैठकको निर्णयानुसार तेइसौं वार्षिक साधारण-सभा देहायको मिति, समय र स्थानमा तपशिल बमोजिमका विषयहरू उपर छलफल तथा निर्णय गर्न बस्ने भएकोले सम्पूर्ण शेयरधनी महानुभावहरूको जानकारी तथा उपस्थितिको लागि यो सूचना प्रकाशित गरिएको छ।

सभा हुने मिति, समय र स्थान :

मिति : २०८१ मंसिर ६ गते, विहिबार (तद्नुसार २०२४ नोभेम्बर २१ तारिख)

समय : विहानको १०:०० बजे

स्थान : होटेल एभोकाडो "अर्किड रिसोर्ट" हेटौंडा मकवानपुर ।

खलफलका विषयहरू :

(क) सामान्य प्रस्तावहरू :-

- 9. सञ्चालक सिमितिको तर्फबाट सञ्चालक सिमितिका अध्यक्षले प्रस्तुत गर्नु हुने आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ को वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन पारित गर्ने ।
- २. लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन सहितको आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ को वासलात, नाफा नोक्सान हिसाब, वित्तिय विवरण तथा नगद प्रवाह विवरण लगायतका अनुसुचिहरू माथि छलफल गरि पारित गर्ने ।
- ३. लेखापरीक्षण सिमितिको सिफारिश बमोजिम आर्थिक वर्ष २०८१/८२ को लागि बाह्य लेखापरीक्षक नियुक्त गर्ने र निजको पारिश्रमिक तोक्ने ।
- ४. विविध ।

(ख) विशेष प्रस्तावहरू :-

- १. संस्थाको स्विकृत प्रबन्धपत्रमा संशोधन गर्ने ।
- २. संस्थाको स्विकृत नियमावलीमा संशोधन गर्ने ।
- ३. यस संस्थालाई अन्य कुनै बैंक, विकास बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थासँग एक आपसमा गाभ्ने र गाभिने (मर्जर) तथा प्राप्ति (एक्वीजिसन) को लागि छलफल गर्ने, समभ्तदारी पत्र (MOU) मा हस्ताक्षर गर्ने लगायत डिडिए (DDA) गर्न नियमनकारी निकायसँग सम्पर्क गर्ने, स्वीकृति लिन वा अन्य कुनै पिन विषयमा संशोधन, परिमार्जन, थपघट वा परिवर्तन गर्ने लगायत सो सम्बन्धमा प्रचलित नियमानुसार जे जो गर्नु पर्ने हो सोको लागि चाहिने सम्पूर्ण अख्तियारी सञ्चालक समितिलाई प्रदान गर्ने ।
- ४. प्रबन्ध-पत्र, नियमावली संशोधनको क्रममा नियमनकारी निकायहरु (नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, कम्पनी रिजष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, नेपाल धितोपत्र बोर्ड आदि) बाट कुनै कुराहरु फेरबदल/संशोधन/परिमार्जन गर्न वा मिलाउन वा कुनै थप कागजात तथा विवरणहरु तयार गरी पेश गर्न कुनै सुफाव वा निर्देशन भएमा सोही अनुरुप आवश्यक सम्पूर्ण कार्यहरु गर्न सञ्चालक समितिलाई अख्तियारी प्रदान गर्ने।
- ५. विविध।

सञ्चालक समितिको आज्ञाले कम्पनी सचिव



साधारण सभा सम्बन्धी अन्य सामान्य जानकारी

- १. यस तेईसौं वार्षिक साधारणसभा प्रयोजनको लागी संस्थाको शेयरधनी दर्ता पुस्तिका मिति २०८१/०७/२५ गते एक दिन बन्द रहनेछ । शेयरधनी दर्ता पुस्तिका बन्द भएको मिति २०८१/०७/२५ भन्दा अधिल्लो दिनसम्म कारोबार भई प्रचलित नियमबमोजिम यस संस्थाको शेयर रिजष्ट्रार ग्लोबल आइएमई क्यापिटल लि. काठमाण्डौमा प्राप्त शेयर नामसारीको लिखतको आधारमा शेयरधनी दर्ता किताबमा कायम शेयरधनीहरुले मात्र उक्त साधारणसभामा भाग लिन तथा मतदान गर्न पाउनेछन् ।
- २. वार्षिक साधारण सभामा भौतिक रुपमा भाग लिन इच्छुक शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुले शेयर प्रमाणपत्र /हितग्राही (DEMAT) खाता खोलिएको प्रमाण र आफ्नो परिचय खुल्ने प्रमाण वा सोको प्रतिलिपि (जस्तै नागरिकता प्रमाणपत्र वा अन्य कुनै फोटो सिहतको परिचयपत्र) अनिवार्य रुपमा साथमा लिई आउनुहुन अनुरोध छ । हाजिरी पुस्तिका बिहान ९ बजे देखि सभा चाल् रहन्जेल सम्म साधारण सभा हुने हलको बाहिर पट्टी खुल्ला रहनेछ ।
- साधारण सभामा भाग लिन प्रतिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गर्न चाहने शेयरधनीहरुले यस संस्थाकै अर्को शेयरधनीलाई मात्र प्रतिनिधी नियुक्त गर्न सक्नुहुनेछ । प्रचलित कम्पनी कानूनले तोकेको ढाँचामा वा यस कम्पनीको कार्यालयमा उपलब्ध वा वेभसाइटमा उपलब्ध प्रतिनिधिपत्र (प्रोक्सी) फारम भरी सभा शुरु हुनुभन्दा कम्तीमा ४८ घण्टा अगावै (२०८१/०८/०४ गते विहान १० बजेसम्म) कम्पनीको प्रधान कार्यालय हेटौंडा वा शाखा कार्यालय पुतलीसडक, काठमाण्डौंमा दर्ता गराई सक्न पर्नेछ ।
- ४. नाबालक वा असक्त शेयरधनीको तर्फबाट कम्पनीको शेयर लगत दर्ता किताबमा संरक्षकको रूपमा नाम दर्ता भएको व्यक्ति वा प्रतिनिधी (प्रोक्सी) ले सभामा भाग लिन र मतदान गर्न प्रतिनिधि तोक्न पाउनेछ ।
- ४. संयुक्त रुपमा शेयर खरीद गरि लिएको अवस्थामा शेयर लगत किताबमा पहिलो नाम उल्लेख भएको व्यक्ति वा सर्वसम्मतबाट नियुक्त गरिएको एक व्यक्तिले मात्र सभामा भाग लिन र मतदान गर्न पाउनेछ ।
- ६. एकै शेयरधनीले एकभन्दा बढी व्यक्तिलाई प्रतिनिधि मुकरर गरेमा संस्थाको कार्यालयमा पहिलो दर्ता भएको प्रतिनिधिलाई मात्र मान्यता दिइनेछ ।
- संगठित संस्था शेयरधनी भएमा त्यस्ता संगठित संस्थाद्धारा मनोनित व्यक्तिले ल्याउने प्रोक्सी फाराममा संस्थाको छाप र संस्थाको आधिकारीक व्यक्तिको दस्तखत हुन पर्नेछ ।
- प्रितिनिधि (प्रोक्सी) नियुक्त गिरसक्नु भएको शेयरधनी आफैं उपस्थित भएमा प्रोक्सी स्वतः बदर हुनेछ ।
- ९. सभामा आफ्नो प्रश्नहरु सोध्न इच्छुक शेयरधनीले अध्यक्षले तोकेको समयमा आफ्नो प्रश्न संक्षेपमा सोध्नु पर्नेछ । यस्तो प्रश्न साधारण सभा अगावै वा साधारण सभाको समयमा लिखित रुपमा पिन सोध्न सिकनेछ । साधारण सभा अगावै सोधिने यस्ता प्रश्न संस्थाको प्रधान कार्यालय वा पुतिलसडक शाखा कार्यालयमा दर्ता गराउने वा इमेल info@sfcl.com.np मा पठाउन सिकने छ ।
- १०. शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुले सोधेका प्रश्नहरुका सम्बन्धमा अध्यक्षले वा निजले तोकेको व्यक्तिले बेग्लाबेग्लै वा सामुहिकरुपमा
 उत्तर दिनु हुनेछ ।
- ११. सभाको दिन सभा सुरु हुने भनी तोकिएको समयमा उपस्थित भई त्यहाँ रहेको हाजिरी पुस्तिकामा दस्तखत गर्नुपर्नेछ ।
- 9२. साधारण-सभामा प्रस्तुत हुने प्रतिवेदन साधारण-सभा भन्दा अघि नै प्राप्त गर्न इच्छुक शेयरधनी महानुभावहरुले कम्पनीको प्रधान कार्यालय हेटौंडा वा शाखा कार्यालय पुतलीसडक, काठमाण्डौंमा कार्यालय समयभित्र सम्पर्क राख्नुहुन अनरोध छ । साथै यो सुचना र यस संस्थाको २०८०/८१ को वार्षिक प्रतिवेदन तथा आर्थिक विवरण संस्थाको वेबसाइट www.sfcl. com.np मा हेर्न तथा डाउनलोड गर्न सक्नुहुनेछ ।



संचालक समितिका अध्यक्षको मन्तव्य

समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको तेईसौं वार्षिक साधारण-सभा (आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१)

आदरणीय शेयरधनी महानुभावहरू,

यस समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको तेईसौं वार्षिक साधारण सभामा भाग लिन पाल्नुभएका सञ्चालक समितिका सदस्यहरु, संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरु, पुर्व सञ्चालकहरु, साधारण शेयरधनीहरु, कर्मचारीहरु एवं समस्त अतिथि महानुभावहरुलाई यस संस्था र मेरो व्यक्तिगत तर्फबाट हार्दिक स्वागत एवं अभिवादन व्यक्त गर्दछ ।

२०% साल कात्तिक २५ गते समृद्धि फाइनान्सको नाममा विधिवत रूपमा संचालनमा आए यता यस संस्थाले अवस्था अनुसार उत्साहजनक प्रगित हासिल गरेको छ । २०% चैतबाट सुरु भएको कोभिड प्रकोपलाई यस संस्थाले आफु संचालनमा आउँदा आउँदै सामना गर्नंपर्यो । कोभिड सिकदा सिकदै शुरु भएको आर्थिक मन्दी, तरलता सङ्ग्ट र बैिकङ्ग व्यवसाय विस्तारमा देखापरेका अन्य चुनौतिहरुले यो संस्था पिन अछुतो रहेन । खासगरी उच्च तरलता, कर्जा विस्तारको उच्च दर, तरलतामा व्यापक संकुचन, व्याजदरको वृद्धि, व्यवसायिक सुस्तता, खराब कर्जाको वृद्धि, बैंक वित्तीय संस्थाको कर्जा नितर्ने विभिन्न पक्षबाट भएका संस्थागत अभियान, कर्जा विस्तारलाई नियन्त्रण गर्ने खालका नियामकीय प्रवन्ध लगायतका एक पिछ अर्को घटनाले बैंकिङ्ग व्यवसायलाई प्रतिक्लता सुजना गरि नै रह्यो ।

बैंकिङ्ग व्यवसायलाई युनिभर्सल बैंकिङ्गको रुपमा विकास गरे यता सबै वर्गका बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाले एउटै प्रकृतिका कार्यहरु गर्न थालियो । त्यसबाट ठूलो पूँजी र शाखा संजाल पिन बिढ भएका वाणिज्य बैंकहरु समेत सँग भर्खरै बन्दै गरेका फाइनान्स कम्पनीहरु प्रतिस्पर्धी बन्नु पर्ने हुन थाल्यो । यो काम साच्चै नै चुनौतिपूर्ण हुने नै भयो । त्यसका वावजुद पिन यो संस्थाले आफूलाई फाइनान्स कम्पनीको सेगमेन्टमा प्रतिस्पर्धी बनाइ रहेकै छ ।

नयाँ व्यवस्थापन तथा नयाँ कर्मचारीहरूमार्फत् उत्साहका साथ संस्थाको कारोवार अगाडी वढाइएको छ । खराब कर्जा असुलीलाई तिब्र बनाइएको छ । शाखा संख्यामा तीन बाट विस्तार भई तेह्रबटा पुगेको छ । कर्जा लगानीलाई सुरक्षित हिसाबले विस्तार गरिएको छ । ग्राहक खाता संख्यामा बृद्धि भई तेत्तीस हजार नाघेको छ । यस अवधिमा संस्थाको चुक्ता पुँजी १८ करोडबाट वृद्धि भै ८१ करोड प्गेको छ ।

विगत पाँच वर्षमा संस्था सञ्चालनको लागि आवश्यक पर्ने नीति, नियम, विनियम, प्रोडक्ट पेपर, कार्यविधी तथा निर्देशिकाहरु निर्माण गरि सञ्चालक समितिबाट स्विकृत गरि लागु गरिएको छ । संस्थाको काम कारवाहीलाई बढी पारदर्शी र संस्थागत रुपमा सम्पन्न गर्न संचालक तहमा र व्यवस्थापन तहमा विभिन्न समितिहरु गठन गरी प्रचलनमा ल्याइएको छ । संस्थागत सुशासन र अन्पालनालाई पहिलो प्राथमिकतामा राख्दै व्यवसाय विस्तारमा सन्त्लन कायम गरिएको छ ।

संस्थाले आन्तिरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीलाई सुदृढ राख्न गैर कार्यकारी संचालकहरुको संयोजकत्वमा आन्तिरिक लेखा परीक्षण समिति, जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति, कर्मचारी सेवा सुविधा निर्धारण समिति र सम्पत्ति शुद्धिकरण निवारण सम्बन्धि समिति गठन गरी कार्यान्वयनमा ल्याइएको छ । उक्त समितिको बैठकमा भए गरेका काम कारवाहीहरु त्रैमासिक रुपमा संचालक समितिको बैठकमा समेत जानकारी गराई छलफल गरी आवश्यक निर्देशन दिने गरिएको छ । संस्थाको आन्तिरिक लेखापरीक्षण आउटसोर्स मार्फत चार्टड एकाउन्टेन्ट फर्मबाट नियमित रुपमा भैरहेको छ । यसै गरि विशेषज्ञहरु मार्फत नियमित रुपमा सूचना प्रविधि प्रणालीको लेखापरीक्षण (System Audit) गरिएको छ । संस्थागत सुशासन र अनुपालनालाई अभ्र सवल र सुदृढ बनाउन छुट्टै अनुपालना तथा जोखिम विभाग गठन गरि सञ्चालनमा ल्याइएको छ । नियमित त्रैमासिक आन्तिरिक लेखापरिक्षण, वाह्य लेखापरिक्षण, नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको स्थलगत निरिक्षण, सुचना प्रविधि लेखापरिक्षण, सम्पत्ति शुद्धिकरण सम्बन्धि राष्ट्र बैंकको स्थलगत निरिक्षण तथा तिनका प्रतिवेदनबाट प्राप्त सुफावहरुलाई कार्यान्वयन गरिएको छ ।

संस्थाको सांगठनिक संरचनालाई समय सापेक्ष रुपमा परिवर्तन गरि आवश्यक पर्ने दक्ष जनशक्ति निय्क्ति गरिएको छ।

संस्थाले संस्थागत उत्तरदायित्वलाई व्यवसायको अभिन्न अंगको रुपमा लिएको छ । संस्थाले सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्वको कार्यलाई तेह्रैओटा शाखाहरुबाट विभिन्न कार्यक्रमहरु गरेर आयोजना गर्ने गरिएको छ । यस्ता कार्यक्रमहरुले संस्थालाई स्थानिय समाजसँग



घुलिमल हुने अवसर प्रदान गर्ने, संस्थाको छिव (Brand) लाई सम्मानजनक रुपमा स्थापित गर्न सकारात्मक प्रभाव पर्ने देखिन्छ । संस्थाले हरेक मिहनामा वालवालिका, वातावरण, जेष्ठ नागरिक, मिहला, वित्तिय साक्षरता लिक्षत कार्यक्रमहरु गर्ने योजना रहेको छ । सिमक्षा अविधमा संस्थाले संस्थागत सामाजिक उत्तरदायित्वको जिम्मेवारि अन्तर्गत सरसफाइ कार्यक्रम, साईकल र्याली, वित्तिय साक्षरता, वृक्षारोपण, खानेपानी वितरण, रक्तदान कार्यक्रम र सार्वजिनक स्कुलका विध्यार्थीहरुलाई स्टेसनरी वितरण लगायतका कार्यक्रमहरु आयोजना गरिएका छन् ।

समृद्धिको लागि सहकार्य (Partnership for Prosperity) भन्ने मुल नारालाई आत्मसात गर्दै ग्राहकवर्ग र विभिन्न संस्थाहरु सँग समन्वय गिर कार्यलाई अगािड बढाएका छौं। ग्राहकवर्गलाई विढ भन्दा विढ सुविधा प्रदान गर्न चेक क्लिएरिङ्ग, आरिटिजिएस, कनेक्ट आइिएएस, रेमिट्यान्स, मोवाइल बैिकङ्ग, डेविट कार्ड, क्युआर कोड जस्ता सेवाहरु सञ्चालनमा रहेका छन्। संस्थाले नेपाल क्लियरिङ्ग हाउस लिमिटेड र एफ वान सफ्टसँग सम्भौता गिर मोवाइल बैिकङ्ग मार्फत फोन पे र नेपाल पे सिहत दुवै संस्थाको क्युआर कोड स्क्यान चल्ने गिर सेवा सञ्चालनमा ल्याएको छ। यसका साथै निक्षेप खातामा निशुल्क विमा सुविधाहरु समावेश गिरि ग्राहकलाई थप सुविधा प्रदान गरेका छौं। वजारको माग अनुसारका निक्षेपका योजनाहरु सञ्चालनमा ल्याएका छौं। विभिन्न संस्थाहरु सँग सम्भौता गिर निजहरुले प्रदान गर्ने सेवामा लाग्ने शुल्कहरु हाम्रा ग्राहकहरुलाई विशेष छुटमा उपलब्ध गराउने व्यवस्था गरेका छौं। संस्थाले बैंकिङ्ग व्यवसायमा अन्य बैंक वित्तिय संस्थाबाट ग्राहकहरुले पाउने सबैजसो सुविधाहरु उपलब्ध गराएको छ।

बैकिङ्ग व्यवसायमा सूचना प्रविधिको तिव्र विकास भैरहेको, यसको महत्व बढेर गएको र जोखिम पिन उच्च रहेको हुँदा संस्थाको सूचना प्रविधि प्रणालीलाई थप मजबुत बनाउन नयाँ टेक्नोलोजिको सर्वर तथा नेटवर्कका संरचना तथा पूर्वाधारहरूको स्तरोन्नित गिरिएको छ । संस्थाको डाटावेसलाई डि.आर साइटमा सुरक्षित राख्ने व्यवस्था गिरिएको छ । गत आर्थिक वर्षमा सूचना प्रविधि प्रणालीलाई थप मजबुत बनाउन नयाँ टेक्नोलोजिको सर्वर तथा नेटवर्कका संरचना तथा पूर्वाधारहरूमा थप लगानी गिरिएको छ । चालु आर्थिक वर्षमा पुतिलसडकको कार्यालयमा रहेको डाटा सेन्टरलाई सुरिक्षित राख्न विशिष्ट प्रकारले तयार भएको वाह्य साइटमा स्थान्तरण गिरिएको छ ।

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क.सं.	विवरण	आ.व.२०७८ / ७९	आ.व.२०७९/८०	आ.व.२०८० / ८१
٩	पुँजी (करोडमा)	७४	52	57
२	निक्षेप (करोडमा)	१९२	१९७	२४५
३	कर्जा लगानी (करोडमा)	१५९	१५७	१७६
8	खुद नाफा (करोडमा)	0.07	(9)	(9३)
X	शाखा संख्या	5	१३	9३

आ.व. २०५०/६१ मा कर्जा असुलीमा समस्या आएकोले खुद नोक्सान बह्न गएको हो । संस्थाको आ.व. २०५०/६१ को लेखापिरक्षण गिरएको वित्तिय विवरण र यसका अनुसुचि तथा लेखापिरक्षकको प्रतिवेदन एवं नियमानुसार साधारण सभामा प्रस्तुत गर्नुपर्ने सबैं विवरण, जानकारी तथा प्रस्तावहरु छलफल तथा निणायार्थ यसै प्रतिवेदनको अंशको रुपमा वार्षिक विवरणको पुस्तिका मार्फत यस साधारण सभामा प्रस्तुत गरेको छु । साधारण सभाले सम्पुर्ण एजेण्डा तथा विषयवस्तुमा गहन छलफल गिर संचालक सिमित तथा सिंगो संस्थालाई मार्गदर्शन गर्ने नै छ भन्ने विश्वास लिएको छु ।

अव म चालु आर्थिक वर्ष २०८१/८२ को लक्षित कार्यक्रम संक्षेपमा प्रस्तुत गर्दछु ।

- Expected Credit Loss model कार्यान्वयन ल्याउन नयाँ सफ्टवेयर खरिद गर्ने ।
- २. सञ्चालक समितिबाट पारित पञ्च-वर्षीय रणनीतिक योजनालाई मुर्तरुप दिने । आ.व. २०८२/८३ देखि लागु हुने गरी नयाँ रणनितिक योजना कार्यान्वयनको तयारी गरिनेछ ।
- ३. निष्कृय कर्जा अनुपात लाई ५% भन्दा कममा राख्ने ।
- ४. ग्राहकहरुलाई अभ उत्कृष्ट वित्तिय सेवा उपलब्ध गराउने ।



- ५. नयाँ सफ्टवेयरको प्रयोग मार्फत कर्जाको प्रशोधन गर्ने प्रक्रियालाई कम्प्युटराइज्ड गर्ने ।
- ६. छिटो, छरितो र भरपर्दो सेवाका लागि प्रविधि र जनशक्तिको क्षमता विस्तार गर्ने ।
- ७. सबै विभागहरुको गतिविधिलाई डिजिटलाईजेसन गर्ने ।
- दक्ष जनशक्तिबाट मात्रै उच्च स्तरको बैकिङ्ग सेवा प्रदान गर्न सिकने भएकोले जनशक्तिलाई सक्षम बनाउन कर्मचारीहरुलाई उचित प्रशिक्षण एवं तालिम प्रदान गरि दक्ष वनाउने कार्यमा निरन्तरता दिने ।
- ९. संस्थाको छवी (Brand) लाई सम्मानजनक रुपमा स्थापित गर्न र विस्तार गर्न विज्ञापन प्रसारण, समुदायसँग पहुँच (Access) कार्यलाई निरन्तरता दिने ।
- १०. संस्थाको विकास र विस्तार गरी राष्ट्रिय स्तरको विकास बैंक बनाउन क्षेत्रिय स्तरका विकास बैंक तथा राष्ट्रिय तथा क्षेत्रिय स्तरका फाइनान्स कम्पनीहरुसँग सम्भावनाहरुको विश्लेषण गरी अगाडी बढने ।

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट "क", "ख" र "ग" वर्गका इजाजतपत्रप्राप्त संस्थाहरुलाई जारी गरिएको एकीकृत निर्देशन, २०८० को इ.प्रा.निर्देशन नं. ६/०८० को बुँदा नं. १(१०) मा उल्लेख भए बमोजिम यस संस्थाका सञ्चालकहरुले उक्त निर्देशनमा तोकिएका आचरणहरु पालना गर्न् भएको व्यहोरा जानकारी गराउँदछ ।

अन्त्यमा, सञ्चालक सिमितिको तर्फबाट यस सभामा उपस्थित शेयरधनी, साथै यस संस्थालाई यस अवस्थासम्म पुऱ्याउन सहयोग गर्नुहुने नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, कम्पनी रिजिष्ट्रारको कार्यालय, नेपाल धितोपत्र बोर्ड, नेपाल स्टक एक्सचेन्ज तथा अन्य निकायहरु, निक्षेपकर्ता, ऋणी तथा ग्राहकहरू र सञ्चार जगत प्रति आभार व्यक्त गर्दछु। यस संस्थाको व्यवस्थापनमा मलाई सहयोग गर्नुहुने सञ्चालक सिमितिका सदस्यहरु, व्यवस्थापन सिमिति तथा सम्पुर्ण कर्मचारीहरु प्रति विशेष धन्यवाद ज्ञापन गर्दछु। संस्थाका बाह्य लेखापरिक्षकहरुले संस्थाको लेखापरिक्षण कार्य गरिदिनु भएको र वहाँहरुको सुभावको लागि हार्दिक धन्यवाद दिन चाहान्छु। यस संस्थाको उत्तरोत्तर प्रगति र समृद्धिका लागि यहाँहरु सबैको सहयोग तथा सदभावको अपेक्षा राखेको छ।

धन्यवाद ।

ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई अध्यक्ष

मिति: २०८१/८/०६



सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदन

तेईसौं वार्षिक साधारण-सभा

(कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा १०९ को उपदफा ४ अनुसार)

(क) विगत वर्षको कारोवारको सिंहावलोकन :

विगत केही वर्ष अघि देखि यस वित्तीय संस्था पूर्ण रुपमा बैंकिङ्ग कार्यहरु गर्नबाट विञ्चित रहनगएकोले यसका केहि आर्थिक सूचाङ्कहरु समेत नकारात्मक रहेको भएतापिन यस संस्थाको हाल प्रमुख सुचाकंहरुमा सुधार भएको कुरा यहां समक्ष यसै साथ संलग्न सञ्चालक समितिबाट स्विकृत भै नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट समेत स्विकृत भएको र लेखापरीक्षण भएको आ.व. २०८०/८१ को वासलात, नाफा/नोक्सान हिसाब, वित्तिय विवरण, नगद प्रवाह विवरण र उक्त विवरणहरुसँग सम्बन्धित अनुसुचिहरुको आधारमा संक्षिप्त विवरण छलफल तथा अनुमोदनको लागि पेश गरिएको छ ।

आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ को कारोबारको समिक्षा : वित्तिय अवस्था सम्बन्धि विवरण :

विवरण	आ.व. २०८०/८१	आ.व. २०७९/८०	(कमि) / बृद्धि प्रतिशतमा
चुक्ता पुँजी	८ १,८९,११,४००	८१,८९,११,४००	-
जगेडा कोषहरु	(३४,८५,१८,१७९)	(95,40,48,084)	८८.३३
कुल सम्पती	३,०४,४९,७३,२७२	२,७०,४१,०६,३१२	१२.५६
कुल निक्षेप	२,४५,९५,१५,९३०	१,९६,५३,९९,०२६	२५.१४
कुल कर्जा सापट	१,५८,७२,०७,९०५	१,४४,८८,६०,७८६	₹. ५२
कुल लगानी	५०,१८,०९,१८१	३१,५७,३७,६१२	५८.९३

आ.व. २०७९/८० मा यस संस्थाको रु १८.५० करोड ऋणात्मक रहेको जगेडा कोष आ.व. २०८०/८१ मा ८८.३३ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि रु ३४.८५ करोड ऋणात्मक भएको छ ।

बैंकिङ्ग क्षेत्रमा भएको प्रतिस्पर्धा, तरलताको अभावको स्थिति, बजारको परिस्थिति जस्ता चुनौती विद्यमान रहँदा पनि यस आ.व. सम्ममा यस संस्थाले रु २४५.९५ करोड निक्षेप परिचालन गरी कुल निक्षेपमा आ.व. २०७९/८० को तुलनामा २५.१४ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि गरेको छ । यसको साथै कुल लगानी आ.व. २०७९/८० को तुलनामा ५८.९३ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि भई यस आ.व. मा रु ५०.१८ करोड रहेको छ । कर्जा लगानी सम्बन्धमा आ.व. २०८०/८१ को अन्त्यमा कुल कर्जा सापट आ.व. २०७९/८० को तुलनामा ३.८२ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि भई आ.व. २०८०/८१ को अन्त्यमा कुल कर्जा सापट रु १५८.७२ करोड रहेको छ ।

नाफा नोक्सानी सम्बन्धि विवरण :

विवरण	आ.व. २०८० / ८१	आ.व. २०७९/८०	(कमि) / बृद्धि प्रतिशतमा
व्याज आम्दानी	२५,१५,६२,०५०	२५,७४,६०,६७३	(२.२९)
व्याज खर्च	१७,०४,८१,६२४	१८,६८,४५,२०८	(८.७६)
खुद व्याज आम्दानी	८,१०,८०,२३ ६	७,०६,१४,४६५	१४.८२
कमिशन तथा डिस्काउण्ट	७१,०७,८८३	६१,०९,३३४	१६.३४
अन्य सञ्चालन आम्दानी	५२,३७,७४३	१०,६७,४२८	३९०.६९
कुल सञ्चालन आम्दानी	९,३४,२६,०५२	७,७७,९२,२२७	२०.१०
कर्मचारी खर्च	७,०९,३७,६३१	६,२८,८४,२७ ६	9२.59



विवरण	आ.व. २०८०/८१	आ.व. २०७९/८०	(किम) / बृद्धि प्रतिशतमा
अन्य सञ्चालन खर्च	३,९४,२४,४८१	३,८२,३६,४४१	₹.99
सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्था अधिको सञ्चालन मुनाफा	(\$,\%\\$,\%\\$)	(३,७९,८१,८६९)	૭.૦૪
सम्भावित नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाहरू/(नोक्सानी व्यवस्था फिर्ता)	१३,३६,७१,४४०	४,४१,५६,७३८	२०२.७२
सञ्चालन मुनाफा	(१६,८९,७६,९९३)	(८,२१,३८,६०७)	१०५.७२
गैह्र सञ्चालन आम्दानी/(खर्च)	२,१७,२९,१९०	<i>३२,२३,४३</i> ४	५७२.१
नियमित कारोबारहरूबाट भएको मुनाफा	(१४,७२,४७,८०३)	(७,८९,१४,१७२)	न्द.५९
असामान्य कारोवारहरूबाट भएको आम्दानी/(खर्च)	-	-	-
सम्पूर्ण कारोवार समावेशपछिको खुद मुनाफा	(१३,६१,२३,११०)	(७,००,६७,१२२)	९४.२८

गत आर्थिक वर्षको तुलनामा खुद व्याज आम्दानी यस आर्थिक वर्षको अन्त्यमा १४.८२ प्रतिशतले वृद्धि भई रु ८.११ करोड पुगेको छ ।

संस्थाले व्यवसायमा वृद्धि हासिल गर्न कर्मचारी तथा अन्य सञ्चालन खर्चमा सामान्य वृद्धि भएको छ। यसरी गरिएको लगानीले आगामी दिनमा संस्थालाई टेवा पुग्ने अपेक्षा गरिएको छ।

प्रमुख अनुपातहरु :

विवरण	आ.व. २०८०/८१	आ.व. २०७९/८०	(कमि)/बृद्धि प्रतिशतमा
पुँजी पर्याप्तता (प्रतिशत)	98.88	२२.२५	(३५.१३)
निष्कृय कर्जा / कुल कर्जा (प्रतिशत)	२०.२३	४.५९	३४०.७४
प्रतिशेयर आम्दानी (रु.)	(१६.६२)	(८.५६)	९४.२८
मुनाफा / कुल आम्दानी (प्रतिशत)	(47.57)	(२६.५८)	९७.९६

समीक्षा अविधमा संस्थाको पुँजी पर्याप्तता अनुपात, निष्कृय कर्जा अनुपात सकारात्मक रहेका छन् । त्यस्तै प्रतिशेयर आम्दानी, मुनाफा⁄कुल आम्दानी (प्रतिशत) अनुपात लगायतका मापदण्डहरू नकारात्मक रहेका छन् ।

निष्कृय कर्जा २०८० अषाढ मसान्तमा ४.५८ प्रतिशत रहेको छ भने सोहि अनुपात २०८१ अषाढ मसान्तसम्म २०.२३ प्रतिशत रहेको छ ।

(ख) राष्ट्रिय तथा अन्तर्राष्ट्रिय परिस्थितिबाट कम्पनीको कारोवारलाई कुनै असर परेको भए सोको असर :

आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ मा नेपालको आर्थिक वृद्धिदर ३.८७ प्रतिशत रहने केन्द्रीय तथ्याङ्क विभागको अनुमान रहेको छ । आर्थिक वर्ष २०७९/८० मा आर्थिक वृद्धिदर १.८६ प्रतिशत रहेको थियो । कृषि क्षेत्रको वृद्धि ३.०५ प्रतिशत, उद्योग क्षेत्रको १.२५ प्रतिशत र सेवा क्षेत्रको वृद्धि ४.५० प्रतिशत रहेको अनुमान छ ।

समीक्षा वर्षमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूको निक्षेप १३ प्रतिशतले बढेको छ। अघिल्लो वर्ष यस्तो निक्षेप १२.३० प्रतिशतले बढेको थियो। २०८१ असार मसान्तमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूको कुल निक्षेपमा चल्ती, बचत र महुती निक्षेपको अंश क्रमशः ५.८ प्रतिशत, ३०.३० प्रतिशत र ५६.४ प्रतिशत रहेको छ। अघिल्लो वर्ष यस्तो अंश क्रमशः ७.७ प्रतिशत, २६.६ प्रतिशत र ५८.९ प्रतिशत रहेको थियो। २०८१ असार मसान्तमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूको कुल निक्षेपमा संस्थागत निक्षेपको अंश ३६.२ प्रतिशत रहेको छ। २०८० असार मसान्तमा यस्तो निक्षेपको अंश ३६.६० प्रतिशत रहेको थियो।

समीक्षा वर्षमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुबाट निजी क्षेत्रमा प्रवाहित कर्जा ५.८ प्रतिशतले बढेको छ । अघिल्लो वर्ष यस्तो कर्जा ३.८ प्रतिशतले बढेको थियो । समीक्षा वर्षमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुबाट निजी क्षेत्रमा प्रवाहित कर्जा मध्ये गैर-वित्तीय संस्थागत क्षेत्रतर्फ प्रवाह भएको कर्जाको अंश ६२.३ प्रतिशत र व्यक्तिगत तथा घरपरिवार क्षेत्र तर्फ प्रवाह भएको कर्जाको अंश ३७.७ प्रतिशत रहेको छ । अघिल्लो वर्षको सोही अविधमा यस्तो अंश क्रमश: ६२.७ प्रतिशत र ३७.३ प्रतिशत रहेको थियो । समीक्षा वर्षमा निजी क्षेत्रतर्फ प्रवाहित कर्जामध्ये वाणिज्य बैंकहरुको कर्जा प्रवाह ४.८ प्रतिशतले, विकास बैंकहरुको कर्जा प्रवाह ४ प्रतिशतले र वित्त



कम्पनीहरूको ७.७ प्रतिशतले बढेको छ । २०६१ असार मसान्तमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूको लगानीमा रहेको कर्जामध्ये ६६.५ प्रतिशत कर्जा घर जग्गाको धितोमा र १३.२ प्रतिशत कर्जा चालु सम्पत्ति (कृषि तथा गैर-कृषिजन्य वस्तु) को धितोमा प्रवाह भएको छ । २०६० असार मसान्तमा यस्तो धितोमा प्रवाहित कर्जाको अनुपात क्रमशः ६८ प्रतिशत र ११.६ प्रतिशत रहेको थियो । आर्थिक वर्ष २०६०/६१ मा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूको कृषि क्षेत्रतर्फको कर्जा ०.९ प्रतिशतले, औद्योगिक उत्पादन क्षेत्रतर्फको कर्जा ६.८ प्रतिशतले, यातायात, संचार तथा सार्वजिनक सेवा क्षेत्रतर्फको कर्जा १६.७ प्रतिशतले, थोक तथा खुद्रा व्यापार क्षेत्रतर्फको कर्जा १.५ प्रतिशतले र सेवा उद्योग क्षेत्रतर्फको कर्जा ६.२ प्रतिशतले बढेको छ । समीक्षा वर्षमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूबाट प्रवाहित आवधिक कर्जा २२.२ प्रतिशतले, रियल स्टेट कर्जा (व्यक्तिगत आवासीय घर कर्जा समेत) ९.६ प्रतिशतले र हायर पर्चेज कर्जा २२ प्रतिशतले बढेको छ भने ट्रष्ट रिसिट (आयात) कर्जा १२.६ प्रतिशतले, ओभरड्राफ्ट कर्जा ४६.३ प्रतिशतले, डिमान्ड तथा चाल् पूँजी कर्जा १७.६ प्रतिशतले र मार्जिन प्रकृति कर्जा ५.२ प्रतिशतले घटेको छ ।

आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ मा स्थायी निक्षेप सुविधामार्फत रु.३५२२ अर्ब ३५ करोड र निक्षेप संकलन बोलकबोलमार्फत रु.१९५१ अर्ब २५ करोड गरी कुल रु.४६७३ अर्ब ६० करोड तरलता प्रशोचन गरिएको छ । समीक्षा वर्षमा बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाले पटक पटक गरी स्थायी तरलता सुविधामार्फत रु.९ अर्ब २० करोड र ओभरनाइट तरलता सुविधामार्फत रु.८०३ अर्ब ५६ करोड गरी कुल रु.८०४ अर्ब ७६ करोड तरलता उपयोग गरेका छन । फलस्वरुप, समीक्षा वर्षमा खुद रु.३८६८ अर्ब ८४ करोड तरलता प्रशोचन भएको छ । अधिल्लो आर्थिक वर्षमा खुला बजार कारोबार र स्थायी तरलता सुविधा लगायतका विभिन्न उपकरणमार्फत खुद रु.५४०९ अर्ब ९९ करोड तरलता प्रवाह गरिएको थियो ।

२०८० असारमा ९१-दिने ट्रेजरी बिलको भारित औसत ब्याजदर ६.३५ प्रतिशत रहेकोमा २०८१ असारमा ३.०० प्रतिशत रहेको छ । बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुबीचको अन्तर-बैंक कारोबारको भारित औसत ब्याजदर २०८० असारमा ३.१४ प्रतिशत रहेकोमा २०८१ असारमा २.९९ प्रतिशत रहेको छ ।

इजाजतप्राप्त बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुको संख्या २०८१ असार मसान्तमा १०७ रहेको छ । यस मध्ये २० वाणिज्य बैंक, १७ विकास बैंक, १७ वित्त कम्पनी, ५२ लघुवित्त वित्तीय संस्था र १ पूर्वाधार विकास बैंक रहेका छन । बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुको शाखा संख्या २०८० असार मसान्तमा ११,५८९ रहेकोमा २०८१ असार मसान्तमा ११,५३० कायम भएको छ । २०८० असार मसान्तमा प्रतिशाखा जनसंख्या २५१७ रहेकोमा २०८१ असार मसान्तमा २५२९ कायम भएको छ ।

निक्षेप तथा कर्जा सुरक्षण कोषले २०८१ असार मसान्तमा ५६ बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुमा ४ करोड ५७ लाख ९५ हजार खातामा प्राकृतिक व्यक्तिका नाममा रहेको बचत, चल्ती, कल तथा मुद्दती निक्षेप रकम र.१४३० अर्ब ४६ करोड निक्षेप सुरक्षण गरेको छ। २०८० असार मसान्तमा ४ करोड १३ लाख ८१ हजार खातामा प्राकृतिक व्यक्तिका नाममा रहेको र.१२३२ अर्ब ९५ करोड निक्षेप सुरक्षण गरिएको थियो।

२०८० असार मसान्तमा २०९७.१ रहेको नेप्से सूचकाङ्क २०८१ असार मसान्तमा २२४०.४१ कायम भएको छ । २०८१ असार मसान्तमा धितोपत्र बजार पुँजीकरण रु.३४,५३ अर्ब ६८ करोड कायम भएको छ । २०८० असार मसान्तमा बजार पुँजीकरण रु.३०८२ अर्ब ५२ करोड रहेको थियो । २०८१ असार मसान्तमा नेपाल स्टक एक्सचेन्ज लिमिटेडमा सूचीकृत कम्पनीहरूको संख्या २७० पुगेको छ । सूचीकृत कम्पनीहरूमध्ये १३२ बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था र बीमा कम्पनी रहेका छन्भने ९१ जलविद्युत्कम्पनी, २२ उत्पादन तथा प्रशोधन उद्योग, ७ होटल, ७ लगानी कम्पनी, ४ व्यापारिक संस्था र ७ अन्य समूहका रहेका छन्। २०८० असारमा सूचीकृत कम्पनीहरूको संख्या २५४ रहेको थियो ।

(स्रोत: नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक)

(ग) प्रतिवेदन तयार भएका मितिसम्म चालु वर्षको उपलब्धी र भविष्यमा गर्नु पर्ने कुराको सम्बन्धमा सञ्चालक समितिको धारणाः

कम्पनीको चालु आ.व. २०८१/८२ को असोज मसान्तसम्मको वित्तीय भालक निम्न बमोजिम रहेको छ।

विवरण	रकम (रु. हजारमा)
व्याज आम्दानी	६,७७,८९
व्याज खर्च	४,≂२,२४
खुद व्याज आम्दानी	१,९४,६४



अन्य सञ्चालन आम्दानी	२५,८१
सम्भावित (नोक्सानी व्यवस्थाहरू)/नोक्सानी व्यवस्था फिर्ता	(२,१७,९०)
कर्मचारी खर्च	१,६४,२६
अन्य सञ्चालन खर्च	(१,३०,६९)
गैर सञ्चालन आम्दानी (खर्च)	४८,७४
कर्जामा गरिएको अपलेखन खर्च	
खुद मुनाफा / (नोक्सान)	(१,८२,०५)

क	निक्षेप दायित्व	२,६१,०५,६६
ख	कर्जा मौज्दात	१,६५,४५,३८
ग्	नगद तथा बैंक मौज्दात	६६,२६,४२

आगामी दिनहरुमा संस्थालाई प्रभावकारी रुपमा सञ्चालन गर्नका लागि व्यवसायिक योजना तयार गरि व्यापार विस्तारको कियाकलाप संचालन गरिनेछ । प्रविधिको प्रयोगबाट अधिकतम ग्राहकलाई सेवा दिने प्रयासमा संस्थाको कार्यक्रम लक्षित हुनेछ । नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी निर्देशिका बमोजिम गठन भएका विभिन्न समिति उप समिति को कार्यक्षेत्र हरूलाई अभ प्रभावकारी बनाई जनशक्ति व्यवस्थापनलाई सुदृढ तथा संस्थालाई आर्थिक रुपमा सवल बनाइनेछ ।

हाल यस संस्थाको २०८१ असोज मसान्त सम्म मा देशभर १३ वटा शाखा-सञ्जाल रहेका छन्।

(घ) कम्पनीको औद्योगिक वा व्यवसायिक सम्बन्ध :

कम्पनीले आफुसँग आवद्ध सबै सरोकारवाला पक्षहरूसँग सुमधुर व्यवसायिक सम्बन्ध कायम गर्दै आएको छ । विभिन्न अनुभव तथा योग्यता बोकेका सम्पूर्ण तहका कर्मचारी तथा ग्राहक वर्गहरूसँगको सम्बन्ध विस्तारको साथै, निक्षेपकर्ताहरू, विभिन्न बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरूसँग प्रत्यक्ष र अप्रत्यक्ष रुपमा सम्बद्ध व्यक्ति तथा संघसंस्थाहरूसँग यस संस्थाको सौहार्दपूर्ण सम्बन्ध रहदै आएको छ ।

आगामी दिनहरूमा पिन औद्योगिक तथा व्यवसायिक सम्बन्धलाई अभ्र विस्तार र व्यवहारिक रुपमा अगाडी बढाउँदै लगिने छ।

(ङ) सञ्चालक समितिमा भएको हेरफेर र सोको कारण :

हाल सात सदस्यीय संचालक समिति कार्यरत छ र यस समितिमा निम्नअनुसार सदस्यहरु रहेका छन् :

٩.	श्री ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई (प्रतिनिधि:-स्वाबलम्बी इन्भेष्टमेन्ट प्रा.लि.)	अध्यक्ष
٦.	श्री विनोद कुमार सुवेदी	सञ्चालक
₹.	श्री दुर्गा थापा	सञ्चालक
४.	श्री सुदिप घिमिरे	सञ्चालक
ሂ.	श्री सुजन अधिकारी(प्रतिनिधि:-नेपा पेट्रोलियम ट्रेड लिंक्स प्रा.लि.)	सञ्चालक
€.	श्री जंग बहादुर हमाल	सञ्चालक
૭.	श्री दिनेश कुमार बतौला (प्रतिनिधि:-पद्मोदय प्रा.लि.)	सञ्चालक

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी निर्देशनमा तोकिएका आचरणहरु यस संस्थाका सञ्चालक सदस्यहरुद्धारा पालना गरिएको छ।

(च) व्यवस्थापनमा भएको हेरफेर

हाल व्यवस्थापनमा निम्न पदाधिकारीहरुद्वारा संस्था सञ्चालन भईरहेको छ ।



ऋ.स.	पद	नाम
٩.	प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत	श्री टिका निधि लोहनी
₹.	नायव महाप्रबन्धक	श्री विनोद राज पौडेल
ą .	प्रबन्धक	श्री सुभास श्रेष्ठ
٧.	प्रबन्धक	श्री चुडामणी खनाल

यस संस्थाका नायव प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत श्री गोकर्ण प्रसाद दुवाडीले मिति २०८१।०५।१३ देखि लागुहुने गरि आफ्नो पदबाट राजिनामा दिई कार्यालयको सेवाबाट अलग हुनुभएको छ ।

(छ) कारोवारलाई असर पार्ने मुख्य कुराहरू :

संस्थाको कारोवारलाई असर पार्ने प्रमुख जोखिमहरु निम्नानुसार रहेका छन् :

आन्तरिक समस्या तथा चुनौती

भर्खरै पुर्नगठन भएको कारण संस्थाको सम्पुर्ण अवयवहरु पुर्ण रुपमा स्थापित अभै भईसकेको छैन । संस्थाको शाखा सञ्जाल सानो रहेको, ग्राहक आधार सांगुरो रहेको दक्ष कर्मचारीको अभाव रहेको लगायतका कारण व्यवसाय विस्तार आवश्यकता अनुसार हुन सकेको छैन ।

बाह्य समस्या तथा चुनौती

इ.स. २०१९ को विश्वव्यापी रुपमा फैलिएको कोरोनाको महामारीका पश्चात देशको अर्थतन्त्रमा नकारात्मक असर पर्न गई मुलुकको समग्र अर्थतन्त्रमा नकारात्मक असर परिरहेको छ । देशमा लामो समय तरलता संकुचनको अवस्था कायम रहेको र व्याजदर बढ्ने अवस्था रहेको थियो र गत वर्षको तेस्रो त्रैमास पश्चात अत्यधिक तरलताको स्थिति सिर्जना भएको थियो । जसले गर्दा निक्षेप र कर्जाको विस्तारमा कमी हुन गएको छ । विद्यमान चुनौती तथा आइपर्ने समस्या समाधानका उपायहरुबारे व्यवस्थापन तथा संचालक समितिले समय समयमा समिक्षा गरी रणिनिति बनाई सोको निराकरणको उपाय अवलम्बन गरी सोहि अनुसार कार्य गरिएको छ । घरजग्गा व्यवसाय, सहकारी लगायतका क्षेत्रमा देखिएको प्रतिकुलताको दवाव समग्र वित्तिय क्षेत्रमा विस्तार भएको छ र कर्जाको मागमा कमी आएको छ ।

(ज) लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा कुनै कैफियत भएको भए सो उपर सञ्चालक सिमतिको प्रतिक्रिया :

लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा नियमित कारोबारका क्रममा सुधारको लागि दिइएका सुभावहरु बाहेक अरु कुनै नकारात्मक कुरा देखिएको छैन। लेखापरीक्षकबाट प्राप्त सुभावहरू अनुरूप सुधार गर्न सञ्चालक समिति सदैव क्रियाशील रहेको छ। लेखा परीक्षण प्रतिवेदनमा उल्लेख भएका विषहरुलाई क्रमशः सुधार गर्दै लगिने तथा प्राप्त सुभावहरू अनुरूप कार्य गरिने व्यहोरा शेयर धनी महानुभावहरुलाई जानकारी गराउँन चाहान्छु।

(भा) लाभांश बाँडफाँड गर्न सिफारीस गरिएको रकम :

नभएको ।

(ञ) शेयर जफत भएको भए जफत भएको शेयर सङ्ख्या, त्यस्तो शेयरको अंकित मूल्य, त्यस्तो शेयर जफत हुनु भन्दा अगावै सो वापत कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जम्मा रकम र त्यस्तो शेयर जफत भएपिछ सो शेयर विक्री गरी कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको रकम तथा जफत भएको शेयर रकम फिर्ता गरेको भए सो को विवरण :

संस्थाको क्नै शेयर जफत भएको छैन।

(ट) विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनी र यसको सहायक कम्पनीको प्रगति र सो आर्थिक वर्षको अन्तमा रहेको स्थितिको पुनरावलोकन :

संस्थाको कुनै सहायक कम्पनी नभएको।



(ठ) कम्पनी तथा त्यसको सहायक कम्पनीले आर्थिक वर्षमा सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवारहरू र सो अविधमा कम्पनीको कारोबारमा आएको कुनै महत्वपूर्ण परिवर्तन :

कम्पनीले अर्थिक वर्षमा सम्पन्न गरेको प्रमुख कारोवारहरु र सो अविधमा कम्पनीको कारोवारमा आएको महत्वपुर्ण परिवर्तनहरु बुँदा नं. (क) मा प्रस्तुत गरिएको छ । संस्थाको कुनै सहायक कम्पनी रहेको छैन ।

(ड) विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीका आधारभूत शेयरधनीहरूले कम्पनीलाई उपलब्ध गराएको जानकारी :

त्यस प्रकारको क्नै जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको ।

(ढ) विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीको सञ्चालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरूले लिएको शेयर स्वामित्वको विवरण र कम्पनीको शेयर कारोवारमा निजहरू संलग्न रहेको भए सो सम्बन्धमा निजहरूबाट कम्पनीले प्राप्त गरेको जानकारी :

विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा यस संस्थाका सञ्चालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरूले लिएको शेयर स्वामित्वको विवरण यस प्रकार रहेको छ।

ऋ.सं.	सञ्चालक तथा पदाधिकारीहरूको नाम	पद	शेयर सङ्ख्या
٩	श्री ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई (प्रतिनिधि:-स्वाबलम्बी इन्भेष्टमेन्ट प्रा.लि.)	अध्यक्ष	9,000
२	श्री विनोद कुमार सुवेदी	सञ्चालक	२,२५०
३	श्री सुदिप घिमिरे	सञ्चालक	७२,०५०
8	श्री सुजन अधिकारी (प्रतिनिधि:-नेपा पेट्रोलियम ट्रेड लिंक्स प्रा.लि.)	सञ्चालक	१२०,१४७
X	श्रीमित दुर्गा थापा	सञ्चालक	३००
Ę	श्री जंग बहादुर हमाल	स्वतन्त्र सञ्चालक	-
૭	श्री दिनेश कुमार बर्तौला (प्रतिनिधि:पद्मोदय प्रा.लि.)	सञ्चालक	१२,६८६
5	श्री टिका निधि लोहनी	प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत	३३,१९१

निजहरू यस संस्थाको शेयर कारोवारमा संलग्न रहनु भएको छैन ।

(ण) विगत आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीसँग सम्बन्धित सम्भौताहरूमा कुनै सञ्चालक तथा निजको नजिकको नातेदारको व्यक्तिगत स्वार्थका बारेमा उपलब्ध गराइएको जानकारीको व्यहोरा :

त्यस्तो जानकारी उपलब्ध भएको छैन ।

(त) कम्पनीले आफ्नो शेयर आफैंले खरिद गरेको भए त्यसरी आफ्नो शेयर खरिद गर्नुको कारण, त्यस्तो शेयरको सङ्ख्या र अंकित मूल्य तथा त्यसरी शेयर खरिद गरेबापत कम्पनीले भुक्तानी गरेको रकम :

हालसम्म संस्थाले आफ्नो शेयर आफैंले खरिद गरेको छैन।

(थ) आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली भए वा नभएको, भए सो को विस्तृत विवरण :

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकद्वारा जारी निर्देशन बमोजिम विनिमय तथा नीतिहरू तर्जुमा गरी सोको अधिनमा रही यस वित्तीय संस्थाले कार्य गर्दै आएको छ । संस्थामा विद्यमान कर्जा लगानी नीति, निक्षेप संकलन नीति, नगद परिचालन नीति, कर्मचारी विनियमावली, आर्थिक प्रसाशन विनियमावली तथा कर्जा अपलेखन नीति बमोजिम कार्यहरू सञ्चालन भइरहेको छ । विद्यमान विनियमावलीहरुलाई समय सापेक्ष हुने गरि परिमार्जन, अध्यावधिक गर्ने प्रिक्रया भैरहेको छ । संस्थागत सुशासन कार्यान्वयन, जोखिम व्यवस्थापन तथा आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीको समग्र व्यवस्थाका लागि सञ्चालक समितिका सदस्यहरूको नेतृत्वमा निम्नानसारका समितिहरू गठन गरिएका छन् ।

- १. लेखापरीक्षण समिति
- २. कर्मचारी सेवा स्विधा समिति
- ३. जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति



४. सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण निवारण सम्बन्धी समिति

साथै, व्यवस्थापन तहमा पिन विभिन्न अन्य सिमिति तथा उप सिमितिहरु कार्यरत छन् । प्रत्येक त्रैमासमा आन्तरिक लेखा परिक्षण प्रतिवेदन लेखा परिक्षण सिमितिमा दफावार छलफल भई निर्देशन दिने काम भएको छ । लेखापरिक्षणबाट प्राप्त निर्देशन कार्यान्वयनको लागि संरचनागत प्रणाली स्थापित गरिएको छ । सुचना प्रविधिको वार्षिक लेखा परिक्षण गरिएको छ । अनुपालना र जोखिम व्यवस्थापन विभाग कार्यरत छ ।

(द) विगत आर्थिक बर्षको कुल व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण :

विगत आर्थिक वर्षहरूमा यस संस्थाको कुल व्यवस्थापन खर्च देहायबमोजिम रहेको जानकारी गराउँदछौं।

व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण	आ.व.२०८० / ८१	आ.व.२०७९ / ८०
कर्मचारी खर्च	७,०९,३७,६३१ / -	६,२८,८४,२७६
कार्यालय सञ्चालन खर्च	४,७७,९३,९७४/-	५,२८,८९,८२०
कुल व्यवस्थापन खर्च	१२,८७,३१,६० ६ /-	११,५७,७४,०९६

(ध) लेखापरीक्षण समितिका सदस्यहरूको नामावली, निजहरूले प्राप्त गरेको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता तथा सुविधा, सो समितिले गरेको काम कारवाहीको विवरण र सो समितिले कुनै सुक्षाव दिएको भए सोको विवरण :

सञ्चालक सिमितिले गैर कार्यकारी सञ्चालक श्री सुजन अधिकारीको संयोजकत्वमा गैर कार्यकारी सञ्चालक दिनेश कुमार वर्तीला सदस्य रहने र लेखापरिक्षण विभागको प्रमुख श्री रमेश घिमिरे सदस्य सिचव रहने गरि तीन सदस्यीय लेखापरीक्षण सिमिति गठन गरेको छ।

लेखापरीक्षण सिमितिका संयोजक तथा सदस्यहरूलाई बैठक भत्ता बाहेक अन्य कुनै पारिश्वमिक तथा सुविधा प्रदान गरिएको छैन । हाल कर्मचारी सदस्य बाहेक संयोजक र सदस्यलाई प्रति बैठक भत्ता रू. ४,०००/- उपलब्ध गराइएको छ । आर्थिक वर्ष २०५०/६९ मा लेखापरीक्षण सिमितिको बैठक १४ पटक बसेको छ ।

यस बर्षमा उक्त समितिले निम्न बमोजिमका कार्यहरु सम्पादन गरेको छ।

- वित्तीय संस्थाको लेखा, बजेट तथा आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षण कार्यविधि, आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण व्यवस्था पालना भए नभएको अनुगमन तथा सुपरिवेक्षण गरेको,
- २. लेखा र बहीखाताको आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षण त्रैमाशिक रुपमा गराएको र त्यस्ता कागजात प्रचलित कानून, राष्ट्र बैंकको नियमन तथा निर्देशन बमोजिम ठीकसँग तयार भएको भिन यकीन गरेको,
- ३. वित्तीय संस्थामा लागू भएको प्रचलित कानून पूर्ण रुपमा पालना भएको छ भनी विश्वस्त हुन संस्थाको व्यवस्थापन र सञ्चालनको नियमित व्यवस्थापकीय तथा कार्य सम्पादनको परीक्षण गराएको,
- ४. वित्तीय संस्थामा बैंक तथा वित्तिय संस्था सम्बन्धी ऐन र नियम बमोजिम काम कारबाही भए नभएको अनुगमन गरि सोको प्रतिवेदन सञ्चालक समिति समक्ष पेश गरेको,
- ४. २०८०/८१ को बाह्य लेखापरिक्षकको नियक्तिको लागि लेखापरीक्षकको नाम सिफारिस गरेको,
- ६. सञ्चालक समितिबाट माग गरिएको विषयमा राय दिएको,
- ७. आन्तिरिक लेखापरीक्षण, बाह्य लेखापिरक्षण, नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकको स्थलगत सुपिरवेक्षण र सुचना प्रविधि लेखापिरक्षणमा औंत्याइएका विषयहरुमा आविधक रुपमा समीक्षा गरी सो सम्बन्धमा अपनाउनु पर्ने कदम बारे व्यवस्थापनलाई आवश्यक निर्देशन दिएको र सो सम्बन्धी स्फाव सञ्चालक समितिमा पेश गरेको,
- बाह्य लेखापरीक्षण प्रतिवेदन सम्बन्धमा छलफल भएको,
- ९. त्रैमासिक वित्तीय अवस्थाको विश्लेषण गरी सञ्चालक समिति समक्ष प्रतिवेदन पेश गरेको,



- १०. संस्थाको वित्तीय स्थिति, आन्तिरिक नियन्त्रण र जोखिम व्यवस्थापन र आन्तिरिक लेखापरीक्षण कार्यक्रम आदि बारे नियमित समीक्षा गर्ने गरेको ।
- (न) सञ्चालक, प्रबन्ध सञ्चालक, कम्पनीको आधारभुत शेयरधनी वा निजको निजको नातेदार वा निज संलग्न रहेको फर्म कम्पनी वा सङ्गठित संस्थाले कम्पनीलाई कुनै रकम बुभाउन बाँकी भए सो कुरा :

नभएको ।

(प) सञ्चालक, प्रबन्ध सञ्चालक, कार्यकारी प्रमुख तथा पदाधिकारीहरूलाई भुक्तानी गरिएको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता तथा सुविधाको रकम :

यस संस्थाको सञ्चालक समितिको बैठकमा उपस्थित भएबापत प्रति बैठक भत्ता सञ्चालक समितिको अध्यक्षलाई रु. ५,०००/- र सञ्चालकहरूलाई रु. ४,०००/- एवम् मोवाइल सुविधा बापत मासिक रु. ३,०००/- र पत्रपित्रका सुविधा बापत मासिक रु. १,०००/- सञ्चालक समितिको अध्यक्ष र सञ्चालकहरूलाई उपलब्ध गराइएको छ ।

संचालक समितिका सदस्यहरुलाई आ.व. २०८०/८१ मा जम्मा रू ६७१,०००/- भत्ता बापत र रु २६८,०००/- सुविधा बापत भुक्तानी गरिएको छ। उपरोक्त भत्ता तथा सुविधाहरूमा प्रचलित कानून अनुसार करकट्टी गरेर मात्र भुक्तानी गर्ने गरिएको छ।

प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत तथा पदाधिकारीहरूलाई नियुक्तिका शर्त तथा कर्मचारी विनियमावली अनुसारका पाउनु पर्ने सुविधाहरू प्रदान गरिएको छ:

विवरण	प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत	अन्य प्रमुख व्यवस्थापकहरु
तलव, भत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधाहरु	४६,३२,०००/-	<i>५२,२</i> ५,१८३

(फ) शेयरधनीहरूले बुिकलिन बाँकी रहेको लाभांशको रकम:

यस संस्थाले घोषणा गरेको लाभांश मध्ये प्रतिवेदन तयार गर्दाको आ.व. २०८०/८१ सम्ममा शेयरधनीहरूबाट लाभांशबापतको रकम रु. १,३७,०८२ बभिनलिन बाँकी रहेको छ ।

(ब) कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा १४१ बमोजिम सम्पत्ती खरिद वा बिक्री गरेको कुराको विवरण :

आ.व. २०८०/८१ मा संस्थाले क्नै पनि घरजग्गा खरिद तथा बिक्री गरेको छैन ।

(भ) कम्पनी ऐनको दफा १७५ बमोजिम सम्बद्ध कम्पनीबीच भएको कारोवारको विवरण :

नभएको ।

(म) कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ तथा प्रचलीत कानून बमोजिम सञ्चालक समितिको प्रतिवेदनमा खुलाउनुपर्ने कुराहरू :

यसै प्रतिवेदनको सान्दर्भिक बुँदाहरूमा खुलाइएको ।



समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेडको

धितोपत्र दर्ता तथा निष्काशन नियमावली २०७३ को नियम २६ (२) सँग सम्बन्धित अन्य विवरणहरू

311.d. 20C0/0C9

१. संचालक समितिको प्रतिवेदन :

वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा संलग्न गरिएको ।

२. लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन :

वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा सम्बद्ध शीर्षक अन्तर्गत राखिएको ।

३. लेखापरीक्षण भएको वित्तीय विवरण :

बार्षिक प्रतिवेदनमा सम्बद्ध शीर्षक अन्तर्गत राखिएको ।

४. कानुनी कारबाही सम्बन्धि विवरण :

(क) यस अवधिमा संगठित संस्थाले वा संस्थाको विरुद्ध कुनै मुद्दा दायर भएको भए :

ऋण असुली सँग सम्बन्धित मद्धाहरु दायर भएको र विचाराधिन रहेको ।

(ख) संगठित संस्थाको संस्थापक वा संचालकले वा संस्थापक वा संचालकको विरुद्धमा प्रचलित नियमको अवज्ञा वा फौज्दारी अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुनै मुद्दा दायर गरेको वा भएको भए :

यस सम्बन्धमा त्यस्तो मुद्दा दर्ता भएको वा गरेको जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको।

(ग) कुनै संस्थापक वा सञ्चालक विरुद्ध आर्थिक अपराध गरेको सम्बन्धमा कुनै मुद्दा दायर भएको भए :

यस सम्बन्धमा त्यस्तो मृद्दा दर्ता भएको वा गरेको जानकारी प्राप्त नभएको।

५. संगठित संस्थाको शेयर कारोबार तथा प्रगतिको विश्लेषण :

(क) धितोपत्र बजारमा भएको संगठित संस्थाको शेयरको कारोबार सम्बन्धमा व्यवस्थापनको धारणा :

यस कम्पनीको शेयर माग र आपूर्तिको आधारमा मूल्य निर्धारण हुने गरी नेपाल धितोपत्र विनिमय बजारमा कारोबार भइरहेको छ । शेयर बजारमा आउने उतारचढाव सँगै यस कम्पनीको शेयर मूल्यमा पनि परिवर्तन हुने गरेको छ ।

(ख) आ.व. २०८०/०८१ को प्रत्येक त्रैमासिक अविधमा संगठित संस्थाको शेयरको अधिकतम, न्यूनतम र अन्तिम मूल्यका साथै कुल कारोबार शेयर संख्या र कारोबार दिन :

ऋम संख्या	त्रैमास	अधिकतम मूल्य रु	न्यूनतम मूल्य रु	अन्तिम मूल्य रु	कुल कारोबार शेयर संख्या	कारोबार दिन
٩	प्रथम	३३५.००	२६०.००	२६६.७०	९,८८,६८९	६१
२	दोस्रो	३२२.००	२५४.००	39 Y.00	८,८९,४७८	४९
n	तेस्रो	३३६.००	२९६.००	३२३.८०	२२,३८,८९२	५८
8	चौथो	४६९.००	₹90.00	४६०.००	५१,७६,८१२	६१



६. समस्या र चुनौती :

आन्तरिक समस्या तथा चुनौती :

- बैंक तथा वित्तिय संस्थाहरु बीच हुने तिब्र प्रतिस्पर्धा
- साँघ्रो ग्राहक आधार र व्यवसाय विस्तारको च्नौती
- संस्थाको सानो शाखा सञ्जाल तथा दक्ष्य जनशक्तिहरुको अभाव
- सूचना प्रविधिका पुर्वाधारहरुमा बढ्दो लगानी

बाह्य समस्या तथा चुनौती

- (क) समग्र अर्थतन्त्रमा देखिएको नैरास्यता, सहकारी क्षेत्र र लघुवित्तमा देखिएका आर्थिक असर, घरजग्गा तगायत अन्य व्यवसायमा परेको प्रभावका कारण समयमै कर्जा असुली तथा व्याज भुक्तान हुन नसकी निष्कृय कर्जा बढ्ने चुनौती रहेको छ । यस्तो किसिमको प्रभावका साथै नीति नियममा हुने परिवर्तनले गर्दा संस्थाको व्यवसाय बृद्धिमा प्रभाव पारेको छ । बाह्य अर्थतन्त्रको प्रभावले कुनै समयमा निक्षेपको कमी भई तरलताको अभाव हुने र कुनै समय अधिक तरलता भई कर्जाको मागमा कमी हुने भएकोले व्यवसाय बृद्धिमा प्रभाव परिरहेको छ ।
- (ख) समस्या समाधानका लागि व्यवस्थापनले अवलम्बन गरेको नीति : नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकले निर्धारण गरे बमोजिम सिमा भित्र रहेर कारोवार गर्ने गरिएको छ । विविध आन्तरिक तथा वाह्य चुनौति एवं समस्या समाधान गर्न सञ्चालक समितिले समय समयमा समिक्षा गरि रणनिति बनाइ उपाय अबलम्बन गर्ने गरेको छ ।

दिर्घकालिन र भरपर्दो व्यवसाय बिस्तारका लागि Retail Business लाई प्राथमिकतामा राखी रणनैतिक योजना बनाई वर्षान्तको शुरुवात देखिनै लागु गरिएको छ ।

दक्ष जनशक्ति विकासका निम्ति कर्मचारीहरुलाई समय सापेक्ष आन्तिरिक तथा वाह्य तालिम प्रदान गिरने र उनिहरुलाई दिर्घकालिन रुपमा कायम राख्न समय सापेक्ष सुविधाहरु प्रदान गर्दै जाने नीति लिइएको छ । तरलताको जोखिमलाई न्युनीकरण गर्न व्याजदरमा समसामियक रुपमा समायोजन गरिएको छ । आधुनिक र नयाँ प्रविधिको प्रयोगमा प्राथिमिकताका साथ लागिएको, कर्जामा विविधिकरणको योजना अपनाई Retail Banking मा केन्द्रित भई ब्याज आम्दानीमा जोड दिईएको छ ।

७. संस्थागत सुशासन :

बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्विन्ध ऐन २०७३, नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी गिरएको एकीकृत निर्देशन, पिरपत्रहरु, धितो पत्र ऐन र सो ऐन अनुसार जारी भएको नियमावली, विनियमावलीहरु तथा निर्देशनहरु, नेपाल स्टक एक्सचेञ्ज लिमिटेडबाट जारी गिरएको निर्देशनहरु तथा प्रचिलत कानुनहरुको पिरपालना गिरएको छ । कारोवारलाई चुस्त बनाउन व्यवस्थापन समिति (MANCO), जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिती (Risk Management Committee), सम्पत्ती / दाियत्व व्यवस्थापन समिति (ALCO) लगायतका विभिन्न समितिहरु क्रियाशिल रहेका छन् ।संस्थाको लेखापरीक्षकबाट प्राप्त भएको सल्लाह सुभावलाई पिरपालना गर्दै संस्थागत सुशासन कायम गर्न सञ्चालक समिति र व्यवस्थापन प्रतिवद्ध रहेको छ ।



समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड, हेटौडा, मकवानपुर

कम्पनी ऐन, २०६३ को दफा ७८ वमोजिमको विवरण

आ.व २०८०/८१

(क) बाँडफाँड भएको शेयर संख्या :

(ख) बाँडफाँड भएको शेयर मध्ये चुक्ता भएको र नभएको शेयर संख्या :

बाँडफाँड भएको सम्पूर्ण शेयरको रकम चुक्ता भएको छ।

(ग) कम्पनीको सञ्चालक, प्रबन्ध सञ्चालक, लेखापरीक्षक, कार्यकारी प्रमुख, प्रबन्धकको विवरण र निजहरुलाई भूक्तान गरिएको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता तथा सुविधाहरुको रकम :

ऋ.सं.	नाम, थर	पद	भत्ता	सुविधा
٩.	ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई	अध्यक्ष	९४,०००/-	٧ 5 ,000/-
٦.	बिनोद कुमार सुवेदी	सञ्चालक	९२,०००/-	۲ <u>-,</u> 000/-
₹.	सुजन अधिकारी	सञ्चालक	૧७६,૦૦૦ / -	٧ 5 ,000/-
8.	दुर्गा थापा	सञ्चालक	१३२,००० /-	۲ <u>-,</u> 000/-
ሂ.	जंग बहादुर हमाल	स्वतन्त्र सञ्चालक	१,०८,०००/-	۲ <u>-,</u> 000/-
٤.	सुदिप घिमिरे	सञ्चालक	20,000/-	१२,००० /-
<u>.</u>	दिनेश कुमार बर्तीला	सञ्चालक	٧ 5 ,000/-	१६,००० /-
5.	एच.डी.एस.डी. एसोसिएट्स	लेखा परीक्षक		४,१८,१०० /-
٩.	टिका निधि लोहनी	प्र.का.अ.		४६,३२,०००/-
90.	गोकर्ण प्रसाद दुवाडी	ना.प्र.का.अ.		२७,८४,८३३/-
99.	विनोद राज पौडेल	ना.म.प्र		२४,४०,३५०/-
92.	सुवाष श्रेष्ठ	प्रबन्धक		१२,७१,०८८/-
१ ३.	चुडामणि खनाल	प्रबन्धक		१२,५६,१६४/-

(घ) कम्पनीको २०८१ असार मसान्तसम्मको चुक्ता पूँजीको पाँच प्रतिशत वा सो भन्दा बढी शेयर खरिद गरी लिने व्यक्ति वा संगठित संस्थाको नाम र निजहरूको नाममा रहेको शेयर वा डिवेञ्चरको विवरण :

कृ.सं.	शेयरवालाको नाम	शेयर संख्या
٩	शिव प्रसाद घिमिरे	७,२०,८८२ कित्ता
२	इन्द्र बहादुर थापा	४,४९,०५५ कित्ता
२	भेषराज लोहनी	४,७७,६५२ कित्ता
3	सुचित्रा सिजापती	४,१०,४४१ कित्ता

(ङ) शेयर विकीबाट प्राप्त भएको जम्मा रकम र सम्बन्धित आर्थिक वर्षमा कम्पनीले खरिद गरेको तथा जारी गरेको नयाँ शेयर तथा डिबेञ्चरको विवरण :

यस आ.व. मा कुनै नयाँ शेयर तथा डिबेन्चर जारि गरिएको छैन।



(च) सञ्चालक वा आधारभूत शेयरधनी वा निजका निजका नातेदारले कम्पनीलाई बुक्ताउन बाँकी रहेको रकम :

संचालक वा आधारभूत शेयरधनी वा निजका निजका नातेदारले कुनै पनि रकम बुक्ताउन बाँकी नरहेको।

(छ) शेयर विकी वा अन्य कुनै काम गरे बापत दिएको वा दिनु पर्ने रकम :

शेयर बिक्रि वा अन्य क्नै काम गरेबापत दिन् पर्ने रकम छैन।

(ज) बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुवाट लिएको ऋण तथा बुभाउन बाँकी रहेको साँवा तथा ब्याजको रकम :

बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाहरुवाट लिएको ऋण तथा बुफाउन बाँकी रकम छैन।

(भ्रा)कम्पनीले भुक्तानी लिनु पर्ने वा कम्पनीले अन्य व्यक्तिलाई भुक्तानी गर्नु पर्ने भनी दावी गरिएको रकम वा यस विषयमा मुद्दा मामिला चलिरहेको भए त्यसको विवरण :

नियमित ऋण असुलिको क्रममा भएका मुद्दा मामिला वाहेक कम्पनीले भुक्तानी लिनु पर्ने वा कम्पनीले अन्य व्यक्तिलाई भुक्तानी गर्नु पर्ने रकम वा मुद्दा मामिला नभएको ।

(अ) कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा कार्यरत तथा अन्य स्तरका कर्मचारी वा कामदारको संख्या :

व्यवस्थापन, स्थायी, अस्थायी, करार र प्रशिक्षार्थी गरी जम्मा १०५ जना कर्मचारीहरु कार्यरत रहेका छन्।

(ट) कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापनमा कार्यरत तथा अन्य स्तरमा कार्यरत विदेशीहरुको संख्या तथा निजहरुलाई भुक्तान गरिएको पारिश्रमिक, भत्ता, तथा सुविधा :

कम्पनीको व्यवस्थापन तथा अन्य कुनै पनि स्तरमा विदेशीहरु लाई नियुक्त गरिएको छैन ।

(ठ) कम्पनी र कुनै विदेशी निकाय वा व्यक्तिहरु बीच लगानी, व्यवस्थापन वा प्राविधिक सेवा वा अन्य विषयमा एक वर्ष भन्दा वढी अविधको लागि कुनै सम्भौता गरिएको भए सो को विवरण र सम्वन्धीत आर्थिक बर्षमा त्यस्तो सम्भौता अनुसार भुक्तान गरिएको लाभांश, किमशन , शुल्क दस्तुर, र रोयल्टी आदिको विवरण :

छैन ।

(ड) कम्पनीको आ.व. २०८०/८१ को व्यवस्थापन खर्चको विवरण :

ऋ.सं.	विवरण	रकम (रु.)
٩.	कर्मचारी खर्च	७,०९,३७,६३१ / -
₹.	अन्य व्यवस्थापन	४,७७,९३,९७४/-
	जम्मा	१२,८७,३१,६०६ /-

(विस्तृत विवरण लेखापरीक्षण भएको बार्षिक वित्तीय विवरणमा उल्लेख गरिएको)

(ढ) शेयरधनीहरुले बुिकालिन बाँकी रहेको लाभांशको रकम :

शेयरधनीहरुले बुक्तिलिन बाँकी रहेको लाभांश रकम रु. १३७,०८२।- रहेको ।

(ण) कम्पनीले यस ऐन तथा प्रचलित कानुनको पालना पूर्ण रुपमा गरेको छ भन्ने कुराको उद्घोषण :

कम्पनीले ऐन तथा प्रचलित कानूनको पालना पूर्ण रुपले गरेको छ।

(त) अन्य आवश्यक कुरा :

केही नभएको।



संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धी वार्षिक अनुपालना प्रतिवेदन

(नेपाल धितोपत्र बोर्डबाट जारी सूचीकृत संगठित संस्थाहरूको संस्थागत सुशासन सम्बन्धि निर्देशिका, २०७४ बमोजिम)

सुचीकृत सङ्गठित संस्थाको नाम	समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड
ठेगाना इमेल र वेभसाइट सहित	ठेगाना : रजिष्टर्ड कार्यालय हेटौंडा १, मकवानपुर
	Email: info@sfcl.com.np, Website: www.sfcl.com.np
फोन नं.	०५७-५२५१००,०५७-५२३२२९
प्रतिवेदन पेश गरिएको आ.व.	आ.व. २०८०/०८१

१. संचालक समिति सम्बन्धि विवरण

(क) संचालक समितिको अध्यक्षको नाम र नियुक्ति मिति :

नाम : श्री ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई नियुक्ती मिति : २०७८/९/३०

(ख) संस्थाको सेयर संरचना सम्बन्धी विवरण :

क.स.	शेयर संरचना	अनुपात
٩.	संस्थापक समुह	५९.३७
₹.	सर्वसाधारण समुह	४०.६३
	जम्मा	900

(ग) संचालक समिति सम्बन्धी विवरण :

सि. नं.	नाम	पद	प्रतिनिधित्व भएको समुह	शेयर संख्या	नियुक्ति भएको मिति	पद तथा गोपनियताको शपथ लिएको मिति	संचालक नियुक्तिको तरीका (विधि)
٩.	श्री ठाकुर प्रसाद भट्टराई	अध्यक्ष	संस्थापक समुह (स्वाबलम्बी इन्भेष्टमेन्ट प्रा.लि. को प्रतिनिधि)	۹,000	२०७८/९/३०	२०७८/१०/११	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित
₹.	श्री विनोद कुमार सुवेदी	सञ्चालक	सर्वसाधारण समुह	२,२५०	२०७८/९/३०	२०७८/१०/२१	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित
₹.	श्री सुदिप घिमिरे	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समुह	७२,०५०	२०७९/०९/३०	२०७९/०९/३०	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित
8.	श्री सुजन अधिकारी	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समुह (नेपा पेट्रोलियम ट्रेड लिंक्स प्रा.लि. को प्रतिनिधि)	१२०,१४७	२०७८/९/३०	२०७८/१०/२१	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित
X .	श्रीमति दुर्गा थापा	सञ्चालक	सर्वसाधारण समुह	३००	२०७९/०९/३०	२०७९/०९/३०	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित
Ę.	श्री जंग बहादुर हमाल	सञ्चालक	स्वतन्त्र		२०७९/०१/२७	२०७९/०२/०४	संचालक समिति बाट नियुक्त
૭.	श्री दिनेश कुमार बर्तीला	सञ्चालक	संस्थापक समुह (पद्मोदय प्रा.लि. को प्रतिनिधि)	<i>१२,६</i> न्द	२०८०/१०/१९	२०८०/११/०१	साधारण सभाबाट निर्वाचित



(घ) संचालक समितिको वैठक

१. संचालक समितिको वैठक संचालन सम्बन्धी विवरण

संचालक समितिको बैठक आ.व. २०८०.८१ मा जम्मा १९ पटक बसेको छ। जुन अघिल्लो आ.व. २०७९.८० मा २५ पटक वसेको थियो।

कुनै संचालक सिमितिको वैठक आवश्यक गणपुरक संख्या नपुगी स्थगित भएको भए सोको विवरण - नभएको संचालक सिमितिको वैठक सम्बन्धी अन्य विवरण :

संचालक समितिको बैठकमा संचालक वा वैकल्पिक संचालक उपस्थित भए/नभएको - नभएको अवस्थामा बैठकको मिति सहित कारण खुलाउने):	भएको
संचालक समितिको बैठकमा उपस्थित संचालकहरु, छलफल भएको विषय र तत्सम्बन्धमा भएको निर्णयको विवरण (माईन्युट) को छुट्टै अभिलेख राखे नराखेकोः	राखेको
संचालक समितिको दुई लगातार बसेको बैठकको अधिकतम अन्तर (दिनमा) :	२०८०/१२/०९ देखि २०८१/०१/२५ सम्म, ४६ दिन
संचालक सिमितिको बैठक भत्ता निर्धारण सम्बन्धमा बसेको वार्षिक साधारण सभाको मितिः	२०७९/०९/३०
संचालक समितिको प्रति बैठक भत्ता रु.	अध्यक्ष, ४,००० र सदस्य ४,०००
यस आ.व. (२०८०/०८१) को संचालक सिमितिको कुल बैठक खर्च रु.	रु. ६,७१,०००।-

२. संचालकको आचरण सम्बन्धी तथा अन्य विवरण

संचालकको आचरण सम्बन्धमा सम्बन्धित संस्थाको आचार संहिता भए/नभएको	भएको
एकाघर परिवारको एक भन्दा बढी संचालक भए सो सम्बन्धी विवरण	नभएको

संचालकहरुको वार्षिक रुपमा सिकाई तथा पुनर्ताजगी कार्यक्रम सम्बन्धी विवरण

ऋ.स.	विषय	मिति	सहभागी संचालकको संख्या	तालिम संचालन भएको स्थान
٩.	Knowledge Sharing Program on AML/CFT	२०८०/०५/०८	¥	रोयल सिंगि होटल, कमलादी, काठमाडौं
٦.	Contemporary Issues for Practicing Good Governance	२०८०/०४/२९ र २०८०/०४/३०	Ç V	धुलिखेल भिलेज रिर्सोट, धुलिखेल
₹.	अन्तरिक्रया कार्यक्रम	२०८०/०७/०६	Ę	नेपाल हाउस रेष्टुरेण्ट

३. संस्थाको जोखिम व्यवस्थापन तथा आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली सम्बन्धी विवरण :

क) जोखिम व्यवस्थापनको लागि कुनै समिति गठन भए / नभएको भए सोको कारण :

जोखिम व्यवस्थापनको लागि जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति गठन भएको।

ख) जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति सम्बन्धी जानकारी :

अ) समितिको संरचना (संयोजक तथा सदस्यहरुको नाम तथा पद)

ऋ.सं	जोखिम व्यवस्थापन समिति नाम र पद	समितिमा रहेको पद
٩	श्री सुदिप घिमिरे, सञ्चालक	संयोजक
२	श्री सुजन अधिकारी, सञ्चालक, लेखा परिक्षण सिमिति संयोजक	सदस्य
ą	श्री चुडामणि खनाल, संचालन विभाग प्रमुख	पदेन सदस्य
8	श्री सागर उप्रेती, प्रमुख अनुपालना तथा जोखिम अधिकृत	पदेन सदस्य सिचव



आ) समितिको बैठक संख्या : ११ पटक (आ.व. २०८०/८१)

(ग) आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण कार्यविधि भए/नभएको : भएको

(घ) आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणालीको लागि कुनै समिति गठन भए/नभएको गठन नभएको भए सोको कारण : गठन भएको

(ङ) आन्तरिक नियन्त्रण प्रणाली समिति सम्बन्धी विवरण :

(अ) आन्तरिक समितिहरु

(१) लेखा परिक्षण समिति

ऋ.सं	लेखा परीक्षण सिमिति नाम र पद	समितिमा रहेको पद
٩	श्री सुजन अधिकारी, सञ्चालक	संयोजक
२	श्री दिनेश कुमार बर्तौला, सञ्चालक	सदस्य
ą	श्री रमेश घिमिरे, प्रमुख आन्तरीक लेखा परिक्षण विभाग	सदस्य सचिव

समितिको वैठक संख्या : १४ पटक (आ.व. २०८०.८१)

(२) कर्मचारी व्यवस्थापन तथा सेवा सुविधा समिति

ऋ.सं	कर्मचारी व्यवस्थापन तथा सेवा सुविधा नाम र पद	समितिमा रहेको पद
٩	श्रीमित दुर्गा थापा, सञ्चालक	संयोजक
२	श्री जंग बहादुर हमाल, सञ्चालक	सदस्य
३	श्री टिका निधि लोहनी, प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत	पदेन सदस्य
8	श्री हिमाल ओलि, प्रमुख वित्त अधिकृत	पदेन सदस्य
X	श्री विनोद राज पौडेल, मानव संसाधन विभाग प्रमुख	पदेन सदस्य सचिव

समितिको वैठक संख्या : ६ पटक (आ.व. २०८०.८९)

(३) सम्पत्ति सुद्धिकरण निवारण समिति

ऋ.सं	सम्पत्ती शुद्धिकरण समिति नाम र पद	समितिमा रहेको पद
٩	श्री विनोद कुमार सुवेदी, सञ्चालक	संयोजक
२	श्री जंग बहादुर हमाल, सञ्चालक	सदस्य
ş	श्री सागर उप्रेती, प्रमुख अनुपालना तथा जोखिम अधिकृत	पदेन सदस्य
8	श्री चुडामणि खनाल, कार्यान्वयन अधिकारी	पदेन सदस्य

समितिको वैठक संख्या : ५ पटक (आ.व. २०८०.८१)

(४) व्यवस्थापन समिति

क.स.	नाम	पद
٩.	श्री टिका निधि लोहनी, प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत	अध्यक्ष
٦.	श्री विनोद राज पौडेल, नायव महाप्रवन्धक	सदस्य
₹.	श्री शुभाष श्रेष्ठ, प्रमुख कर्जा अधिकृत	सदस्य
٧.	श्री चुडामणी खनाल, प्रमुख संचालन अधिकृत	सदस्य सचिव

समितिको वैठक संख्या : ८ पटक (आ.व. २०८०.८१)



(५) सम्पत्ति तथा दायित्व ब्यबस्थापन समिति

क.स.	नाम	पद
٩.	श्री विनोद राज पौडेल, नायब महाप्रबन्धक	संयोजक
₹.	श्री शुभाष श्रेष्ठ, प्रमुख व्यवसाय विकास विभाग	सदस्य
₹.	श्री रोशन कुमार शर्मा, का.मु. कर्जा विभाग प्रमुख	सदस्य
8.	श्री सागर गुप्ता, वित्त अधिकृत	सदस्य
X .	श्री हिमाल ओली, प्रमुख वित्त अधिकृत	सदस्य सचिव

समितिको वैठक संख्या : १३ पटक (आ.व. २०८०.८१)

४. सुचना तथा जानकारी प्रवाह सम्बन्धी विवरण

(क) संस्थाले सार्वजिनक गरेको सुचना तथा जानकारी प्रवाहको विवरण :

विषय	माध्यम	सार्वजनिक गरेको मिति	
बार्षिक साधारण सभाको सुचना	पत्रिका	२०८०/०९/०६	
विशेष साधारण सभाको सुचना	विशेष साधारण सभा नभएको	-	
बार्षिक प्रतिवेदन	वेभसाइट	२०८०	/
		विवरण	पत्रिकामा प्रकाशित मिति
	पत्रिका	प्रथम त्रैमास	२०८०/०७/१७
त्रैमासिक प्रतिवेदन		दोस्रो त्रैमास	२०८०/१०/०८
		तेस्रो त्रैमास २०:	२०८१/०१/१०
		चौथो त्रैमास	२०८१/०४/२४
धितोपत्रको मुल्यमा प्रभाव पार्ने मुल्य संवेदनशील सुचना	पत्राचार तुरुन्तै		
अन्य		नभएको	

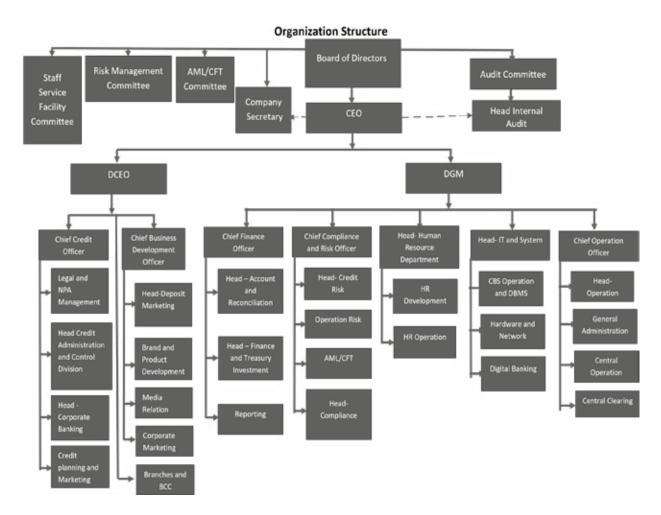
- (ख) सुचना सार्वजनिक नगरेको वा अन्य कारणले धितोपत्र बोर्ड तथा अन्य निकायबाट कारवाहिमा परेको भए सो सम्बन्धी जानकारी : नभएको ।
- (ग) पछिल्लो बार्षिक तथा विशेष साधारण सभा सम्पन्न भएको मिति : २०८०/०९/२८
- ५. संस्थागत संरचना र कर्मचारी सम्बन्धि विवरण
 - क) कर्मचारीहरूको संरचना, वृत्ति विकास, तालिम, तलब, भत्ता तथा अन्य सुविधा, हाजिर र विदा, आचारसंहिता लगायतका कुराहरू समेटिएको कर्मचारी सेवा शर्त विनियमावली व्यवस्था भए नभएको : भएको

ख) सांगठनीक संरचना :

मिति २०८०/०६/०२ गतेको सञ्चालक समितिको ४८३ औं वैठकबाट पास भएको

Approved by Board of Director's meeting number 483 as on 2080-06-02.





ग) उच्च व्यवस्थापन तहका कर्मचारीहरूको नाम, शैक्षिक योग्यता तथा अनुभव सम्बन्धी विवरण :

ऋ.सं.	कर्मचारीहरूको नाम	शैक्षिक योग्यता	अनुभव
٩.	टिकानिधी लोहनी	स्नातकोत्तर	विगत १८ वर्षदेखि बैिकङ, व्यवस्थापन, अनुसन्धान, बाणिज्य र शैक्षिक क्षेत्रमा नेतृत्व तहमा काम गरेको
٦.	बिनोद राज पौडेल	स्नात्तकोत्तर	विगत १७ वर्ष देखि वित्तीय संस्थामा उच्च व्यवस्थापिकय पदमा रही कार्य गरेको ।
₹.	सुभाष श्रेष्ठ	स्नातक	विगत १९ वर्षदेखि बैंक वित्तीय संस्थामा व्यवस्थापिकय पदमा रही कार्य गरेको ।
٧.	चुडामणी खनाल	स्नातकोत्तर	वित्तीय संस्थामा १४ वर्षको कार्यानुभव

घ) कर्मचारी सम्बन्धी अन्य विवरण :

	T
संरचना अनुसार कर्मचारी पदपूर्ति गर्ने गरे/नगरेको :	गरेको
नयाँ कर्मचारीहरूको पदपूर्ति गर्दा अपनाएको प्रकृया :	विज्ञापन, अन्तरवार्ता, लिखित परिक्षा
व्यवस्थापन स्तरका कर्मचारीको संख्या :	X
कुल कर्मचारीको संख्या : (२०८१ साल असार मसान्तमा)	१०५
कर्मचारीहरूको सक्सेसन प्लान भए/ नभएको :	भएको
आ.व. कर्मचारीहरूलाई दिइएको तालिम संख्या तथा सम्मिलित कर्मचारीको	तालिम संख्या : ७८
संख्या :	सहभागि संख्या : सबै



आ. व. को कर्मचारी तालिम खर्च रु :	रु. १,२३१,२३७.८८
कुल खर्चमा कर्मचारी खर्चको प्रतिशत :	44.99 %
कुल कर्मचारी खर्चमा कर्मचारी तालीम खर्चको प्रतिशत :	9.98 %

६. संस्थाको लेखा तथा लेखापरिक्षण सम्बन्धी विवरण

(क) लेखासम्बन्धी विवरण

संस्थाको पछिल्लो आ.व. को वित्तिय विवरण NFRS अनुसार तयार गरे/नगरेको, नगरेको भए सोको कारण :	गरेको
संचालक सिमतिबाट पछिल्लो वित्तिय विवरण स्वीकृत भएको मिति :	२०८१/०६/२९
त्रैमासिक वित्तिय विवरण प्रकाशन गरेको मिति :	
प्रथम त्रैमास	२०८०/०७/१७
दोस्रो त्रैमास	२०८०/१०/०८
तेस्रो त्रैमास	२०८१/०१/१०
चौथो त्रैमास	२०८१/०४/२४
अन्तिम लेखापरिक्षण सम्पन्न भएको मिति :	२०८१/०६/२९
साधारण सभाबाट वित्तिय विवरण (आ.व २०७९/८०) स्वीकृत भएको मिति :	२०८०/०८/२५
संस्थाको आन्तरिक लेखा परिक्षण सम्बन्धी विवरण :	
(अ) आन्तरिक रुपमा लेखा परिक्षण गर्ने गरिएको वा वाह्य विज्ञ नियुक्त गर्ने गरिएको	वाह्य विज्ञ नियुक्त गरेको
(आ) वाह्य विज्ञ नियुक्त गरिएको भए सोको विवरण :	बि.आर.एस. न्यौपाने एण्ड कम्पनी, चार्टड एकाउन्टेन्ट्स
(इ) आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षण कित अवधिको गर्ने गरिएको (त्रैमासिक, चौमासिक वा अर्धवार्षिक)	त्रैमासिक

लेखापरिक्षण समितिसम्बन्धी विवरण :

संयोजक तथा सदस्यहरुको नाम, पद तथा योग्यता :

ऋ.सं.	नाम	पद	योग्यता
٩.	श्री सुजन अधिकारी	संयोजक, सञ्चालक	एम. वि. एस., Chartered Accountancy Intermediate Level (semi-qualified CA)
٦.	श्री दिनेश कुमार वर्तीला,	सदस्य, सञ्चालक	एम. वि. एस., Chartered Accountancy PE-II
₹.	श्री रमेश घिमिरे	सदस्य सचिव, प्रमुख आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षण विभाग	स्नात्तकोत्तर

समितिको वैठक संख्या : १४ पटक (आ.व.२०५०/५१)

प्रति वैठक भत्ता रु :	४,००० (संचालक लाई मात्र)
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	विवरण	संचालक समितिमा पेश भएको मिति
लेखापरिक्षण समितिले आफ्नो	प्रथम त्रैमासको प्रतिवेदन	२०८०/०९/०४
काम कारवाहिको प्रतिवेदन संचालक समितिमा पेश गरेको मिति :	दोस्रो त्रैमासको प्रतिवेदन	२०८०/१२/०९
William W. W. W. William .	तेस्रो त्रैमासको प्रतिवेदन	२०८१/०३/२६



७. अन्य विवरण

संस्थाले संचालक तथा निजको तथा निजको एकाघरका परिवारको वित्तीय स्वार्थ भएको व्यक्ति, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्थाबाट ऋण वा सापटी वा अन्य कुनै रुपमा रकम लिए/नलिएको	नलिएको
प्रचलित कानुन बमोजिम कम्पनीको संचालक, शेयरधनी, कर्मचारी, सल्लाहकार, परामर्शदाताको हैसियतमा पाउने सुविधा वा लाभ बाहेकसुचिकृत संङ्गठीत संस्थाको परामर्शदाताले संस्थाको कुनै सम्पत्ति कुनै किसिमले भोगचलन गरे/नगरेको	नगरेको
नियमनकारी निकायले संस्थाको नियमन इजाजतपत्र जारी गर्दा तोकेको शर्तहरुको पालना भए/नभएको	भएको
नियमनकारी निकायले संस्थाको नियमन निरीक्षण वा सुपरीवेक्षण गर्दा संस्थालाई दिइएको निर्देशन पालना भए/नभएको	भएको
संस्था वा संचालक विरुद्ध अदालतमा कुनै मुद्दा चिलरहेको भए सोको विवरण	
(क) संस्थाका सञ्चालक विरुद्ध कुनै मुद्दा चिलरहेको जानकारी नभएको	
(ख) बैंकिङ्ग कसुर, घरवाहाल सम्भौता, कर्जा असुली, अदालतको अवहेलना, जमलसाभी, धितो, दुषित लिखित र लिखत किर्ते सम्बन्धी मुद्दा चलिरहेको छ ।	

परिपालना अधिकृतको नाम : श्री सागर उप्रेती

पद : अनुपालन अधिकृत

संस्थाको छाप :

प्रतिवेदन संचालक सिमितिबाट स्वीकृत मिति : २०८१/०७/०७ (बैठक नं. ५०६)

लेखा परिक्षकबाट प्रमाणित मिति :



H.D.S.D. Associates Chartered Accountants

Ward No-1 Junmarg, House No: 19 Bhagwatibahal, Naxal, Kathmandu, Nepal Phone No: +977-01-4442700

Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Samriddhi Finance Company Limited
Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Samriddhi Finance Company Limited ("the SFCL") which comprises the Statement of Financial Position as at Ashad end, 2081 (15 July, 2024), the Statement of Profit or Loss, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. (Hereafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the SFCL as at Ashad end, 2081 (15 July, 2024), and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Nepal Standards on Auditing (NSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the SFCL in accordance with The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN's) Handbook of The Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and ICAN's Handbook of Code of Ethics for professional accountants. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters (KAM) are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of the audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the KAM to be communicated in our report.





Key Audit Matter

Interest Recognition

The Interest Income of the SFCL has to be recognized on accrual basis and following the Interest Income recognition Guidelines 2019 issued by Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB). Though accrual basis of income recognition is prescribed in general, the guidelines require suspension of interest recognition on accrual basis for loans and advances with overdue of more than 12 months whereas for loans and advances with overdue interest/installment for 3 to 12 months, interest recognition on accrual basis is limited on the basis of result of collateral testing as specified. Given the lack of system capability to suspend recognition of income on the basis of overdue status of loan and fair value of collateral as well as review of fair valuation of collateral on regular basis, manual intervention will be required in interest recognition process and hence create risk of improper application of the guidelines and determination of the Fair Value of the collateral. This may, in turn, have an effect on recognition of interest income the SFCL.

Investment valuation, Identification, and Impairment

Investment of the SFCL comprises of investment in government bonds, T-bills, development bonds and investment in quoted and unquoted equity instruments. The valuation of the aforesaid securities has been done in compliance with NFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and NRB Directive No. 8. The investment in the government and NRB bonds and T-bills should be recognized on reporting date on amortized cost basis whereas other investments in equity instruments, other than those held for trading, should be valued at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

Given the varieties of treatments recommended for valuation of investment based on nature of cash flow, the business model adopted, complexity of calculations and the significance of amount involved in such investments.

Auditor's Response

Our audit approach regarding verification of process of interest recognition included:

- a. Obtaining clear understanding of the process of accrual of interest income on loans and advances in the Core Banking Software of the SFCL.
- b. For fair valuation of collateral, we relied on the latest available engineer's valuation of the collateral and have test checked the hair cut in fair value of collateral as per NRB Income Recognition Guidelines 2019.
- Test check of the Interest Income recognition with manual computation.

Our audit approach regarding verification of process of investment valuation, identification and impairment included:

- a. Review of the investment of the SFCL and its valuation having reference to NFRS issued by the Accounting Standard Board of Nepal and NRB Directive 4 read with NRB Directive 8.
- b. We assessed the nature of expected cash flow of the investments as well as the business model adopted by the management on the basis of available evidence/ circumstances and ensured that classification of investment is commensurate with nature of cash flow and management intention of holding the investment.
- c. For the investment valuation that is done at amortized cost, we checked the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) and amortization schedule on test basis.
- d. For the investment valued through OCI for quoted investment, we ensured that fair valuation has been done at the closing transaction rate in NEPSE as on Ashad end 2081 and for the unquoted investment the fair value has been taken as the published Net Assets Value (NAV).





Impairment of Loans and Advances

As per NRB Unified Directive 4, SFCL shall measure impairment loss on loans and advances at the higher of:

- Amount derived as per norms prescribed by NRB for Loan Loss Provision (LLP), and
- Amount determined by adopting incurred loss mode as per crave out provided on NFRS 9 financial instrument impairment.

Impairment of loan and advances under incurred loss model requires assessment of future cash flows as well as historical loss experiences of portfolio. On the other hand, impairment of loans and advances under NRB norms for LLP require assessment of overdue status of loans and advances and proper utilization of loans for the intended purpose, significant estimates and assumptions used by management in such calculations.

Information Technology (IT) General Controls

The financial information of the SFCL is generated through SFCL IT System's which changes continuously to meet the operating needs of the SFCL and to upgrade the systems of the SFCL.

The IT security of the SFCL will have the direct impact on the financial statements.

Our audit procedures included:

- a. Review individual loan files on sampling basis and also review overdue status of loans and advances by obtaining data from SFCL software and matching the same with NRB 2.2 report.
- b. Reviewed credit files of the sampled borrowers for expected future cash flows from the perspective of utilization of loan and advances for the intended purpose by way of scrutiny of financial statements, account movement, account turnover etc.

We conducted the detail understanding and testing regarding the existing system via enquiry, reperformance and inspection to the extent of our knowledge.

- Reviewed the reports generated by the systems on the sample basis.
- Verified interest income and expenses booking for loan and deposits using SFCL's system on the test basis.
- We relied on the IT Audit conducted by the SFCL.

Information Other than Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

SFCL's Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Report, Report of the Director's Report and Chairman's Statement but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Such information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's Report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read such other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.





Responsibility of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with NFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the SFCL's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the SFCL or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the SFCL's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with NSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with NSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the SFCL's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the SFCL's ability to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our Conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the SFCL to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Companies Act, 2063 and Bank and Financial Institution Act (BAFIA) 2073, we also report:

- a) We have obtained satisfactory information and explanations asked for, which to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account and records as required by prevailing law have been properly maintained except that Non-Performing Loan is yet to be maintained within 5% of total loans and advances.
- c) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2063 and BAFIA, 2073 and they are in agreement with the books of account maintained by the SFCL.
- d) Returns received from branch offices of the SFCL though the statements are independently not audited, were adequate for the purpose of the audit.
- e) We observed that loan have been written off as specified.
- f) The capital fund, risk bearing fund and provision for the possible impairment of assets of the SFCL are adequate considering the Directives issued by Nepal Rastra Bank.
- g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations and from our examination of books of accounts, we have not come across any case where the Board of Directors or any office bearer have acted in contrary to the provision of law, or committed any misappropriation or caused any loss or damage to the SFCL.
- h) The business of the SFCL has been conducted satisfactorily and operated within its jurisdiction.

CA. Hem Krimar I

Partner

H.D.S.D. Associates, Chartered Accountants

Place: Kathmandu

Date: 2081/06/29 (15 October 2024)

UDIN:



Statement of Financial Position

As on Ashad end 2081

Particulars	Note	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	4.1	480,708,517	409,276,934
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	4.2	124,330,689	126,039,696
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	4.3	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	4.4	-	-
Other trading assets	4.5	-	-
Loans and advances to B/FIs	4.6	145,308,364	15,554,506
Loans and advances to customers	4.7	1,441,899,541	1,513,181,054
Investment securities	4.8	501,809,181	315,737,612
Current tax assets	4.9	8,067,763	5,676,865
Investment in subsidiaries	4.10	-	-
Investment in associates	4.11	-	-
Investment property	4.12	130,211,831	113,576,768
Property Plant and Equipment	4.13	133,101,987	141,749,889
Goodwill and Intangible assets	4.14	2,998,803	2,717,783
Deferred tax assets	4.15	37,103,341	25,767,797
Other assets	4.16	39,762,766	35,827,406
Total Assets		3,045,302,782	2,705,106,312
Liabilities			
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	4.17	153,969,560	354,755,041
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	4.18	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	4.19	-	-
Deposits from customers	4.20	2,305,546,370	1,610,643,985
Borrowing	4.21	-	-
Current Tax Liabilities	4.9	-	-
Provisions	4.22	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	4.15	-	-
Other liabilities	4.23	115,064,121	105,849,931
Debt securities issued	4.24	-	-
Subordinated Liabilities	4.25	-	-
Total Liabilities		2,574,580,051	2,071,248,957



Equity			
Share Capital	4.26	818,911,400	818,911,400
Share premium		19,703,286	19,703,286
Retained Earnings		(618,320,598)	(439,269,534)
Reserves	4.27	250,428,643	234,512,204
Total Equity Attributable To Equity Holders		470,722,731	633,857,355
Non-Controlling Interest		-	-
Total Equity		470,722,731	633,857,355
Total Liabilities & Equity		3,045,302,782	2,705,106,312
Contingent liabilities and commitment	4.28	-	-
Net assets value per share		57.48	77.40

Himal Oli Chief Financial Officer	Tika Nidhi Lohani Chief Executive Officer	Thakur Prasad Bhattarai Chairman	Binod Kumar Subedi Director
Durga Thapa Director	Sudip Ghimire Director	Sujan Adhikari Director	Dinesh Kumar Bartaula Director
Janga Bahadur Hamal Director		As per o	our report of even date
Place: Kathmandu Date: 2081/06/29			Hem Kumar Kafle Partner D.S.D. Associates

Chartered Accountants



Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended Ashad 2081

Particulars	Note	Current Year	Previous Year
Interest income	4.29	251,562,050	257,460,673
Interest expense	4.30	170,481,624	186,845,208
Net interest income		81,080,426	70,615,465
Fee and commission income	4.31	7,107,883	6,109,334
Fee and commission expense	4.32	-	-
Net fee and commission income		7,107,883	6,109,334
Net interest, fee and commission income		88,188,309	76,724,799
Net trading income/(expenses)	4.33	-	-
Other operating income	4.34	5,237,743	1,067,428
Total operating income		93,426,052	77,792,227
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	4.35	133,671,440	44,156,738
Net operating income		(40,245,388)	33,635,489
Operating expense			
Personnel expenses	4.36	70,937,631	62,884,276
Other operating expenses	4.37	39,424,481	38,236,441
Depreciation & Amortization	4.38	18,369,494	14,653,379
Operating Profit		(168,976,993)	(82,138,607)
Non operating income	4.39	21,913,101	6,821,124
Non operating expense	4.40	183,911	3,597,689
Profit before income tax		(147,247,803)	(78,915,172)
Income tax expense	4.41		
Current Tax expenses		-	-
Deferred Tax Expenses/(Income)		(11,124,694)	(8,848,050)
Profit for the year		(136,123,110)	(70,067,122)
Profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Finance company		(136,123,110)	(70,067,122)
Non-controlling interest		-	-
Profit for the year		(136,123,110)	(70,067,122)
Earnings per share			
Basic earnings per share		-16.62	-8.56
Diluted earnings per share		-16.62	-8.56

Himal Oli Chief Financial Officer	Tika Nidhi Lohani Chief Executive Officer	Thakur Prasad Bhattarai Chairman	Binod Kumar Subedi Director
Durga Thapa	Sudip Ghimire	Sujan Adhikari	Dinesh Kumar Bartaula
Director	Director	Director	Director
		As p	er our report of even date
Inna Dahadur Hamal			
Janga Bahadur Hamal Director		C	A. Hem Kumar Kafle
Director			Partner
Place: Kathmandu			H.D.S.D. Associates

Place: Kathmandu H.D.S.D. Associates
Date: 2081/06/29 Chartered Accountants



Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended Ashad 2081

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Profit for the year	(136,123,110)	(70,067,122)
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax		
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Gains/(Losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value	(702,834)	10,279,560
Gains/(Losses) on revaluation	-	-
Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	-	-
Income tax relating to above terms	210,850	(3,083,868)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(491,984)	7,195,692
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Gains/(Losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-
Exchange gains/(losses) arising from translating financial	-	-
assets of foreign operation		
Income tax relating to above terms	-	-
Reclassify to profit or loss	-	-
Net other comprehensive income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equity method	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	(491,984)	7,195,692
Total comprehensive income for the year	(136,615,093)	(62,871,430)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Equity holders of the Finance company	(136,615,093)	(62,871,430)
Non-controlling interest		
Total comprehensive income for the period	(136,615,093)	(62,871,430)

Himal Oli Chief Financial Officer	Tika Nidhi Lohani	Thakur Prasad Bhattarai	Binod Kumar Subedi
Chief Financial Officer	Chief Executive Officer	Chairman	Director
Durga Thapa	Sudip Ghimire	Sujan Adhikari	Dinesh Kumar Bartaula
Director	Director	Director	Director
		As p	er our report of even date
Janga Bahadur Hamal		C	A. Hem Kumar Kafle
Director			Partner
Place: Kathmandu			H.D.S.D. Associates
Date: 2081/06/29		C	Chartered Accountants



Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended Ashad 2081

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	235,609,551	238,642,196
Fees and other income received	7,107,883	6,109,334
Dividend received	-	-
Receipts from other operating activities	1,658,632	1,747,875
Interest paid	(165,541,027)	(182,418,067)
Commission and fees paid	-	-
Cash payment to employees	(68,975,156)	(58,738,938)
Other expenses paid	(42,049,489)	(36,279,878)
Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(32,189,604)	(30,937,478)
(Increase)/ Decrease in operating assets		
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	1,709,008	(32,538,821)
Placement with bank and financial institutions	-	-
Other trading assets	-	-
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	131,104,434	4,390,857
Loan and advances to customers	(216,860,561)	(44,312,211)
Other assets	(3,822,546)	(16,738,394)
(Increase)/ Decrease in operating liabilities		
Due to bank and financial institutions	(200,785,481)	(126,726,086)
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	(90,000,000)	(90,000,000)
Deposits from Customers	694,902,385	176,531,227
Borrowings	-	-
Other Liabilities	(4,836,136)	5,177,730
Net Cash flow from operating activities before tax paid	279,221,499	(155,153,175)
Income taxes paid	(2,390,898)	(248,314)
Net Cash flow from operating activities	276,830,601	(155,401,489)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investment securities	(186,774,403)	(46,382,640)
Receipt from the sale of investment securities	-	51,523,454
Purchase of property and equipment	(12,265,724)	(34,264,621)
Receipt from the sale of property and equipment	-	-
Purchase of intangible assets	(941,850)	(796,650)
Receipt from the sale of intangible assets	-	-
Purchase of investment properties	-	-
Receipt from the sale of investment properties	_	7,650,000



Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Interest received	-	-
Dividend received	4,667,589	1,102,774
Net cash used in investing activities	(195,314,388)	(21,167,683)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Receipt from issue of debt securities	-	-
Repayment of debt securities	-	-
Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities	-	-
Repayment of subordinated liabilities	-	-
Receipt from issue of shares	-	76,402,761
Dividends paid	-	-
Principal Payment of Lease Liability	(5,149,601)	(4,217,582)
Interest payment of Lease Liability	(4,935,029)	(4,463,154)
Other receipt/ payment	-	-
Net cash from financing activities	(10,084,630)	67,722,024
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	71,431,583	(108,847,148)
Cash and cash equivalents at Shrawan 1, 2080	409,276,934	518,124,081
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at Ashad end, 2081	480,708,517	409,276,933

Himal Oli Chief Financial Officer	Tika Nidhi Lohani Chief Executive Officer	Thakur Prasad Bhattarai Chairman	Binod Kumar Subedi Director
Cinei Financiai Onicei	Chief Executive Officer	Chairman	Director
Durga Thapa	Sudip Ghimire	Sujan Adhikari	Dinesh Kumar Bartaula
Director	Director	Director	Director
Janga Bahadur Hamal Director		As per	our report of even date
Place: Kathmandu Date: 2081/06/29			Hem Kumar Kafle Partner
2 4.0. 2001, 00, 27		H	.D.S.D. Associates

Chartered Accountants



Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended Ashad 2081

Particulars	Share	Share	General	Exchange Equalization	Regulatory	Fair Value	Revaluation	Retained	Other	Total	Non - Controlling	Total Equity
	Capitai	Fremium	Keserve	Reserve	Keserve	Keserve	Keserve	Earning	Keserve		Interest	•
Adjusted/Restated balance at 1 Shrawan 2079	742,174,800	20,037,125	97,164,622	ı	90,068,701	(12,969,065)	5,089,045	(315,249,996)	70,079	626,385,311	ı	626,385,311
Comprehensive income for the year												
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(70,067,122)	-	(70,067,122)	-	(70,067,122)
Other Comprehensive income, net of tax												
Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value	1	1	1	1	1	7,195,692	1		1	7,195,692	ı	7,195,692
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	1
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	1
Gains/(Losses) on Cash flow hedge	1	-	-	-	ı	1	•	-	-	-	1	1
Exchange gain/(losses) arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation	1	1	1	-	•	•	1	-	1	-	1	1
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	'	'	1	1	7,195,692	1	(70,067,122)	1	(62,871,430)	'	(62,871,430)
Transfer to reserve during the year	1	1	1	-	(12,969,065)		1	(60,932,273)	(70,079)	(73,971,417)	1	(73,971,417)
Transfer from reserve during the year	-	•	-	-	60,491,956		1	6,979,857	440,316	67,912,130	1	67,912,130
Transactions with owners, directly recognised in equity												
Share issued	76,736,600	(333,839)	1	-	1	1	1	-	1	76,402,761	1	76,402,761
Dividend to equity shareholders												
Bonus shares issued	1		1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cash dividend paid		1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gain on disposal of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through OCI	1	1	1	1	,	1	1	1	1	•	1	,
Total contributions by and distributions	76,736,600	(333,839)	•	1	1	1	1	-	-	76,402,761	1	76,402,761
Balance as at Ashad end, 2080	818,911,400	19,703,286	97,164,622	-	137,591,593	(5,773,373)	5,089,045	(439,269,534)	440,317	633,857,356	1	633,857,356



Particulars	Share Capital	Share Premium	General Reserve	Exchange Equalization Reserve	Regulatory Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earning	Other Reserve	Total	Non - Controlling Interest	Total Equity
Adjustment/Restatement	0	0	0	0	0		0	(26,605,093)	0	(26,605,093)	0	(26,605,093)
Adjusted/Restated balance at 1 Shrawan 2080	818,911,400	19,703,286	97,164,622	1	137,591,593	(5,773,373)	5,089,045	(465,874,627)	440,317	607,252,263	1	607,252,263
Comprehensive income for the year												
Profit for the year								(136,123,110)	1	(136,123,110)		(136,123,110)
Other Comprehensive income, net of tax										-		ı
Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value						(491,984)				(491,984)		(491,984)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation										-		1
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans										-		1
Gains/(Losses) on Cash flow hedge										-		1
Exchange gain/(losses) arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation										-		1
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	•	•	1	(491,984)	1	(136,123,110)	•	(136,615,093)		(136,615,093)
Transfer to reserve during the year	1	1	1	1	(5,773,373)			(22,096,234)	440,317	(27,429,290)		(27,429,290)
Transfer from reserve during the year					21,559,374			5,773,373	622,422	27,955,169		27,955,169
Transactions with owners, directly recognised in equity												
Share issued										-		1
Dividend to equity shareholders										-		1
Bonus shares issued										-		•
Cash dividend paid										1		1
Gain on disposal of investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through OCI										-		1
Total contributions by and distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
Balance as at Ashad end, 2081	818,911,400	19,703,286	97,164,622	-	153,377,594	(6,265,357)	5,089,045	(618,320,598)	1,062,739	470,722,731		470,722,731



Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended Ashad 2081

1. Reporting entity

Samriddhi Finance Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "Finance") is a public limited company, established under the Companies Act, 2063 (Registration No. 742/45/057 dated 2057/08/05). It has obtained license from Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB) as a "C" Class Financial institution (License No. "C"/49/062/63 dated 2063/01/13) and has been comprehensive banking services since 2063 BS.

Head office of the Institution is located at Hetauda--, Makwanpur, Nepal. Its ordinary shares are listed with Nepal Stock Exchange Ltd. and its stock symbol is "SFCL". Head office of the Institution is located at Hetauda--, Makwanpur, Nepal. Its ordinary shares are listed with Nepal Stock Exchange Ltd. and its stock symbol is "SFCL".

Finance offers comprehensive banking services within the scope of provisions of Bank and Financial Institutions Act 2073 and its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

2. Basis of Preparation

The Financial statements of the Finance has been prepared on accrual basis of accounting in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRSs) as published by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) Nepal and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN). The preparation and presentation of financial statements are in compliance with the requirements of format issued by Nepal Rastra Bank in Directive No. 4 of Unified Directives, 2080.

The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Notes to the Accounts.

2.1. Statement of Compliance

"The financial statements have been prepared and approved by Board of Directors in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRSs) as published by Accounting Standards Board (ASB) Nepal and pronounced by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) and in the format issued by Nepal Rastra Bank in Directive No. 4 of Unified Directives, 2080.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of financial statements are set out in Note 3. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented except otherwise stated. The bank has opted for certain carve outs in application of NFRS which have been briefly described in the Notes to Accounts.

2.2. Reporting Period and Approval of Financial Statements

2.2.1. Reporting Period

The accompanying financial statements cover annual reporting period between 1st Shrawan 2080 and ending on 31 Ashad 2081 (the reporting period) and the status is reported as at the year-end date of 31 Ashad 2081 (the report date).

2.2.2. Approval of Financial Statements

The accompained financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors in its 506 Board meeting dated 29th Ashoj, 2081 and the Board acknowledges the responsibility of preperation of financial statements of the Bank. The approved financial statements have been recommended for approval by the shareholders in the 23nd Annual General Meeting of the Bank.



2.3. Functional and Presentation Currency

Financial statements are denominated in Nepalese Rupees (NPR), which is the functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in Nepalese Rupees has been rounded off to the nearest rupee except where indicated otherwise.

2.4. Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments

"Finance, under NFRSs, is required to apply accounting policies to most appropriately suit its circumstances and operating environment. Further, it is required to make judgments in respect of items where the choice of specific policy, accounting estimate or assumption to be followed could materially affect the financial statements.

The accounting policies have been included in the relevant notes for each item of the financial statements and the effect and nature of the changes, if any, have been disclosed.

The NFRSs require Finance to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and profit or loss as reported in the financial statements. The Institution applies estimates in preparing and presenting the financial statements and such estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed periodically. The revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised, and are applied prospectively.

Disclosures of the accounting estimates have been included in the relevant sections of the notes wherever the estimates have been applied along with the nature and effect of changes of accounting estimates, if any."

2.4.1. Classification of financial assets

"Finacial Assets or Liabilities are either measured at fair value or at amortized cost and can be presented under any of the following accounting classifications based on specific circumstances:

- Financial assets or financial liabilities subsequently measured at Amortized Cost; or
- Financial assets or financial liabilities recognised as at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL); or
- Financial assets or financial liabilities subsequently measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL); or
- Financial assets subsequently measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).

Presentation and / or measurement of the amounts recognized in financial statements could be different for a particular financial asset or financial liability under any two different accounting classifications. The Finance's management exercise judgment in the application of appropriate accounting policy to achieve correct accounting classifications for its financial assets and financial liabilities"

2.4.2. Fair value of financial assets

Fair value of financial statements is determined on three levels on the basis of available market on reporting date and the measurement may change depending on available market circumstances.

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in an active market is the closing price on the reporting dates. Whenever the instruments are not actively traded in active market, they are determined using other techniques considering the observable market inputs to the extent possible.

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy as provided in NFRS 13.



Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Bank can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Company has used its own data (accounting value) and considered if there exists factors that would otherwise result in changes to the book value of assets or liabilities.

2.4.3. Impairment loss on financial assets

"Impairment loss on financial assets - loans and advances are determined at the higher of:

- Loan loss provision amount derived as prescribed in directive no. 02/80 of Nepal Rastra Bank; and
- Impairment loss amount determined as per Incurred Loss Model specified in para 5 of NFRS 9.

Particulars	Amount
Loan Loss Provision as per NRB Directive no. 02/79	220,929,322
Impairment loss amount determined as per Incurred Loss Model specified in para 5 of NFRS 9	29,535,589

2.4.4. Useful life and salvage value of property and equipment

Management judgment is exercised in the estimation of residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property and equipment. Management uses its experienced judgment in determining the useful lives of property and equipment.

2.4.5. Impairment loss of non financial assets

"At each reporting date, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances necessitates, Finance assesses whether there are indicators of impairment for a non-financial asset. Where any indication of impairment exists, Finance makes an estimation of the asset's recoverable amount. The 'recoverable amount' of an asset is the greater of its 'Value in Use' and it's 'Fair Value' less costs to sell. In determining the 'Value in use', future cash flow estimates are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining 'Fair Value' less cost to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. The whole impairment assessment exercise requires the management to make estimates of expected future cash flows, appropriate discount rates and also select appropriate valuation model."

2.4.6. Current Tax and Deferred tax

"Finance is subject to income tax under Income Tax Act 2058 B.s. and amendments thereto, and due to the potential differences that may exist between the Finance and the Income Tax Authorities with regard to the interpretation of complex tax provisions, management judgment is required to determine the total provision for current tax and deferred tax amounts. Deferred tax assets are recognized in respect of tax losses to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such losses can be utilized. Judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies."



2.4.7. Employee benefit obligations

"Finance recognizes following two types of employee liabilities as defined benefit obligations:

- a) Gratuity Liability
- b) Accumulated Leave Liability (Sick Leave and Home Leave)

The cost of the defined benefit obligations is determined using actuarial valuation from an independent actuary. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, attrition rate, future salary increases, mortality rates, future pension increases, etc. Finance reviews the actuarial assumptions at each reporting date."

2.4.8. Provision for liabilities, commitment and contegencies

"Management has made judgments as to the likelihood of any claim succeeding in making provisions. The time of concluding legal claims is uncertain, as is the amount of possible outflow of economic benefits. Timing and cost ultimately depends on the due processes in respective legal jurisdictions. All discernible risks are accounted for in determining the amount of all known liabilities.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will be confirmed only by uncertain future events or present obligations where the transfer of economic benefit is not probable or cannot be reliably measured. Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the statement of financial position but are disclosed unless they are remote."

2.5. Changes in Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of financial statements are set out in relevant notes for each item of the financial statements. Accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. There are no changes in accounting policies in current fiscal year.

2.6. Reporting Pronouncements

The Finance has, for the preperation of financial statements, adopted the NFRS pronounced by ASB as effective on september 13, 2013. The NFRS Confirm, in all material respect, to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal has pronounced implementation of NFRS. Accordingly, the accompaying financial statements for the year ended July 15, 2024 are prepared in accordance with NFRS.

2.7. Provisions of Carve-out adapted by Finance

The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) issued "Notice regarding Decision on Carve-outs in NFRS with Alternative Treatments" on Shrawan 2nd, 2079 and alternative treatments as per carve-outs has been adapted while preparing the financial statements. The details of carve-out provisions adapted by the Bank is given hereunder.

2.7.1. Incurred Loss Model to measure the Impairment Loss on Loan and Advances (NAS 39: Financial Instruments:Recognition and Measurement, Para 58)

"As per carve out prescribed, An entity shall assess at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets measured at



amortized cost is impaired. If any such evidence exists, the entity shall apply paragraph 63 of NAS 39 to determine the amount of any impairment loss unless the entity is bank or financial institutions registered as per Bank and Financial Institutions Act, 2073.

Such entities shall measure impairment loss on loan and advances as the higher of amount derived as per norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank for loan loss provision and amount determined as per paragraph 63 of NAS 39 and shall apply paragraph 63 to measure the impairment loss on financial assets other than loan and advances. The entity shall disclose the impairment loss as per this carve -out and the amount of impairment loss determined as per paragraph 63."

Further, Bank and Financial Institutions shall measure impairment loss on loan and advances as the higher of amount derived as per norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank for loan loss provision and amount determined as per paragraph 63 to measure the impairment loss on financial assets and other assets other than loan and advances. The Bank and Financial Institutions shall disclose the impairment loss as per this carve-out and the amount of impairment loss determined as per paragraph 63.

2.7.2. Impracticability to determine transactions cost of all previous years which is the part of effective interest rate (NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, Para 9)

As per carve out prescribed, The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, an entity shall estimate cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instruments (for example, prepayment call and similar options) but shall not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received, unless it is immaterial or impracticable to determine reliably, between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate (see NAS 18 Revenue), transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts. There is a presumption that the cash flows and the expected life of a group of similar financial instruments can be estimated reliably. However, in those rare cases when it is not possible to estimate reliably the cash flows or the expected life of a financial instrument (or group of financial instruments), the entity shall use the contractual cash flows over the full contractual term of the financial instrument (or group of financial instruments).

2.7.3. Impracticability to determine interest income on amortized cost (NAS 39: Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, Para AG93)

As per carve-out prescribed, Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is thereafter recognized using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Interest income shall be calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset unless the financial asset is written off either partially or fully.

2.8. Discounting

When the realization of asset and settlement of obligation is for more than one year, the financial institution considers discounting of such assets and liabilities where the impact is material. Various internal and external factors have been considered for determining the discount rate to be applied to the cash flows of the entity.

2.9. Limitation of NFRS Implementation

Wherever the information is not adequately available, and/or it is impractible to develop such



exception to NFRS implementation has been noted and disclosed in respective sections.

2.10. Going Concern

The Board has made an assessment of the company's ability to continue as a going concern and satisfied that it has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, Board is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon ability to continue as a going concern and they do not intend either to liquidate or to cease operations of it. Therefore, the Financial Statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

2.11. Prior Period Errors

Prior Period Errors are omissions or misstatements in an entity's financial statements. Such omissions may relate to one or more prior periods. Correction of an error is done by calculating the cumulative effect of the change on the financial statements of the period as if new method or estimate had always been used for all the affected prior years' financial statements. Sometimes such changes may not be practicable. In such cases, it is applied to the latest period possible by making corresponding adjustment to the opening balance of the period. In current Financial statement 2080-81 an adjustment has been made to reflect prior period items amounting to 2,66,05,093. Out of such amount Rs.2,793 is NFRS adjustment for the year 2077-78, Rs.1,54,956 is related to lease adjustment as per NFRS 16 for the year 2078-80. Rs 31,57,375 is related to deferred interest receivable for the year 2079-80. The total adjustment of Rs.2,66,05,093 has been made to ensure that the financial statement accurately reflect the financial position and result of operation.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The bank has applied the accounting policies set out below consistently to all periods presented in the accompanying financial statements unless specifically stated otherwise.

3.1. Basis of Measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position.

- Investment securities are measured at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).
- Financial assets other than measured at amortized cost are measured at fair value.
- Derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value.
- Inventories are measured at cost or net realizable value whichever is lower.
- Net defined benefit liabilities are measured at Present Value of Defined Benefits Obligation less the Total Plan Assets
- Investment property is measured at fair value.

3.2. Basis of consolidation

Finance does not have subsidiary companies, accordingly, consolidation of financial statements is not a requirement.

3.3. Cash and cash equivalent

"Cash and Cash Equivalents include cash in hand, balances with banks and money at call and at short notice. These are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Finance Company in the management of short-term commitments.

Details of the Cash and Cash Equivalents are given in Note 4.1to the Financial Statements."



3.4 Financial assets and financial liabilities

The bank classifies its financial assets into the following measurement categories:

- a) financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss;
- b) financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income, and
- c) financial assets held at amortized cost.

Accordingly, financial liabilities are classified as either:

- a) held at fair value through profit or loss, or
- b) held at amortized cost.

3.3.1. Recognition

The Finance recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities, other than those carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs in relation to financial assets and liabilities which are carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are charged to statement of Profit or Loss.

3.3.2. Classification

The financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets are classified under three categories as required by NFRS9, namely:

- i) At Amortized Cost
- ii) At Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL)
- iii) At Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)
- i) At amortized cost: The Finance classifies a financial asset measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met:
- a. The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- b. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- **ii)** At fair value through profit or loss: Financial assets are classified as fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction costs are that are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in statement of profit or loss as incurred. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.
- **iii)** At fair value through other comprehensive income: Investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading and at the initial recognition, the Bank makes an irrevocable election that the subsequent changes in fair value of the instrument is to be recognized in other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.



Financial assets are classified under three categories as required by NFRS9, namely:

- i) At Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL)
- ii) At Amortized Cost
- i) At Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVPL): All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though Statement of Profit or Loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.
- **ii)** At amortized cost: All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though Statement of Profit or Loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

3.3.3. Measurement

Initial Measurement

At initial recognition, the bank measures a financial assets or financial liability at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction cost that are incremental and directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial assets or financial liability, such as commission and fees. The transaction cost of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit of loss are expensed in profit or loss. Allowance for impairment is recognized when the credit quality of the financial asset has deteriorated significantly since initial recognition.

Subsequent Measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured either at fair value or at amortized cost based on the classification of the financial asset or liability.

Financial asset or liability initially measured at amortized cost is subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method. The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest rate method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment or un-collectability.

In case of Loans and Advances measured at amortized cost, the processing charge and documentation charges received from customers which are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of such financial assets are booked as income in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the reporting period in which they are received. The effective interest rate method is not applied as it is impracticable to determine reliably.

Further, once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is thereafter calculated by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset unless the financial asset is written off either partially or fully.

Financial assets classified at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value. The subsequent changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss whereas of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in other comprehensive income.

3.3.4. De-recognition

Financial Assets

Financial assets are partially or fully de-recognized in any of the following condition:



- termination of contractual rights to cash flow
- upon transfer of the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risk and rewards of the ownership of the financial assets are transferred or in which the Finance neither transfer nor retains substantially all of the risk and rewards of the ownership and it does not retain control of the financial assets.

On derecognition of a financial assets, the difference between the carrying amount of the assets (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the assets derecognised) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new assets obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in OCI is recognised in statement of profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities

Upon settlement or termination of any liability related to financial liability, financial liability is de-recognized. The difference between carrying amount and settlement amount is accounted through statement of profit or loss.

3.3.5. Determination of fair value

Fair is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is initially considered based on quoted rate where the assets or liabilities are principally transaction, in the absence of which the most advantageous market is the active market.

When available, the Finance measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. The market is regarded as active if transactions for the assets or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

If there is no quoted price in an active market, then the Bank uses valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all of the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction.

Fair value of non-financial assets like property & equipment, investment property and intangible assets are considered the deemed cost of such assets in line with NFRS 1.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Assets and liabilities carried at fair value or for which fair values are disclosed have been classified into three levels according to the observability of the significant inputs used to determine the fair values.

Level 1: Fair value is determined based on quoted price of financial instruments in active market.

Level 2: Fair value is determined based on quoted price of similar financial instruments within consideration to significant observable inputs.

Level 3: Fair value is determined used using other method as the inputs for valuation are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Finance has used its own data (accounting value) and considered if there exists factors that would otherwise result in changes to the book value of assets or liabilities for this level of valuation.

3.3.6. Impairment

At each reporting date, the Finance assesses whether there is objective evidence that financial assets are impaired. The financial assets or a group of financial assets is impaired when objective



evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss has an impact on the future cash flows of the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer
- default or delinquency by a borrower
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Finance on terms that the Finance would not consider otherwise;
- indication that a borrower or issuer will enter bankruptcy
- the disappearance of an active market for a security; or
- observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status
 of borrowers or issuers in the group or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in
 the group.

In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its net worth below its book value is objective evidence of impairment.

The Finance considers evidences of impairment for loans and advances and investment securities at both specific asset and at collective level. All individually significant loans and advances and investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Loans and advances and investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and investment securities with similar risk characteristics.

In assessing the collective impairment, the Finance uses the statistical modelling of historic trends of the probability of default, the time of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred and makes an adjustment if the current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or lesser than is suggested by historic trends. Default rates, loss rates and expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against the actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

Impairment losses on assets measured at amortised cost are calculated as difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the assets original effective interest rate.

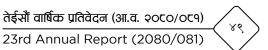
Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables or investment securities. Interest on the impaired assets continues to be recognised through the unwinding of the discount. If an event occurring after the impairment was recognised causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, then the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss (through OCI for such investments measured at fair value through OCI on which there exists fair value reserve).

The Finance writes off a loan or an investment security, either partially or in full and any related allowance for impairment losses, when the Finance determines that there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

Finance has individually assessed impariment of Loan and Advances and Impairment of Loan and Advances as per NFRS and NRB regulation.

3.3.7. Amortized cost measurement

The 'amortised cost' of a financial asset and financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition, minus principal repayments, plus or





minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between initial amount recognised and the maturity amount minus any reduction for impairment.

3.3.8. Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

3.4. Trading assets

Financial assets are classified as trading assets (held for trading) if they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term, or form part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. They are recognized on trade date, when the bank enters into contractual arrangements with counterparties, and are normally derecognized when sold. They are initially measured at fair value, with transaction costs taken to profit or loss. Subsequent changes in their fair values are recognized in profit or loss.

3.5. Derivatives assets and derivative liabilities

Derivative instruments include transactions like interest rate swap, currency swap, forward foreign exchange contract etc. held for trading as well as risk management purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The finance does not have any derivative instrument during the reporting period.

3.6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Non-financial tangible assets that are held for service providing to customers and for administrative use of the Finance are classified as Property and Equipment.

Recognition

Property and Equipment are recognized in books whenever it is probable that future economic benefits associated with such assets will flow to the entity and the amount of assets can be reliably measured.

Measurement

At initial recognition, items of property and equipment are measured at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and other directly attributable costs as well as the estimated present value of any future unavoidable costs of dismantling and removing items. The corresponding liability is recognized within provisions. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow in to the Finance. Ongoing repair and maintenance are expensed off as incurred.

Subsequent to the initial measurement, there is option to measure the assets either on cost or on revaluation. Finance has measured all items at cost on subsequent measurement. On transition to NFRS, the Finance has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property and equipment measured as per the previous NAS and use that carrying value as the deemed cost as fair value in line with provisions of NFRS 1.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference



between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

Assets not capitalized

Items of property Plant and equipment with original cost up to Rs.5,000 are directly accounted as expenses.

Capital Work in Progress

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in the assets under capital work in progress (CWIP). At the point when an asset is operating at management's intended use, the cost of construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciation commences.

Salvage Value

Salvage value of assets has not been considered.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged upon the assets is available for use and does not cease until the assets is disposed off, classified as held for sale or ceases to generate economic benefits.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation on assets under construction does not commence until they are complete and available for use. Depreciation is provided on all other items of property and equipment so as to write-off their carrying value over the expected useful economic lives.

Items of property, Plant Property and equipment are depreciated on WDV method using the following rates.

Nature of Assets	Depreciation Rate
Office Equipments	25%
Computer Hardware	25%
Furniture & Fixtures	25%
Vehicles	20%
Leasehold Assets	10%

3.7. Goodwill and Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition financial institutions when the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred exceed the amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. If the amount of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is greater, the difference is recognised immediately in the Statement of profit or loss.

Goodwill is allocated to cash generating units (CGU) at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management process. Impairment testing is performed annually, and whenever there is an indication that CGU may be impaired. If the present value of expected cash inflows is less than carrying amount, impairment loss is recognized and accounted through Statement of Profit or Loss. Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Acquired Intangible Assets



Intangible assets are recognized whenever the cost of assets can be reliably measured, by the past experience it is demonstrated .Finance has control over such assets for the specified period and it is probable that future economic benefits could be derived from such assets. Finance has followed NAS 38 for accounting of intangible assets.

In the financial statements, softwares are presented as intangible assets.

Computer Software

Computer software are capitalised on the basis of the purchase cost of software or license and costs incurred to bring it to use. Cost of internally developed software includes directly attributable costs.

Intangible assets are amortized over the period of its estimated use, or incase of licenses, over the period of contractual right of use. Whenever there is no specific life or license period, such softwares are amortized over the period of five years.

At each reporting date, impairment test of intangible assets is done in order to oversee whether the carrying amount exceeds recoverable amount. Impairment loss is charged to Statement of Profit or Loss.

On transition to NFRS, the Finance has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangible assets measured as per the previous NAS and use that carrying value as the deemed cost as fair value in line with provisions of NFRS 1.

Intangible Assets, except for goodwill, are amortized on a straight-line basis in the Statement of Profit or Loss from the date when the asset is available for use, over the best of its useful economic life based on a pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Finance Company. Amortization methods, useful lives, residual values are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if appropriate.

Nature of Assets	Useful Life
Computer Software	5 Years
Licenses	5 Years

3.8. Investment Property

Investment property is property (land or a building or part of a building or both) held (by the owner or by the lessee under a finance lease) to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both but not for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Measurement

Investment property is accounted for under Cost Model in the Financial Statements. Accordingly, after recognition as an asset, the property is carried at its cost, less impairment losses. If any property is reclassified to investment property due to changes in its use, fair value of such property at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting.

De-recognition:

Investment properties are derecognized when they are disposed of or permanently withdrawn from use since no future economic benefits are expected. Transfers are made to and from investment property only when there is a change in use. When the use of a property changes such that it is reclassified as Property, Plant and Equipment, its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting.

The finance holds investment property that has been acquired through enforcement of security



over the loans and advances.

Details of Investment properties as on Ashad end 2081 are as follows:

S.No.	Particulars	Amount
1	Anurag Pahari	9,756,470
2	Sudhir Basnet	4,861,390
3	Pratap Sign Muktan	2,293,263
4	Puspa And Sons Suppliers	2,700,000
5	Ram Chandra Sunuwar	1,215,007
6	Tularaj Poultry Firm	8,609,895
7	Hotel North East	24,949,509
8	Acres Agricultural Farm And Poultry	10,356,000
9	Perfect Traders	33,994,969
10	Mohammed Shahid	10,102,406
11	Sansar Investment	21,372,921
	Total	130,211,830

3.9. Income tax

Income tax expenses include current tax, deferred tax and any adjustments recognised in the period for current tax of prior periods.

Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of taxable profit. This is calculated as per the provisions of Income Tax Act with the effective tax rate for current period. Taxable profit differs from the profit reported in the statement of profit or loss, because some item of income or expense are taxable or deductible in different years or may never be taxable or deductible. Income tax rate applicable for Finance is 30%.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is calculated using balance sheet approach on temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and carrying amount in the financial statements. Deferred tax is calculated using known future tax rate on each reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognized when it is probable that future taxable profit will be available to adjust the impact of temporary differences. Changes in deferred tax over period is recognized as deferred tax income/expenses in Statement of Profit or Loss.

In line with NRB Directives, deferred tax reserve is created to the amount equal to deferred tax assets.

Income tax on items of OCI

Income tax arising on the items of other comprehensive income is charged to statement of OCI itself.

3.10. Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities

Deposit are financial liabilities and are generally repayable on demand except fixed period deposit accepted by Finance from its customers.

The Finance borrows money by issuing debt securities and subordinated debt. The borrowing



is acknowledged or evidenced by issue of a negotiable instrument. The negotiable instrument can be certificate of deposit, commercial paper or debt note. Subordinated debt is issued to meet the capital requirements at bank level and to supply the capital to various operations. This debt generally consists of negotiable instruments and is usually listed on exchanges providing an active secondary market for the debt.

3.11. Provisions

Provision is a liability with uncertain timing and event. Provision is recognised if as a result of a past event, the group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at the pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are i) possible obligations arising from past events whose existence will be confirmed on happening or not happening or uncertain future events not wholly within the control of Finance, or ii) a present obligation arising from past events but are not recognized because outflow of resources to settle may not be required or such amount can not be reliably estimated.

Contingent liabilities are separately disclosed in financial statements.

3.12. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Finance and the revenue can be measured reliably. Revenue is not recognized during the period in which its recoverability of income is not probable. The bases of income recognition are as below:

3.12.1. Interest income

Interest income include interest income on loan and advance, investment securities except on those investment securities measured at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalent, due from Nepal Rastra Bank, due from BFIs, loan and advances to staff etc.

Interest income on loans and advances is recognized on amortized principal which is nearer to the effective interest method suggested by NFRS. The adoption of effective interest method is not possible due to constraints of time, effort and cost in short term compared to the benefits it provides. Benefit of carve out has been applied to this effect. Interest of loans and advances which are significantly impaired are not recognized. Furthermore, the interest income has not been recognized where the loan's contractual payments of principal and/or interest are more than 12 months in arrears, irrespective of net realizable value of collateral as guided by guidelines issued by NRB.

Out of the total interest receivable of Rs. 44061057.19 (PY 26931550.37), Rs.17129506.82 interest accrued during the reporting period is recognised as interest income as per NFRS, out of which amount net of tax and employee bonus has been transferred to regulatory reserve after deducting amount of interest recovered upto Shrawn 32 2081. Amount transferred to regulatory reserve during the reporting period is Rs. 11842604.88.

3.12.2. Fee and commission income

Fees and commissions are generally recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided or significant act performed. The fees and commission income and expense that are integral to the effective interest rate on the financial assets and financial liability are included in the measurement of the effective interest rate. Finance has opted to use carve-out as mentioned



in Note 2.1.1 (b) on this matter and accounted all realized fee and commission income upfront.

Commission on guarantees issued that are for less than one year are immediately accounted as income. If the period of guarantee is more than one year, then proportionate amount of fee is accounted as income.

3.12.3. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established i.e. dividend is approved by general meeting of companies.

Dividend income if related to period earlier than the date of acquisition of shares and it amount related to pre and post acquisition could be segregated, then the pre-acquisition period dividend is adjusted to cost of investment.

3.12.4. Net trading income

Income derived from buying/selling of assets and liabilities classified as for trading purpose are accounted as net trading income. Gain and loss on trading assets and liabilities are recognized on mark to market basis and not on realization basis.

3.12.5. Net income from other financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of other financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are included in Statement of Profit or Loss in the period in which they arise.

These includes the net gain/(loss) on translation or period end balances carried in foreign exchange to the Nepalese Rupees.

3.13. Interest expense

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits is recognized in profit or loss using effective interest rate method. Interest expense on all trading liabilities is considered to be incidental to the Bank's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

3.14. Employees Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits

Expenses in respect of short term benefits are recognised on the basis of amount paid or payable during which services are rendered by the employees. Liabilities for salary and allowances that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the financial year in which the employee render the related services are recognised in respect of employees services upto the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Post Emplyment Benefits

The Finance company operates post-retirement benefit scheme for its employee. Post employment benefit plan includes the following.

a. Defined Contribution Plan

"A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Finance pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. These comprise contributions to the social security fund (SSF) on account of Provident Fund and Gratuity amount as per Labour Act, 2074.



Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized as personnel expenses in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered. The Finance does not assume any further liability other than its annual contribution."

b. Defined Benefit Plan

"A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The liability or asset recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligations are calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The Company recognizes all actuarial gains and losses net of deferred tax arising from defined benefit plans immediately in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefit plans in employee benefit expense in profit or loss."

The Company recognizes gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on curtailment or settlement comprises any resulting change in the fair value of plan assets, any change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation, any related actuarial gains and losses and any past service cost that had not previously been recognized.

The Companys defined benefit plan comprise gratuity as per companys bylaw. In accordance with the acturial valuation for FY 2080-81, our total defined benefit obligation for gratuity is determined to be Rs. 1910186.

c. Other Long Term Employment Benefit

Long term emplyment benefits are recognized as an expense when the Company is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognized as an expense if the Company has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting date, then they are discounted to their present value.

3.15. Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right of use asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

At lease commencement date, the Finance recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Finance Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Finance depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Finance Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Finance measures the lease liability at the present value of the



lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Finance Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The finance elected not to recognize right-of-use asset and lease liabilities for short-term leases and leases of low value asssets.

On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment and lease liabilities have been included in Other Liabilities.

Expenses recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss as per NFRS 16

Particulars	Amount
Finance Cost	4,935,029
Depreciation	8,453,508
Assets and Liabilities recognized in Statement of Finance	ial Position as per NFRS 16
Particulars	Amount
Gross Right of Use Assets (ROU)	80,959,872
Accumulated Depreciation	20,098,778
Net Right of Use Assets (ROU)	60,861,094
-	
Lease Liabilities	67,651,626

3.16. Foreign Currency Transaction

Transaction in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing on that date. The foreign currency gain or loss on monetary items is the difference between the amortised cost in the functional currency at the beginning of the year, adjusted for effective interest and payment during the year and the amortised cost in the foreign currency translated at the rate of exchange at the reporting date.

Non monetary assets and liabilities that measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date on which the fair value is determined. Non monetary items that are measured based on historical cost in the foreign currency are translated using the rate of exchange on the date of transactions. The resulting exchange gain or loss differences are generally recognised in Profit or Loss.

The finance is not involved in any kind of foreign currency transaction during the fiscal year.

3.17. Financial guarantee and loan commitment

Financial guarantees are contract that require the Fund to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss that incurs because a specified debtors fails to make payment when it is due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Loan commitments' are firm commitments to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions.



Liabilities arising from financial guarantees or commitments to provide a loan at a below -market interest rate are initially measured at fair value and the initial fair value is amortised over the life of the guarantee or the commitment. The liability is subsequently carried at the higher of this amortised amount and the present value of any expected payment to settle the liability when a payment under the contract has become probable. Financial guarantees and commitments to provide a loan at a below market interest rate included within other liabilities.

3.18. Share Capital and Reserves

3.18.1. Share Capital

Equity share capital is financial instruments issued by the company only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of financial liabilities.

All the issued shares are paid up and are listed with Nepal Stock Exchange for the purpose of trading by shareholders. All shares have right to vote on the basis of no. of shares held. Finance does not have shares of other kind other than ordinary shares.

3.18.2. Reserves

Finance has created various types of reserves as part of regulatory requirement.

a) General Reserve

General reserve is the statutory reserve. In this reserve, the amount transformed from appropriation of net profit according to the Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 2073 shall be included. No type of dividend (cash or bonus share) shall be distributed from the amount in general/statutory reserve. Approval of NRB shall be required in order to use the amount in this reserve.

Particulars	Amount
Opening Reserve	97,164,622
Addition during the year	-
Closing Reserve	97,164,622

b) Exchange Equalization Reserve

Exchange equalization reserve is a statutory reserve. A bank which has earned foreign exchange revaluation gain on foreign currency other than Indian currency has to allocate 25 percent of such revaluation gain to this reserve as per provision of the Bank and Financial Institution Act. Any amount allocated to exchange equalization reserve as per the provision of the Bank and Financial Institutions Act, shall be presented under this heading. Since the finance has not involved in foreign exchange transaction and does not hold any foreign curriencies, such reserve has not been created.

c) Other Reserves

The Other Reserves shown in the SOCE of the financial statement comprises of the following:

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Reserve

In line with clause 16 of Directive 16/079, Finance is required to allocate 1% of its net profit for the year for CSR and is required to create CSR Reserve. The amount appropriated to this reserve is expensed off as prescribed in the same Directive in the next fiscal year. The Finance has not created such reserve in FY 2080-81.

Employees' Training Fund



As per NRB Directive 6(6), Finance should spend 3% of total personnel expense of previous year on training and personal development of its employees. Accordingly, the finance has spent during the FY 2080-81 on different Internal & External Trainings of Rs. 1671554 and it was directly expensed in the Profit and Loss Account.

Particulars	Amount
Opening Reserve	440,316
Addition during the year	1,413,343
Utilization during the year	(1,231,238)
Closing Reserve	622,422

d) Regulatory Reserve

This is specific reserve created in line with NRB Directive 4. All the adjustments made in NFRS that are different from earlier NRB Directives are included in this fund. This fund is not available for distribution of dividend. The movement of Regulatory reserve is presented in Note 3.19.2 (d). During the current financial year 2080-81 there has been writeback of regulatory reserve short provision amounting to Rs.78,84,131. The writeback results from the over provision of regulatory reserve recognized to date. This writeback ensures that the financial statements provide a true and fair view of the entity's financial position and compliance with relevant regulations.

e) Capital Reserve

The capital reserve represents the amount of those reserves which are in nature of capital and which shall not be available for distribution of cash dividend. The amount from share forfeiture due to non-payment of remaining amount for the unpaid shares, capital grants received in cash or kind, capital reserve arising out of merger and acquisition etc. should be presented under this heading.

f) Fair Value Reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets that are measured at fair value and the changes in fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income, until the assets are derecognized. The cumulative amount of changes in fair value of those financial assets shall be presented under this account head. Any realized fair value changes upon disposal of the re-valued asset are reclassified from this reserve heading to retained earnings. The fair value reserve shown in the SOCE of the financial statements comprises of followings:

Particulars	Amount
Opening Reserve	(5,773,373)
Addition during the year	(491,984)
Closing Reserve	(6,265,357)

g) Actuarial Gain Reserve

This reserve is for presenting the OCI component of defined benefit obligations. This is not an actual reserve.

h) Assets Revaluation Reserve

Any reserve created from revaluation of assets (such as Property & Equipment, Intangible Assets, Investment Property) shall be presented under this heading. Revaluation reserves often serve as



a cushion against unexpected losses but may not be fully available to absorb unexpected losses due to the subsequent deterioration in market values and tax consequences of revaluation. During the FY 2080-81 the company has not revalued the land.

i) Capital Redemption Reserve

This head shall include the statutory reserve created for making payment towards Redeemable Non-Convertible Preference Shares.

j) Dividend Equalization Reserve

For the purpose of maintaining uniformity in dividend payment, certain amount of profit during the year of profit making may be transferred shall be presented under this account head. Dividend may be distributed by debiting this account with the approval of the Board of Directors and endorsed by the General meeting.

k) Investment Adjustment Reserve

It is a regulatory reserve created as a cushion for adverse price movements in bank's investments as directed by the Directives of Nepal Rastra Bank.

3.18.3. Share Premium

The amount of money collected on issue of shares in excess of its face value shall be presented under this heading. The outstanding amount in this account shall not be considered eligible for distribution of cash dividend.

Movement in Share Premium Account		
Particular	Amount	
Balance as on Shrawn 2080	19,703,286	
Add: Addition during FY 2080-81	-	
Less: Cost incurred in issue of unsubscribed Right Share during FY 2080-81	-	
Balance as on Ashad 2081	19,703,286	

3.18.4. Retained Earning

The accumulated profits which has not been distributed to shareholders and has been ploughed back in the licensed institutions' operations and is free for distribution of dividend to the shareholders shall be presented under this heading.

3.19. Earning per share including diluted

The Finance measures earning per share on the basis of the earning attributable to the equity shareholders for the Period. The number of shares is taken as the weighted average number of shares for the relevant period as required by NAS 33 Earnings per Share.

3.20. Segment reporting

Segment has been segregated based on the management function of Finance and accordingly, the seven states of Nepal are considered as the segments. Income and expenses directly related to such segments are reported. Assets and liabilities specific to those are presented as segment assets and liabilities. Income tax is not segregated.

Note 3.19.2 (d)

Movement in Regulatory Reserve (From FY 2074/75 and onwards)

Interest	Short loan loss provision	Short provision loan loss for possible provision losses on investment	Short Provision on NBA	Deferred Tax Assets	Goodwill	Gain on Bargain Purchase	Gain on Actuarial Bargain Loss Purchase Recognized	Fair Value Loss Recognized in OCI	Other	Total
			58,788,927							58,788,927
				3,606,791						3,606,791
			100,000	963,672						1,063,672
			31,367,900) 13,394,990	13,394,990					1,162,344	1,162,344 (16,599,963)
2078/79 6,090,048			22,112,000	2,038,161				12,969,065		43,209,274
2079/80 8,669,844			40,284,557	5,764,182			ı	(7,195,692)		47,522,891
2080/81 11,842,605			(7,884,131) 11,335,544	11,335,544				491,984		15,786,002
26,813,099	-	-	82,033,453 37,103,341	37,103,341	1	-	ı	6,265,357	1,162,344	1,162,344 153,377,594



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Cash & Cash equivalent

Note 4.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Cash in hand	34,344,979	53,005,122
Balances with B/FIs	446,363,538	356,271,812
Money at call and short notice	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	480,708,517	409,276,934

Due from Nepal Rastra Bank

Note 4.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Statutory balances with NRB	124,330,689	126,039,696
Securities purchased under resale agree-	-	-
ment		
Other deposit and receivable from NRB	-	-
Total	124,330,689	126,039,696
The amount Rs.11840.70 of o/w ips clearing	The amount Rs.11840.70 of o/w ips clearing and Rs.648163.82 of connect ips parking has been settled on	

The amount Rs.11840.70 of o/w ips clearing and Rs.648163.82 of connect ips parking has been settled on next day

Placements with Bank and Financial Institutions

Note 4.3

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Placement with domestic B/FIs	-	-
Placement with foreign B/FIs	-	-
Less: Allowances for impairment	-	-
Total	-	-

Derivative financial instruments

Note 4.4

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Held for Trading		
Interest rate swap	-	-
Currency swap	-	-
Forward exchange contract	-	-
Others	-	-
Held for risk management		
Interest rate swap	-	-
Currency swap	-	-
Forward exchange contract	-	-
Others	-	-
Total	-	-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Other trading assets

Note 4.5

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Treasury bills	-	-
Government bonds	-	-
NRB bonds	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	-	-
Equity securities	-	-
Other - Units of mutual funds	-	-
Total	-	-
Pledged		
Non-pledged		

Loan and advances to B/FIs

Note 4.6

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Loans to microfinance institutions	147,070,436	15,759,060
Other	-	-
Less: Allowances for impairment	(1,762,072)	(204,554)
Total	145,308,364	15,554,506

Allowances for impairment

Note 4.6.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Balance at Shrawan 1	204,554	261,635
Impairment loss for the year		
Charge for the year	1,557,518	(57,081)
Recoveries/reversal	-	-
Amount written off	-	-
Balance at Ashad end	1,762,072	204,554



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Loans and advances to customers

Note 4.7

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Loans and advances measured at amortized cost	1,661,066,790	1,600,460,715
Less: Impairment allowances		
Collective impairment	-	-
Individual Impairment	(219,167,250)	(87,279,661)
Net amount	1,441,899,541	1,513,181,054
Loan and advances measured at FVTPL	-	-
Total	1,441,899,541	1,513,181,054

Loans and advances includes staff loan at cost as well as net amount of accrued interest receivable and interest suspense on loan.

Loan classification and impairment allowance as per NRB Directive 2 is as follows:

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080	
Performing loan	1,398,221,188	1,487,346,684	
Good	1,098,294,558	1,043,943,085	
Watchlist	299,926,630	443,403,599	
Non-performing loan	348,044,834	71,514,102	
Substandard	133,470,366	4,288,842	
Doubtful	197,112,458	64,159,057	
Loss	17,462,009	3,066,203	
Total	1,746,266,022	1,558,860,786	
Add: loan to employees and Net AIR	(85,199,226)	41,599,930	
Total loan	1,661,066,795	1,600,460,715	

Impairment allowance

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Performing loan	42,246,727	56,363,663
Good	21,424,808	19,270,732
Watchlist	20,821,919	37,092,931
Non-performing loan	178,682,595	31,120,552
Substandard	64,297,125	342,860
Doubtful	105,859,473	30,011,141
Loss	8,525,997	766,551
Additional		
Total	220,929,322	87,484,215



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Analysis of loan and advances - By Product

Note 4.7.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080	
Product			
Term Loans	646,507,657	463,748,114	
Overdraft	114,758,033	189,454,699	
Cash Credit Loan	123,879,932	139,008,974	
Short Term Working Capital/Demand Loan	1,100,000	564,003	
Personal residential loans	122,396,724	183,446,022	
Real estate loans	110,368,134	137,313,616	
Margin lending loans	132,638,734	104,811,786	
Hire purchase loans	164,103,941	162,433,581	
Deprived sector loans	265,835,504	161,807,139	
Bills purchased	-	-	
Staff loans	17,810,153	30,427,439	
Other	64,677,363	537,960	
Sub Total	1,764,076,174	1,573,553,333	
Interest receivable	43,829,946	26,907,382	
Total	1,807,906,121	1,600,460,715	

Analysis of loan and advances - By Currency

Note 4.7.2

· / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080	
Nepalese rupee	1,807,906,121	1,600,460,715	
Indian rupee	-	-	
United State dollar	-	-	
Great Britain pound	-	-	
Euro	-	-	
Japanese yen	-	-	
Chinese Yuan	-	-	
Other	-	-	
Total	1,807,906,121	1,600,460,715	

Analysis of loan and advances - By Collateral

Note 4.7.3

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080	
Secured			
Movable/immovable assets	1,267,861,374	1,197,676,813	
Gold and silver	-	-	
Guarantee of domestic B/FIs	139,439,326	-	
Government guarantee	2,627,282	2,603,853	
Guarantee of international rated bank	-	-	
Collateral of export document	-	-	



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Collateral of fixed deposit receipt Collateral of Government securities	66,579,267	79,487,207
Counter guarantee	-	-
Personal guarantee	127,029,393	148,340,922
Other collateral	7,232,106	172,351,920
Sub Total	1,610,768,747	1,600,460,715
Unsecured	-	-
Total	1,610,768,747	1,600,460,715

Allowances for Impairment

Note 4.7.4

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Specific allowances for impairment		
Balance at Shrawan 1	87,279,661	44,176,788
Impairment loss for the year:		
Charge for the year	131,887,588	43,102,874
Recoveries/reversal during the year	-	0
Write-offs	-	-
Exchange rate variance on foreign currency	-	-
Other movement	-	-
Balance at Ashad end	219,167,250	87,279,661
Collective allowances for impairment		
Balance at Shrawan 1		
Impairment loss for the year:		
Charge/(reversal) for the year	-	-
Exchange rate variance on foreign currency	-	-
Other movement	-	-
Balance at Ashad end	-	-
Total allowances for impairment	219,167,250	87,279,661



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Investment Securities Note 4.8

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Investment securities measured at amortized cost	405,029,688	222,291,681
Investment in equity measured at FVTOCI	96,779,494	93,445,931
Total	501,809,181	315,737,612

Investment securities measured at amortized cost

Note 4.8.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080	
Debt securities	-	-	
Government bonds	121,375,000	51,673,617	
Government treasury bills	283,654,688	170,618,064	
Nepal Rastra Bank bonds	-	-	
Nepal Rastra Bank deposits instruments	-	-	
Other	-	-	
Less: specific allowances for impairment	-	-	
Total	405,029,688	222,291,681	

Investment in equity measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Note 4.8.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Equity instruments		
Quoted equity securities	90,572,330	87,458,882
Unquoted equity securities	6,207,164	5,987,049
Total	96,779,494	93,445,931



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Information relating to investment in equities

Note 4.8.3

Particulars	Ashad End 2081		Ashad End 2080	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Investment In Quoted Equity				
Measured at Fair Value through OCI				
Chhimek laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd	-	-	-	-
3 shares (Bonus Share)				
NERUDE Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd	-	595	-	-
125 shares of Rs. 1,118.14 each				
Sana Kisan Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd	-	-	-	-
72 shares of Rs. 1,391.46 each				
Nirdhan Uthan Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd Promotor Share	2,468,073	2,727,600	2,468,073	2,727,600
4,546 shares of Rs. 542.91 each				
Butwal Power Company Ltd	7,057,043	4,632,330	7,057,043	4,938,662
14,943 shares of Rs. 472.26 each				
Chilime Hydropower Company Ltd	704,727	705,870	704,727	740,646
1,380 shares of Rs. 510.67 each				
Rasuwagadhi Hydropower Company Ltd	1,001,020	694,725	1,001,020	706,500
2,355 shares of Rs. 425.06 each				
Sanjen Jalabidhyut Company Ltd	683,906	567,400	683,906	593,800
2,000 shares of Rs. 341.95 each				
NECO Insurance Company Ltd	1,714,388	1,344,288	1,714,388	1,432,889
1,608 shares of Rs. 1,066.16 each				
NLG Insurance Company Ltd	1,246,708	1,116,040	1,246,708	1,118,040
1,331 shares of Rs. 936.67 each				
Sagarmatha Lumbini Insurance Co. Limited	1,249,639	833,142	1,249,639	857,208
1,146 shares of Rs. 1,090.44 each				
Siddhartha Premier Insurance Limited	1,250,986	1,110,991	1,250,986	1,005,822
1,292 shares of Rs. 968.26 each				
Asian Life Insurance Company Ltd.	1,251,279	927,647	1,251,279	1,029,728
1,382 shares of Rs. 905.41 each				
SuryaJyoti Life Insurance Company Limited	1,248,752	680,962	1,248,752	875,960
1,436 shares of Rs. 869.6 each				
Himalayan Life Insurance	1,247,596	691,288	1,247,596	896,376
1,768 shares of Rs. 705.65 each				
National Life Insurance Company Ltd.	1,261,149	878,815	1,261,149	882,360
1,368 shares of Rs. 921.89 each				
Shivam Cements Limited	3,161,865	1,147,756	3,161,865	1,303,000
2,000 shares of Rs. 1,580.93 each				
SARBOTTAM CEMENT	226,565	455,673	-	-



Particulars	Particulars Ashad End 2081		Ashad End 2080	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
NIC Asia Dynamic Debt Fund	20,499,999	21,187,057	20,499,999	21,225,266
1,910,465 units of Rs. 10.73 each				
Citizen Mutual Fund-2	4,630,647	3,419,068	4,630,647	3,442,259
331,305 units of Rs. 13.98 each				
Citizen Mutual Fund-1	7,342,798	5,379,988	7,342,798	5,234,884
558,090 units of Rs. 13.16 each				
Prabhu Select Fund	3,000,000	2,937,000	3,000,000	2,655,000
300,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
NIC Asia Select 30	2,000,000	1,920,000	2,000,000	1,798,000
200,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Sunrise First Mutual Fund	2,747,321	1,945,800	-	-
188,000 units of Rs. 14.61 each				
Sanima Equity Fund	2,135,359	1,636,500	2,135,359	1,770,000
150,000 units of Rs. 14.24 each				
RBB Mutual Fund 1	2,000,000	1,632,000	2,000,000	1,616,000
200,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Mega Mutual Fund 1	3,000,000	2,316,000	3,000,000	2,397,000
300,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Nabil Balance Fund 3	166,800	130,104	166,800	126,268
16,680 units of Rs. 10 each				
NIBL Sahabhagita Fund	3,240,883	2,820,694	3,240,883	2,858,160
267,618 units of Rs. 12.11 each				
Kumari Dhanabriddhi Yojana	1,000,000	967,000	1,000,000	1,004,000
100,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
NIC Asia Flexi Cap Fund	1,000,000	925,000	1,000,000	1,017,000
100,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Global IME Balanced Fund-I	20,000,000	18,200,000	20,000,000	18,680,000
2,000,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Kumari Sunaulo Lagani Yojana	1,000,000	1,184,000	1,000,000	1,065,000
100,000 units of Rs. 10 each				
Himalayan 80-20	3,000,000	2,997,000	-	-
NIC Asia Growth Fund- 2	3,000,000	2,460,000	-	-
Total Investment In Quoted Equity	105,535,502	90,572,330	101,499,106	87,458,882
Investment In Unquoted Equity				
Measured at Fair Value through OCI				
Nepal Clearing House Ltd.	100,000	1,550,451	100,000	1,330,336
5,222 shares of Rs. 19.15 each				
Credit Information Bureau Ltd.	94,500	4,656,713	94,500	4,656,713
11,813 shares of Rs. 8 each				
Total Investment In Unquoted Equity	194,500	6,207,164	194,500	5,987,049
Total Investment In Equities	105,730,002	96,779,494	101,693,606	93,445,931



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Current tax assets Note 4.9

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Current tax assets		
Current Year income tax assets	2,216,348	248,314
Tax assets of prior periods	5,851,415	5,428,552
Current tax liabilities		
Current year income tax liabilities	-	-
Tax liabilities of prior periods	-	-
Total	8,067,763	5,676,865

Investment in subsidiaries

Note 4.10

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Investment in quoted subsidiaries	-	-
Investment in unquoted subsidiaries	-	-
Total investment	-	-
Less: Impairment allowances	-	-
Net Carrying Amount	-	-

Investment in associates

Note 4.11

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Investment in quoted associates	-	-
Investment in unquoted associates	-	-
Total investment	-	-
Less: Impairment allowances	-	-
Net Carrying Amount	-	-

Investment properties

Note 4.12

Title 11				
Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080		
Investment properties measured at fair value				
Balance as on Shrawan 1	-	-		
Addition/disposal during the year	-	-		
Net changes in fair value during the year	-	-		
Adjustment/transfer	-	-		
Net Amount	-	-		
Investment properties measured at cost				
Balance as on Shrawan 1	113,576,768	49,633,027		
Addition during the year	63,437,522.36	71,593,741		
Disposal during the year	(46,802,460)	(7,650,000)		
Adjustment/transfer	-	-		
Accumulated depreciation	-	-		
Accumulated impairment loss	-	-		
Net amount	130,211,831	113,576,768		
Total	130,211,831	113,576,768		



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Note 4.13

2,744,176 5,275,803 4,824,910 42,244,702 25,060,372 7,270,064 77,319,314 92,854,786 12,265,724 4,171,020 178,158,065 (110,740)170,063,360 **Ashad End** Equipment 2,589,395 3,005,578 5,946,386 5,299,243 430,915 3,051,548 318,696 965,839 462,153 -110740902,944 Machinery 180,673 Furniture 2,637,279 118,909 3,184,228 2,230,822 485,185 3,122,465 438,770 495,893 406,457 & Fixture 5,331,877 753,765 5,331,877 8,681,700 14,013,577 3,582,000 2,500,000 15,095,577 Vehicles 1,563,051 13,641,726 17,618,873 Computer & 7,939,058 9,603,338 4,038,388 4,286,056 308,909 1,502,624 1,805,288 1,664,280 Accessories Leasehold Properties 12,883,613 2,744,176 15,627,789 18,211,545 33,839,335 277,363 37,460,272 868,415 1,339,048 3,898,300 22,527,482 80,959,872 58,432,390 22,527,482 80,959,872 /ROU 18,540,000 18,540,000 11,269,936 7,270,064 18,540,000 Land Depreciation charge for the Year Balance as on Ashad end 2079 Balance as on Ashad end 2080 Balance as on Ashad end 2081 Depreciation and Impairment Addition during the Year Addition during the Year Disposal during the year Adjustment/Revaluation Addition during the Year Disposal during the year Adjustment/Revaluation Disposal during the year Adjustment/Revaluation Impairment for the year As on Shrawan 1, 2078 As on Shrawan 1, 2078 **Particulars** Capitalization Capitalization Capitalization Acquisition Acquisition Acquisition

Property and Equipment



Particulars	Land	Building / ROU Assets	Leasehold Properties	Computer & Accessories	Vehicles	Furniture & Fixture	Mach- inery	Mach- Equipment inery & Others	Ashad End 2081
Disposals	1	1	I	1	-	1	I	-	1
Adjustment	-	4,096,018	1	1	-	-	-	-	4,096,018
As on Ashad end 2079	-	4,096,018	2,207,463	3,307,912	2,316,816	934,663	-	1,333,859	14,196,731
Impairment for the year	-	1	I	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ı
Depreciation charge for the Year	-	1	1,480,126	1,855,969	1,072,830	457,622	1	746,909	5,613,457
Disposals	-	ı	I	I	1	ı	1	-	ı
Adjustment(ROU Assets)	-	7,549,252	1	1	1	1	1	-	7,549,252
As on Ashad end 2080	-	11,645,270	3,687,590	5,163,880	3,389,646	1,392,285	-	2,080,768	27,359,440
Impairment for the year									1
Depreciation charge for the Year	-		3,460,430	2,188,685	2,319,090	448,255	-	826,670	9,243,130
Disposals									1
Adjustment(ROU Assets)		8,453,508							8,453,508
As on Ashad end 2081	ı	20,098,778	7,148,019	7,352,565	5,708,737	1,840,540	-	2,907,438	45,056,078
Capital Work in Progress Net	I	ı	I	I	1	ı	1	I	1
Book Value									
As on Ashad end 2078	11,269,936	ı	12,015,199	6,436,434	3,768,827	1,792,053	-	1,686,451	36,968,899
As on Ashad end 2079	18,540,000	18,540,000 18,431,464	13,420,326	6,295,426	6,295,426 3,015,061	1,702,616	-	1,717,689	63,122,583
As on Ashad end 2080	18,540,000	18,540,000 69,314,602	30,151,745	8,477,846	8,477,846 10,623,931	1,730,179	-	3,865,618	142,703,921
As on Ashad end 2081	18,540,000	18,540,000 60,861,094	30,312,252	10,266,307	9,386,841	1,343,688	-	2,391,805	133,101,987



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

D 41 1	Software				
Particulars	Goodwill	Purchased	Developed	Other	Ashad End 2081
Cost					
As on Shrawan 1, 2078	-	3,467,838	-	-	3,467,838
Addition during the Year					-
Acquisition	-	233,910	-	-	233,910
Capitalization	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment/Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as on Ashad end 2079	-	3,701,748	-	-	3,701,748
Addition during the Year					
Acquisition	-	796,650	-	-	796,650
Capitalization	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal during the year	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment/Revaluation	-	12,026	-	-	12,026
Balance as on Ashad end 2080	-	4,510,424	-	-	4,510,424
Addition during the Year					
Acquisition		941,850			941,850
Capitalization					-
Disposal during the year					-
Adjustment/Revaluation					-
Balance as on Ashad end 2081		5,452,274	-	-	5,452,274
Amortization and Impairment	,				
As on Shrawan 1, 2078	-	536,149	-	-	536,149
Amortization charge for the Year	-	615,046	-	-	615,046
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-
As on Ashad end 2079	-	1,151,195	-	-	1,151,195
Amortization charge for the Year	-	629,420	-	-	629,420
Impairment for the year	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-
As on Ashad end 2080	-	1,780,615	-	-	1,780,615
Amortization charge for the Year					-
Impairment for the year		672,856			672,856
Disposals					-
Adjustment					-
As on Ashad end 2081		2,453,471	-	-	2,453,471
Capital Work in Progress Net Book Value	-	_	-		
As on Ashad end 2078	-	2,931,689	-	-	2,931,689
As on Ashad end 2079	-	2,550,553	-	-	2,550,553
As on Ashad end 2080	-	2,729,809	-	-	2,729,809
As on Ashad end 2081		2,998,803	-	_	2,998,803



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Deferred Tax Note 4.15

		Current Ye	ar
Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)
Deferred tax on temporary differences on following items			
Loan and Advance to B/FIs	-	-	-
Loans and advances to customers	-	1	-
Interest Receivable on Loans and advances	-	-	-
Investment properties	-	1	-
Investment securities	2,684,974	-	2,684,974.09
Property & equipment	-	21,805,517	(21,805,516.52)
Employees' defined benefit plan	2,296,970	-	2,296,969.83
Lease liabilities	20,295,488	-	20,295,487.72
Provisions	-	-	-
Other temporary differences	-	-	-
Deferred tax on temporary differences	25,277,432	21,805,517	3,471,915.12
Deferred tax on carry forward of unused tax losses	33,631,426		33,631,426.09
Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate			-
Net Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) as on year end of 2081			37,103,341.21
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) as on Shrawan 1, 2080			25,767,797.43
Origination/(Reversal) during the year			(11,335,543.78)
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in profit or loss			(11,124,693.78)
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income			(210,850.00)
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in directly in equity			-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

		Previous Yo	ear
Particulars	Deferred Tax Assets	Deferred Tax Liabilities	Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities)
Deferred tax on temporary differences on following items			
Loan and Advance to B/FIs	-	-	-
Loans and advances to customers	-	-	-
Interest Receivable on Loans and advances	-	-	-
Investment properties	-	-	-
Investment securities	2,474,302	-	2,474,302.50
Property & equipment	-	24,235,405	(24,235,404.92)
Employees' defined benefit plan	2,340,518	-	2,340,518.40
Lease liabilities	21,840,368	-	21,840,368.13
Provisions	-	-	-
Other temporary differences	-	2,181,019	(2,181,019.20)
Deferred tax on temporary differences	26,655,189	26,416,424	238,764.91
Deferred tax on carry forward of unused tax losses	25,529,033		25,529,032.53
Deferred tax due to changes in tax rate			-
Net Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) as on year end of 2080			25,767,797.43
Deferred tax asset/(liabilities) as on Shrawan 1, 2079 (Restated)			20,003,615.21
Origination/(Reversal) during the year			(5,764,182.22)
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in profit or loss			(8,848,050.22)
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in other comprehensive income			3,083,868.00
Deferred tax expense/(income) recognised in directly in equity			-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Other assets Note 4.16

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Assets held for sale	-	-
Other non banking assets	-	-
Bills receivable	-	-
Accounts receivable	163,052	8,845,639
Accrued income	-	-
Prepayments and deposit	9,624,101	8,729,842
Income tax deposit	-	-
Deferred employee expenditure	5,380,846	5,268,032
Other	24,594,768	12,983,893
Total	39,762,766	35,827,406

Due to Bank and Financial Institutions

Note 4.17

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Money market deposits	ı	-
Interbank borrowing	-	-
Other deposits from BFIs	-	-
Settlement and clearing accounts	-	-
Other deposits from BFIs	153,969,560	354,755,041
Total	153,969,560	354,755,041

Due to Nepal Rastra Bank

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Refinance from NRB	-	-
Standing Liquidity Facility	-	-
Lender of last report facility from NRB	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	-	-
Other payable to NRB	-	-
Total	-	-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Derivative financial instruments

Note 4.19

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Held for trading		
Interest rate swap	-	-
Currency swap	-	-
Forward exchange contract	-	-
Others	-	-
Held for risk management		
Interest rate swap	-	-
Currency swap	-	-
Forward exchange contract	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	-	-

Deposits from customers

Note 4.20

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Institutions customers:		
Term deposits	541,558,000	329,620,000
Call deposits	215,462,270	163,696,966
Current deposits	24,356,800	65,952,310
Other	-	-
Individual customers:		
Term deposits	997,937,240	683,849,356
Call deposits	-	-
Current deposits	18,703,470	55,452,705
Other	507,528,590	312,072,649
Total	2,305,546,370	1,610,643,985

Currency wise analysis of deposit from customers

Note 4.20.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Nepalese rupee	2,305,546,370	1,610,643,985
Indian rupee	-	-
United State dollar	-	-
Great Britain pound	-	-
Euro	-	-
Japanese yen	-	-
Chinese yuan	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	2,305,546,370	1,610,643,985



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Borrowing Note 4.21

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Domestic Borrowing		
Nepal Government	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-
Other	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Foreign Borrowing		
Foreign Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-
Multilateral Development Banks	-	-
Other Institutions	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Total	-	-

Provisions Note 4.22

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Provisions for redundancy	-	-
Provision for restructuring	-	-
Pending legal issues and tax litigation	-	-
Onerous contracts	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	-	-

Provisions Note 4.22.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Balance at Shrawan 1	-	-
Provisions made during the year	-	-
Provisions used during the year	-	-
Provisions reversed during the year	-	-
Unwind of discount	-	-
Total	-	-

Other liabilities Note 4.23

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Employees defined benefit obligations/(assets)*	70,044	2,599,659
Liability for long-service leave**	7,586,522	5,202,069
Short-term employee benefits	506,126	158,364
Bills payable	-	-
Creditors and accruals	8,769,534	8,243,921



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Interest payable on deposit	12,995	7,427
Interest payable on borrowing	-	-
Liabilities on deferred grant income	-	-
Unpaid Dividend	137,082	137,082
Liabilities under Finance Lease	-	-
Employee bonus payable	-	-
Other	30,330,192	16,700,183
Lease Liabilities	67,651,626	72,801,227
Total	115,064,121	105,849,931
*Liability for employees defined benefit obligation represents gratuity liability. Please refer Note 2.4.7 for measurement basis.		

Defined benefit obligations

NOTE 4.23.1

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Present value of unfunded obligations	6,252,506	5,844,338
Present value of funded obligations	-	-
Total present value of obligations	6,252,506	5,844,338
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Present value of net obligations	6,252,506	5,844,338
"Recognised liability for defined benefit obligations"	6,252,506	5,844,338

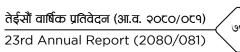
Plan assets Note 4.23.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Equity securities	-	-
Government bonds	-	1
Bank deposit	-	-
Other (in Gratuity Scheme with Citizen Investment Trust)	-	-

Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligations

Note 4.23.3

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Defined benefit obligations at Shrawan 1	5,844,338.00	3,758,919.00
Actuarial losses/(gains)	(935,747.00)	313,571.00
Benefits paid by the plan	(601,956.00)	(72,808.00)
Current service costs and interest	1,945,871.00	1,844,656.00
Defined benefit obligations at Ashad end	6,252,506.00	5,844,338.00



^{**}Please refer Note 2.4.7 for measurement basis.



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Movement in the fair value of plan assets

Note 4.23.4

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Fair value of plan assets at Shrawan 1	-	-
Contributions paid into the plan	-	-
Benefits paid during the year	-	-
Actuarial (losses)/gains	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	-	-
Fair value of plan assets at Ashad end	-	-

Amount recognised in profit or loss

Note 4.23.5

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Current service costs	1,447,914	1,534,386
Interest on obligation	497,957	310,270
Remeasurement on Obligation and Plan Assets	(935,747)	313,571
Total	1,010,124	2,158,227

Amount recognised in other comprehensive income

Note 4.23.6

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Actuarial (gain)/loss	-	•
TOTAL	-	-

Actuarial assumptions

Note 4.23.7

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Discount rate	9%	9%
Expected return on plan asset	-	-
Future salary increase	8%	8%
Withdrawal rate	15%	15%



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Debt securities issued Note 4.24

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Debt securities issued designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	-
Debt securities issued at amortised cost	-	-
Total	-	-

Subordinated Liabilities

Note 4.25

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Redeemable preference shares	-	-
Irredeemable cumulative preference shares	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	-	-

Share capital Note 4.26

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Ordinary shares	818,911,400	818,911,400
Convertible preference shares (equity component)	-	-
Irredeemable preference shares (equity component)	-	-
Perpetual debt (equity component only)	-	-
Total	818,911,400	818,911,400

Ordinary shares Note 4.26.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Authorized Capital		
82,00,000 Ordinary share of Rs. 100 each	820,000,000	820,000,000
Issued capital		
81,89,114 Ordinary share of Rs. 100 each	818,911,400	818,911,400
Subscribed and paid up capital		
81,89,114 Ordinary share of Rs. 100 each	818,911,400	818,911,400
Total	818,911,400	818,911,400



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Ordinary share ownership

Note 4.26.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081		Ashad End 2081 As		Ashad	had End 2080	
Particulars	Percent Amount		Percent	Amount			
Domestic ownership							
Nepal Government	-	-	-	-			
"A" class licensed institutions	-	-	-	-			
Other licensed institutions	-	1	-	-			
Other Institutions	-	-	-	-			
Public	40.63%	332,753,000	40.63%	332,753,000			
Other (Promotor)	59.37%	486,158,400	59.37%	486,158,400			
Foreign ownership							
Total	100.00%	818,911,400	100.00%	818,911,400			

Shareholders holding 0.5% shares and above

S.N.	Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares	Holding %
1	Shiva Prasad Ghimire	720,882	8.80%
2	Indra Bahadur Thapa	549,055	6.70%
3	Bhesh Raj Lohani	477,652	5.83%
4	Suchitra Sijapati	410,441	5.01%
5	Gopini Sanjel	299,077	3.65%
6	Bidusha Ojha	153,340	1.87%
7	Diwakar Kucheria	153,000	1.87%
8	Phadendra Prasad Acharya	134,000	1.64%
9	Nepa Petroleum Trade Links Pvt Ltd	120,147	1.47%
10	Binod Pokhrel	120,147	1.47%
11	Uma Lamichhane	111,813	1.37%
12	Hema Kumari Lohani	91,119	1.11%
13	Sudip Ghimire	72,050	0.88%
14	Bhagwan Das Manandhar	67,731	0.83%
15	Rays Capital And Investment Company Ltd	60,000	0.73%
16	Dhan Kumari Prasai	54,000	0.66%
17	Nava Raj Raut	49,914	0.61%
18	Rajnish Kumar Singh	46,500	0.57%
19	Bhaskar Neuphane	46,180	0.56%
20	Dilip Poudyal	46,180	0.56%



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Reserves Note 4.27

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Statutory general reserve	97,164,622	97,164,622
Exchange equalisation reserve	-	-
Corporate social responsibility reserve	-	-
Capital redemption reserve	-	-
Regulatory reserve	153,377,594	137,591,593
Investment adjustment reserve	-	-
Capital reserve	-	-
Assets revaluation reserve	5,089,045	5,089,045
Fair value reserve	(6,265,357)	(5,773,373)
Dividend equalisation reserve	-	-
Actuarial gain / (loss)	-	-
Special reserve	-	-
Other reserve	1,062,739	440,317
Total	250,428,643	234,512,204

Movement of Specific Reserve

Note 4.27.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Corporate social responsibility reserve		
Opening	-	2,278
Addition for the year	-	-
Utilization during the year	-	2,278
Closing	-	-
Training reserve		
Opening	440,316	67,801
Addition for the year	1,413,343	1,053,691
Utilization during the year	1,231,238	681,175
Closing	622,422	440,316

Composition and Movement of Regulatory Reserve

Note 4.27.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Provision for NBA		
Deferred Tax Assets		
AIR transferred		
Earlier year deferred tax liability		
TOTAL	-	-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Contingent liabilities and commitments

Note 4.28

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Contingent liabilities	-	-
Undrawn and undisbursed facilities	-	-
Capital commitment	-	-
Lease Commitment	-	-
Litigation	-	-
Total	-	-

Contingent liabilities

Note 4.28.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Acceptance and documentary credit	-	-
Bills for collection	-	-
Forward exchange contracts	-	-
Guarantees	-	-
Underwriting commitment	-	-
Other commitments	-	-
Total	-	-

Undrawn and undisbursed facilities

Note 4.28.2

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Undisbursed amount of loans	-	-
Undrawn limits of overdrafts	-	-
Undrawn limits of credit cards	-	-
Undrawn limits of letter of credit	-	-
Undrawn limits of guarantee	-	-
Total	-	-

Capital commitments

Note 4.28.3

Capital expenditure approved by relevant authority of the bank but provision has not been made in financial statements.

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Capital commitments in relation to Property and Equipment		
Approved and contracted for	-	-
Approved but not contracted for	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Capital commitments in relation to Intangible assets		
Approved and contracted for	-	-



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Approved but not contracted for	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Total	-	-

Lease commitments Note 4.28.4

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Operating lease commitments		
Future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating lease, where the bank is lessee	-	-
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	-
Later than 5 years	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Finance lease commitments		
Future minimum lease payments under non cancellable operating lease, where the bank is lessee	-	-
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	-
Later than 5 years	-	-
Sub total	-	-
Total	-	-

Litigation Note 4.28.5

The finance company's litigations are generally related to its ordinary course of business pending on various

jurisdictions. There is no legal claim with financial impact to the Company.



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Interest income Note 4.29

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Cash and cash equivalent	-	-
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Placement with bank and financial institutions	5,118,788	13,372,436
Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions	-	2,610,524
Loans and advances to customers	224,089,289	217,567,339
Investment securities	18,003,064	19,406,873
Loan and advances to staff	4,350,909	4,503,501
Other	-	-
Total interest income	251,562,050	257,460,673

Interest expense Note 4.30

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Due to bank and financial institutions	119,959	17,639,735
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	299,712	7,264,749
Deposits from customers	165,126,924	157,477,570
Borrowing	-	-
Debt securities issued	-	-
Subordinated liabilities	-	-
Other(Finance Cost on lease liability)	4,935,029	4,463,154
Total interest expense	170,481,624	186,845,208

Fees and Commission Income

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Loan administration fees	6,253,803	4,686,098
Service fees	35,017	4,177
Consortium fees	-	-
Commitment fees	-	-
DD/TT/Swift fees	-	-
Credit card/ATM issuance and renewal fees	-	-
Prepayment and swap fees	45,399	172,433
Investment banking fees	-	-
Asset management fees	-	-
Brokerage fees	-	-
Remittance fees	364,381	38,643
Commission on letter of credit	-	-
Commission on guarantee contracts issued	-	-
Commission on share underwriting/issue	-	-
Locker rental	-	-
Other fees and commission income	409,284	1,207,983
Total fees and commission income	7,107,883	6,109,334



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Fees and commission expense

Note 4.32

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
ATM management fees	-	-
VISA/Master card fees	-	-
Guarantee commission	-	-
Brokerage	-	-
DD/TT/Swift fees	-	-
Remittance fees and commission	-	-
Other fees and commission expense	-	-
Total fees and commission expense	-	-

Net trading income

Note 4.33

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Changes in fair value of trading assets	-	-
Gain/(loss) on disposal of trading assets	-	-
Interest income on trading assets	-	-
Dividend income on trading assets	-	-
Gain/(loss) foreign exchange transaction	-	-
Other	-	-
Net trading income	-	-

Other operating income

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Foreign exchange revaluation gain	-	-
Gain/loss on sale of investment securities	(837,009.22)	-
Fair value gain/loss on investment properties	-	-
Dividend on equity instruments	4,667,589.26	1,102,773.63
Gain/loss on sale of property and equipment	1,407,163.00	(35,345.28)
Gain/loss on sale of investment property	-	-
Operating lease income	-	-
Gain/loss on sale of gold and silver	-	-
Locker rent	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	5,237,743.04	1,067,428.35



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Impairment charge/(reversal) for loan and other losses

Note 4.35

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to B/FIs	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on loan and advances to customer	133,445,106.69	43,045,792.52
Impairment charge/(reversal) on financial Investment	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on Other Assets	226,333.26	1,110,945.22
Impairment charge/(reversal) on property and equipment	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on goodwill and intangible assets	-	-
Impairment charge/(reversal) on investment properties	-	-
Total	133,671,439.95	44,156,737.74

Personnel Expense

Note 4.36

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Salary	30,690,831.75	28,363,532.35
Allowances	22,461,650.40	18,747,912.57
Gratuity expense	506,125.90	-
Provident fund/SSF Contribution	5,990,212.49	5,272,005.72
Uniform	698,100.05	959,499.98
Training and development expense	1,231,237.88	613,374.67
Leave encashment	4,519,015.66	3,523,120.00
Medical	2,988,572.83	3,243,740.55
Insurance	-	-
Employees incentive	-	-
Cash-settled share-based payments	-	-
Pension expense	-	-
Finance expense under NFRS	1,759,875.45	1,452,013.16
Other expenses related to staff	92,008.61	709,076.96
Subtotal	70,937,631.02	62,884,275.96
Employees bonus	-	-
Total	70,937,631.02	62,884,275.96

Other operating expense

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Directors' fee	671,000.00	1,079,000.00
Directors' expense	517,735.51	542,288.06
Auditors' remuneration	858,800.04	717,550.04
Other audit related expense	936,543.00	918,191.80
Professional and legal expense	1,130,434.32	1,351,962.24
Office administration expense (Refer 4.37.1)	34,980,653.00	30,405,756.00
Operating lease expense	162,348.05	2,940,000.07
Operating expense of investment properties	-	-
Corporate social responsibility expense	166,966.89	281,693.21
Onerous lease provisions	-	-
Other	-	-
TOTAL	39,424,480.81	38,236,441.42



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Office administration expense

Note 4.37.1

Office administration expense		Note 4.37.1
Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Water and electricity	3,013,272	2,714,953
Valuation fees	25,610	
Repair and maintenance		
(a) Building	-	-
(b) Vehicle	456,828	340,063
(c) Computer and accessories	253,799	241,744
(d) Office equipment and furniture	701,324	856,355
(e) Other	41,641	58,605
Insurance	1,897,408	1,515,287
Postage, telex, telephone, fax	3,379,403	2,357,430
Printing and stationery	1,774,750	1,599,137
News paper, books and journals	16,580	15,575
Advertisement	2,634,941	2,573,288
Donation	-	-
Security expense	4,731,962	5,424,376
Deposit and loan guarantee premium	-	-
Travel allowance and expense	1,677,211	2,102,182
Entertainment	-	17,720
Annual / Special general meeting expense	230,316	340,666
Other		
(a) Office expense	1,043,867	1,010,732
(b) Business Promotion expense	1,791,953	1,954,107
(c) Fuel expense	3,268,906	2,853,181
(d) Registration and Renewal expense	3,484,715	2,250,428
(e) Cleaning expense	154,061	103,985
(f) Bank charges	187,964	174,681
(g) Festival expense	192,957	203,283
(h) Incentives	51,645	171,900
(i) Other expenses	3,969,540	1,526,080
TOTAL	34,980,653	30,405,756

Depreciation & Amortization

Note 4.38

- ·r-·		
Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Depreciation on property and equipment	17,696,638	14,088,953
Depreciation on investment property	-	-
Amortization of intangible assets	672,856	629,420
Total	18,369,495	14,718,374

Non operating income

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Recovery of loan written off	21,661,632	5,037,903
Other income	251,469	1,783,220
Total	21,913,101	6,821,124



For the year ended Ashad 2081

Non operating expense

Note 4.40

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Loan written off	183,911	3,597,689
Redundancy provision	-	-
Expense of restructuring	-	-
Other expense	-	-
Total	183,911	3,597,689

Income tax expense

Note 4.41

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Current tax expense		
Current year	-	-
Adjustment for previous years	-	-
Deferred tax expense		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(11,124,693.78)	(8,848,050)
Changes in tax rate	-	-
Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses	-	-
Total income tax expense	(11,124,694)	(8,848,050)

Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit

Note 4.41.1

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
Profit before tax	(147,247,803)	(78,915,172)
Tax amount at tax rate of 30%	-	-
Add: Tax effect of expense that are not deductible for tax purpose	-	-
Less: Tax effect on exempt income	-	-
Add/Less: Tax effect on other items	(11,124,693.78)	-8848050.222
Total income tax expense	(11,124,694)	(8,848,050)
Effective tax rate	7.56%	11.21%



Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss

For the year ended Ashad 2081 (As per NRB Regulation)

Particulars	Ashad End 2081	Ashad End 2080
	(125,122,110)	(70.047.100)
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	(136,123,110)	(70,067,122)
Appropriations:		
a. General reserve	-	
b. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	-	-
c. Capital redemption reserve	-	-
d. Corporate social responsibility fund	-	<u>-</u>
e. Employees' training fund	(622,422)	(440,316)
f. Other	-	(5,989,208)
Profit or (loss) before regulatory adjustment	(136,745,531)	(76,496,646)
Regulatory adjustment :		
a. Interest receivable (-)/previous accrued interest received (+)	(11,842,605)	(8,669,844)
b. Short loan loss provision in accounts (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
d. Short loan loss provision on Non Banking Assets (-)/reversal (+)	7,884,131	(40,284,557)
e. Deferred tax assets recognised (-)/ reversal (+)	(11,335,544)	(5,764,182)
f. Goodwill recognised (-)/ impairment of Goodwill (+)	-	-
g. Bargain purchase gain recognised (-)/resersal (+)	-	-
h. Acturial loss recognised (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
i. Other (+/-) (Fair Value gain/(Loss))	(491,984)	7,195,692
Net profit for the year end 31 Ashad 2080 available for distribution	(152,531,534)	(124,019,538)
Opening Retained Earning as on Shrawan 1 2080	(439,269,534)	(315,892,265)
Adjustment (+/-) (Prior Period)	(26,605,093)	642,269
Distributions:	• 1	
Bonus Shares issued	-	-
Cash Dividend Paid	-	-
Total Distributable profit or (Loss) as on 31 Ashad 2081	(618,406,161)	(439,269,534)
Annualised distributable Profit/Loss per Share	(75.52)	(53.64)
•	. ,	• •



Samriddhi Finance Company Limited

Notes to Financial Statements

5. Disclosure and Additional Information

5.1. Risk Management

The Finance's business activities expose to a variety of risks, namely primarily to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, liquidity risk, operational risk and credit risk, which may adversely impact the f value of its financial instruments and in overall, impact the financial performance and position of Finance. The Finance's Board and senior management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Finance's risk management. The Finance's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Finance, to set appropriate risk limits (tolerance limit) and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.\

Board Level Risk Management Committee

"The Board is the one who set policy, strategy and objectives, and oversee the executive function. It sets risk appetite and ensures that it is reflected in business strategy and cascaded throughout the organization. For the effective risk management, Board has formed a board level committee called Risk Management Committee (RMC) which assists the board in setting risk strategy policies, including risk tolerance and appetite levels, as stipulated by Nepal Rastra Bank. It devises the risk management policy of the bank including credit, market and operational risk, risk integration, implementation of best risk management practices and setting up various risk limits of the bank. The Committee receives reports from management and after discussion and deliberations reaches in a conclusion that existing action taken by the management are appropriate or elevate the situations to the Board where further action is required with its recommendation."

Risk Governance

Bank has prepared and implemented policies and procedures to mitigate the risk at enterprises level arising to the bank and has inculated risk culture among the employees by establishing ownership mentality, capacity building programs, well defined job responsibilities and inhabiting good ethical culture. Through Risk Management Framework, the finance seeks to efficiently manage credit, market and liquidity risks which arise directly through the finance commercial activities as well as operational, regulatory and reputational risks which arise as a normal consequence of any business undertaking.

The risk management committee is responsible for the establishment of, and compliance with, policies relating to management risk, supply risk, production risk, demand risk and collection risk. The finance risk governance structure is such that the responsibility for maintaining risk within the finance risk blanket is cascaded down from the Board to the appropriate functional, client business, senior management and committees. Information regarding material risk issues and compliance with policies and standards is communicated through the business, functional, senior management and committees.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the probability of loss due to a borrower's failure to make payments on the loan provided by the Finance. This directly impacts the financial performance of Finance. Motive of credit risk management is to gain a complete understanding of a Finance's overall credit risk by viewing risk at the individual, customer and portfolio levels so that mitigating measures could be applied at desired levels.

Credit policy, product papers are the primary documented matters that are directly linked to credit risk management. The policies and procedures to be followed are in documented form defining roles and responsibilities of the personnel involved that provides a degree to autonomy on the evaluation and



analysis of individual borrower. Credit Administration Department, Risk Management Department function to supervise risk on overall level.

Each prospective borrower is thoroughly analysed on his/her past, current status and future endeavours in order to ensure that borrower has capacity of repayment, before a credit is approved. Sufficient adequate collateral is obtained for all approved credit. Depending on the risk assigned to borrower, subsequent monitoring is being done. For similar group of borrowers, credit portfolio is prepared based on sector of loan.

The tools being used by Finance to assess overall credit risk is the ratio of non-performing loan to total loan on each loan sector.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of happening of potential loss on assets of the Finance due to market factors. Market factors mainly comprise of interest rate, foreign exchange and collateral price. This risk is not entirely manageable as it encompasses factors that are not wholly within the control of Finance and arises on transaction with customers. In general, management of this type of risk is by diversification.

Finance has the objective of effective risk management by way of risk identification, measurement, monitoring, management and analysis.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk of increased volatility due to changes in interest rate. Our nation has seen frequent and high changes in interest rate on deposit in the recent years with interest rate skyrocketing on few months time. Managing this risk is itself a huge challenge because fund diversion from one to Finance to another Finance is of high probability. Finance has been focusing on raising fixed term deposits with fixed interest rate in order to lock the available liquidity/deposit for specified period.

Foreign Exchange Risk: Foreign exchange risk is the risk of changes in exchange rates of convertible foreign currencies. This risk mainly arises from changes in exchange rate of US Dollars. Finance does not have any transaction in foreign currency.

Equity Price Risk: Finance has secured its loan by way of obtaining lien over the collateral of borrower.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that either Finance does not have financial resource to meet its obligations when due or could access to those resources at excessively high cost. Liquidity risk is managed by complying with the Directives and circulars issued by regulatory authority on time to time basis. CRR and SLR are now maintained after release of the status of Problematic Financial Institution as per regulatory requirement and periodic status of liquidity profile are prepared to analyse liquidity status. Assets Liability Management Committee is formed at Finance.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is potential for loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or external events. Risk Management Department is in place to monitor and mitigate operational risk. Standard operating procedures are prepared and implemented in order to define the process, people and system involved in each operational matters with existence of four eyes on each transaction (maker and cheker function). Finance has formed the Audit Committee for internal audit.

Information Technology Risk

Information technology risk refers to the risk arising from use of information technology. It includes hardware and software failure, human error on using IT, spam, virus, malicious attacks and also includes natural disaster. IT is integral part of operation of Finance and Finance has to rely heavily on IT. In order to minimize the risk related to IT, Finance has in place Business Continuity Plan.



Other Risk

The ever-changing environment gives rise to various new risks. Some of this include reputational risk, human resource risk, compliance risk etc. The risks are being evaluated and managed on daily/periodic basis by way of implementing mitigating measures. Nevertheless, the Risk Management Committee/Compliance Department remains vigilant towards each risk.

Internal Control

The Board is responsible for ensuring the finance has appropriate internal framework in place that supports the achievement of the strategies and objectives. The various functions of the finance should be looked upon with a view to establish a proper control mechanism is in place during expansion and growth which enables it to maximize profitable business opportunities, avoid or reduce risks which can cause loss or reputational damage, ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and enhance resiliance to external events.

The Board has set policies and procedures of risk identification, risk evaluation, risk mitigation and control/monitoring, in line with the NRB Directives and ensure that has been effectively implemented in the finance.

5.2. Capital Management

5.2.1. Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy

A. Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy of Finance is as follows

Capital Core			(Rs. in '000)
S.N.	Description	Current Year	Previous Year
1	Paid up Capital (ordinary shares)	818,911	818,911
2	Proposed bonus share	-	-
3	Share premium	19,703	19,703
4	Irredeemable preferential share	-	-
5	General Reserve Fund	97,165	97,165
6	Accumulated profit/loss (Retained earnings)	(618,321)	(439,270)
7	Profit & loss a/c as per balance-sheet		
8	Capital Redemption Reserve Fund	-	-
9	Capital Adjustment Fund	-	1
10	Other Free Reserves	-	-
Deduc	tions:	-	-
a	Goodwill	-	1
ь	Deferred tax assets	-	1
С	Investment on shares and securities in excess of limits	-	-
d	Investment to the company having financial interests	-	-
e	Fictitious Asset	-	-
f	Investment on land and building for self use not complying the Directives of NRB	18,540	18,540.00



g	Investment on land development and housing construction in excess of limits	-	-
h	Underwriting share not sold within the stipulated time	-	-
i	Credit and other facilities banned by the prevailing laws	-	-
Total (Core Capital (i)	298,919	477,970
Suppl	ementary capital		(Rs. in '000)
S.N.	Description	Current Year	Previous Year
- 1 11	-		
1	Provisions of loan loss made for pass loan	35,427	36,692
2	Additional loan loss provision		
3	Hybrid capital instruments	-	0.00
4	Unsecured Subordinated Term Debt	-	0.00
5	Exchange Equalization Fund	-	0.00
6	Assets revaluation Fund (max. 2% of Supplementary capital is added automatically)	-	0.00
7	Investment adjustment Fund	-	0.00
Total S	Supplementary Capital (ii)	35,427	36,692
Total	Capital Fund (i+ii)	334,346	514,662
Capita	l Adequacy Ratio		
1	Capital Fund maintained (in %)	14.98%	22.25%
2	Core Capital maintained (in %)	13.39%	20.67%

Summary of the bank's internal approach to assess the adequacy of its capital to support current and future activities, if applicable:

SFCL has adopted sound risk management framework taking into account of guidelines prescribed by Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and Risk Management Guidelines of SFCL ensuring soundness of capital position and sustainability of the business.

Considering the requirements to promulgate policies and procedures to safeguard the assets and liability of company, SFCL Board of Directors has approved different policies which provides guidance on independent identification, measurement and management of risks across various businesses. Finance's different committees like Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee review the business and risks periodically and take account of stress test results, scenario analysis so as to align risk, return and capital in sustainable manner. Basel II disclosures have been complied with, addressing the risks and adopting measures to minimize their impact. Increasing complexities in risks, vulnerabilities of businesses and fast changing world with intense competition pose a threat to sustainability. In order to address the varieties of risk that keeps coming out of business operations, company has identified different risks and adopted different measures to minimize them. Capital planning is an integral part of the finance's medium term strategic planning and annual budget formulation process. Total risk weighted exposures for the projected level of business operations is calculated, the required capital level is projected and a plan is formulated to retain the required capital. Ever since its establishment, the company has been able to generate and retain substantial earnings in order to ensure adequate capital formation, as required for its business growth. The company is well capitalized and able to maintain the required capital through internal generation, and equally through capital markets if needed.



Summary of the terms, conditions and main features of all capital instruments, especially in case of subordinated term debts including hybrid capital instruments:

Not Applicable B. Risk Exposure

Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit, Market and Operational Risk

(Rs. in '000)

S.N.	Description	Current Year	Previous Year
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	2,150,521	2,138,944
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	108,124	84,806
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	-	-
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit, Market and tional Risk	2,258,645	2,223,750

Risk weighted Exposure under each categories of Credit Risk

(Rs. in '000)

S.N.	Description	Current Year	Previous Year
1	Claims on domestic banks that meet capital adequacy requirements	117,653	73,890
2	Claims on Domestic Corporates	62,107	392,675
3	Regulatory Retail Portfolio (Not Overdue)	55,739	42,338
4	Claims fulfilling all criterion of regularity retail except granularity	191,280	183,125
5	Claims secured by residential properties	38,401	95,589
6	Claims secured by residential properties (Overdue)	-	17,831
7	Past due claims (except for claims secured by residential properties)	1,039,603	268,833
8	High Risk claims	190,837	613,343
9	Lending Against Securities (Bonds & Shares)	132,639	32,400
10	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions listed in stock exchange	99,326	89,065
11	Investments in equity and other capital instruments of institutions not listed in the stock exchange	14,410	8,507
12	Staff loan secured by residential property	4,356	9,157
13	Other Assets (as per attachment)	200,048	296,839
14	Off Balance sheet Exposure	4,122	15,351
Total I	Risk Weight Exposure for Credit Risk	2,150,521	2,138,944

Risk weighted Exposure Calculation Table

(Rs. in '000)

S.N.	Description	Current Year	Previous Year
1	Risk Weighted Exposure for Credit Risk	2,150,521	2,138,944
2	Risk Weighted Exposure for Operational Risk	108,124	84,806
3	Risk Weighted Exposure for Market Risk	-	-
Total I	Risk Weight Exposure (before adjustment of Pillar II)	2,258,645	2,223,750



Adjustment under Pillar II

Total I	Risk Weight Exposure (after adjustment of Pillar II)	2,258,645	2,312,700
5	SRP 6.4a (10) Desired level of disclosure requirement has not been achieved. Add% of RWE	-	-
4	SRP 6.4a (9) If overall risk management policies and precedures are not satisfactory. Add 4% of RWE	-	88,950
3	SRP 6.4a (7) Add RWE equvalent to reciprocal of capital charge of% of gross income.	-	-
2	SRP 6.4a (6) Add% of the total deposit due to insufficient Liquid Assets	ı	-
1	SRP 6.4a (5) ALM policies & practices are not satisfactory, add% of net interest income to RWE	-	-

Amount of NPA's (Both Gross and Net)

(Rs. in '000)

Category	Gross	Provision	Net
Substandard Loan	133,470	64,297	69,173
Doubtful Loan	197,112	105,859	91,253
Loss Loan	17,462	8,526	8,936
Total	348,045	178,683	169,362

NPA Ratios

Particulars	%
Gross NPA to Gross Loan and Advances	19.93%
Net NPA to Net Loan and Advances	11.10%

Movement of Non Performing Assets

(Rs. in '000)

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year	Net
Substandard Loan	133,470	4,289	129,182
Doubtful Loan	197,112	64,159	132,953
Loss Loan	17,462	3,066	14,396
Total	348,045	71,514	276,531

5.3. Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The method of determination of f value of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Finance at three levels (level one, level two and level three) has been disclosed in Note 3.4.5. Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities is done as mentioned in Note 3.4.2.

F value measurement is done for investment in shares. F value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities at each reporting dates for the financial instruments presented in statement of financial position is as follows:



As at Ashad end 2081

Particulars	Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalent	AC			480,708,517
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	AC			124,330,689
Loans and advances to customers	AC			145,308,364
Investment securities				
Quoted shares	FVOCI			90,572,330
Unquoted shares	FVOCI			6,207,164
Other Investment	AC			405,029,688
Other Assets- Account Receivable	AC			163,052
Total Financial Assets		-	-	1,252,319,803
Pin on siel Tiekilisier				
Financial Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	AC			152 060 560
				153,969,560
Deposits from customers	AC			2,305,546,370
Other Liabilities	AC			115,064,121
Total Financial Liabilities		-	-	2,574,580,051
As at Ashad end 2080				
110 at 11011aa C11a 2000				
Particulars	Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Particulars	Classification AC	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3 409,276,934
Particulars Financial Assets		Level 1	Level 2	
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent	AC	Level 1	Level 2	409,276,934
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	AC AC	Level 1	Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers	AC AC	Level 1	Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities	AC AC AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares	AC AC AC FVOCI		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares	AC AC AC FVOCI FVOCI		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment	AC AC AC FVOCI FVOCI		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets	AC AC AC FVOCI FVOCI		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities	AC AC AC FVOCI FVOCI AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639 875,454,387
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	AC AC FVOCI FVOCI AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639 875,454,387
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Institutions Deposits from customers	AC AC FVOCI FVOCI AC AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639 875,454,387 354,755,041 1,610,643,985
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	AC AC FVOCI FVOCI AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639 875,454,387
Particulars Financial Assets Cash and cash equivalent Due from Nepal Rastra Bank Loans and advances to customers Investment securities Quoted shares Unquoted shares Other Investment Other Assets- Account Receivable Total Financial Assets Financial Liabilities Due to Bank and Financial Institutions Deposits from customers Other Liabilities	AC AC FVOCI FVOCI AC AC		Level 2	409,276,934 126,039,696 15,554,506 87,458,882 5,987,049 222,291,681 8,845,639 875,454,387 354,755,041 1,610,643,985 105,849,931



5.4. Operating Segment Information

5.4.1. General Information

Finance's management has identified its operating segments based on the management of its branches and offices. In line with this, 3 different segments are identified based on 7 Provinces of Nepal on geographical separation basis. The operation, risk, transactions, etc. are more inclined on similiar manner on a particular state. All the related income and expenses of such segments are presented in the segment information. Equity, staff bonus, NFRS adjustments and income tax are not segregated and are included in central account. Intra-segment transactions are eliminated. Finance company has presence in five provinces namely; Province 1, Madhesh Province, Bagmati Province, Gandaki Province and Lumbini Province. The company has not carried out its operation in Province 1 and Madhesh Province in current fisacal year, thus is not included as reportable segment.

In general, the products that derive revenue is classified in the following manner.

- i) Consumer Financing: Revenue generated by serving individual consumer is categorized under this product. This includes loans and deposit from individual customer.
- ii) Corporate Financing: Revenue generated from customer other than consumer is categorized under this product. This includes loan and deposit.
- iii) Treasury: Revenue generated by way of making investment in government securities, corporate bonds, mutual fund units, shares etc. are grouped under this product.
- iv) Others: Other revenue are included in this product and includes operational service fees, locker, guarantee commission, etc.

5.4.2. Segment Result & Segment Position for the Year Index on Ashad 2081

In '000'

Particulars	Bagmati	Province 1	Madesh	Gandaki	Lumbini	Unal- located	Total
Revenue from external customers	33,275	189	261	178	356	-	34,259
Intersegment revenues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net revenue	33,275	189	261	178	356	-	34,259
Interest income	2,304	3,229	211,596	12,773	21,660	-	251,562
Interest expenses	4,194	25,088	104,589	10,545	26,066	-	170,482
Net interest revenue	(1,890)	(21,859)	107,007	2,228	(4,406)	-	81,080
Staff expenses	4,390	7,992	50,749	2,676	5,131	-	70,938
Operating expenses	3,007	5,486	27,097	1,498	2,336	-	39,424
Depreciation and amortization	896	1,719	14,465	397	894	-	18,369
Other expenses	392	1,175	67,322	14,990	49,977	-	133,855
Total segment expenses	8,685	16,372	159,633	19,560	58,338	-	262,587
Segment profit/(loss)	22,700	(38,042)	(52,364)	(17,155)	(62,387)	-	(147,248)
Entity's interest in the profit or loss of associate accounted for using equity method							
Other material non-cash items:							



Loans:							
Consumer							1,101,067
Corporate							642,572
Deposit							
Consumer							1,524,169
Corporate							935,347
Impairment of Assets							220,929
Segment Assets	56,879	149,034	2,346,036	106,631	280,305	106,418	3,045,303
Segment Liabilities	73,343	186,706	1,723,431	150,640	372,808	67,652	2,574,580

5.4.3. Measurement of operating segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

i) Basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments:

All revenue generated including intra-segment revenue and expenses incurred in particular segment are presented under segment revenue and expenses. Intra-segment revenue/cost is netted off at Head Office.

ii) Nature of any differences between the measurements of the reportable segment's profits or losses and the entity's profit or loss before income tax

There does not exist such difference.

iii) Nature of any differences between the measurements of the reportable segment's assets and the entity's assets.

There does not exist such difference.

iv) Nature of any changes from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss and the effect, if any,

Previously, segment reporting was not done. In current scenario, segment reporting based on geographical segment is presented.

v) Nature and effect of any asymmetrical allocations to reportable segments

There is no such allocation.

5.4.4. Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

a)	Revenue	In '000'
	Total revenue for reportable segments	285,821
	Other revenue	-
	Elimination of intersegment revenues	-
	Entity's revenue	285,821
b)	Profit or loss	In '000'
	Total profit or loss for reportable segments	(147,248)
	Other profit or loss	
	Elimination of intersegment profit	
	Unallocated amounts:	
	Staff bonus	-
	Income tax	-



	NFRS adjustments	-
	Profit before income tax	(147,248)
c)	Assets	In '000'
	Total assets for reportable segments	2,938,885
	Other assets	
	Unallocated assets	106,418
	Entity's assets	3,045,303
d)	Liabilities	In '000'
	Total liabilities for reportable segments	2,506,928
	Other liabilities	-
	Unallocated liabilities	67,652
	Entity's liabilities	2,574,580

5.4.5. Information about product and services

In '000'

Particulars	Amount
Consumer banking	-
Corporate banking	-
Treasury	-
Others	-

5.4.6. Information about geographical areas

Revenue from geographical areas are as follows:	In '000'	
Domestic:	Amount	
Koshi Province	35,579	
Madesh Province	3,418	
Bagmati Province	211,857	
Gandaki Province	12,951	
Lumbini Province	22,017	
Foreign:		
Total	285,821	

5.4.7. Information about major customers

None of the customer have contribution of 10% of more revenue on total revenue of Bank.

5.5. Share options and share based payment

Not applicable

5.6. Contingent liabilities and capital commitment

Contingent liabilities are:

• a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed



only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity or

present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable
that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the
obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Capital commitment are projected capital expenditure a company commits to spend on long-term assets over a period of time.

Quantitative information on contingent liabilities and capital commitments are presented in Note 4.28.

5.7. Related parties disclosure

The related parties of the Finance which meets the definition of related parties as defined in "NAS 24 Related Party Disclosures" are as follows

A. Board of Directors of the Financial Institution

B. Key Management Personnal

Board of Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Bank comprise the following:

SN	Name	Position			
1	Thakur Prasad Bhattarai	Chairperson			
2	Binod Kumar Subedi	Director			
3	Sujan Adhikari	Director			
4	Sudip Ghimire	Director			
5	Durga Thapa	Director			
6	Dinesh Kumar Bartaula	Director			
7	Janga Bahadur Hamal	Independent Director			
8	TikaNidhi Lohani	Chief Executive Officer			
9	Gokarna Prasad Duwadi	Deputy Chief Executive Officer			
10	Binod Raj Paudel	Deputy General Manager			
	Mr. Binod Raj Paudel serves as the company secretary.				

5.7.1. Board Member Allowance and Facilities

All members of the Board of Directors are non-executive directors. The directors are paid Meeting Fees for their attendances in meeting of the Board of Directors and other Board Level Committees. The Chairman of the Board of Directors is paid NPR 5,000 per meeting attended while other members of the board receive NPR 4,000 per meeting attended.

In addition, all board members are provided Rs. 4,000 per month in order to cover expenses related to newspaper and telephone expenses.

Apart from the stated allowance and facilities, other allowance and facilities are not provided to board members and there has been no any commercial transaction of the Finance with the board member.



Details of compensation paid to the directors are:

Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Board Meeting Fees	423,000
Board Member Allowance	268,000
Risk Management Committee Fees	52,000
AML Committee Fees	40,000
Audit Committee Fees	108,000
Investigation Committee Fees	-
Employee Service Committee Fees	48,000
Budget Committee Fees	-
Other Board expenses (Board Training and Other Expenses)	66,700

5.7.2. Loans and Advances extended to Promoters:

The Company has not extended any loans to promoters during the year.

5.7.3. Key Management Personnel

Compensations paid to Key Management Personnel (which includes CEO and other executive officials) during the fiscal year is presented below. In addition, other non-monetary perquisites are provided to the Key Management Personnel as per the Company's Human Resource Policy and employment terms and conditions.

Particulars	Amount (Rs)
Salary and Allowances	
CEO	4,716,000
Other Key Management Personnel	5,113,267
Total	9,829,267
Other Benefits*	
CEO	-
Other Key Management Personnel	-
Total	-
*Other Benefits include Staff Bonus paid out of profit for previous year.	_

5.8. Merger and acquisition

During the current fiscal year, there has not been any completed merger or acquisition.

5.9. Events after reporting date

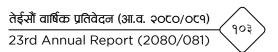
The events after reporting date are all those events, whether favourable or unfavourable, which occurs between the reporting date and the date approval of the financial statements by the board of directors. During this period, there are no such events that require adjustments or additional disclosures in the financial statement.

5.10. Proposed Distributions (Dividend or Bonus Shares)

The company is not in a position to declare dividend or bonus shares this year.

5.11. Departure from NFRS

The management of the finance company concluded that the financial statements fairly present the





company's financial position, performance and cash flows. The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) issued 'Notice regarding decision on Carve-outs in NFRS with alternative treatments' on 18 July 2022 and alternative treatments as per carve outs published on various dates has been adopted while preparing the financial statements.

5.12. Limitations of NFRS

During NFRS implementation, whenever the information is not adequately available and the cost to develop the same would exceed the benefit derived, if any, has been noted and disclosed in the respective sections.

5.13. Reclassifications, regrouing and rounding off

Previous year figure has been reclassified and regrouped wherever necessary to make the same comparable with the current year's figure. Figures in financial statements are rounded off to nearest rupee.

5.14. Refinance and Interest Subsidized Loan

Finance has provided facilities as per NRB Directive 2. Details are as follows:

Details of Refinance and Business Continuity Loan as on Ashadh 2081

Particulars	No.of Customers	Amount (NRs.)
Refinance Loan		
Business Continuity Loan		
Details of Subsidized Loan as on Ashadh 208	1	
Particulars	No.of Customers	Amount (NRs.)
Subsidized Loan	149	102,545,722

5.15. Major Financial Indicators of Last Five Years

S.N.	Particulars	Indicator	2080-81	2079-80	2078-79	2077-78	2076-77	2075-76
1	Net profit/total income	%	(52.62)	(26.58)	0.11	30.22	82.34	57.78
2	Earning per share							
	Basic earning per share	Rs.	(16.62)	(8.56)	0.03	4.87	18.07	3.02
	Diluted earning per share	Rs.	(16.62)	(8.56)	0.03	4.87	18.07	3.02
3	Market price per share	Rs.	460.00	349.00	223.00	469.00	97.00	101.00
4	Price/earning ratio	Times	(27.67)	(40.79)	7,264.08	96.22	5.37	33.45
5	Dividend or bonus per share	Rs.	1	1	1	1	-	-
6	Cash dividend	Rs.	1	-	1	1	-	-
7	Interest income/loan and advances	%	15.83	16.84	12.60	7.41	33.19	5.41
8	Employee expenses/total operating expenses	%	55.11	54.32	56.40	54.54	61.66	36.77



				1				
9	Interest expenses/totaldeposit and borrowing	%	7.39	11.60	9.20	4.71	12.51	7.23
10	Exchange income/total income	%	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	Staff bonus/total employee expenses	%	-	-	0.65	1.10	12.05	6.42
12	Net profit/loans and advances	%	(8.57)	(4.58)	0.01	2.52	27.46	3.13
13	Net profit/total assets	%	(4.47)	(2.59)	0.01	1.65	8.97	2.60
14	Total loans and advances/total deposit	%	71.00	79.32	79.32	117.22	58.22	233.52
15	Total operating expenses/total assets	%	4.23	4.28	3.25	4.82	11.37	6.99
16	Capital adequacy ratio							
	a) Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	%	13.39	20.67	26.82	23.12	43.59	12.37
	b) Core Capital	%	13.39	20.67	26.82	23.12	43.59	12.37
	c) Supplementary Capital	%	1.59	1.59	1.25	1.20	0.12	-
	d) Total Capital Fund	%	14.98	22.25	28.07	24.32	43.72	12.37
17	Cash reserve ratio (CRR)	%	5.23	6.58	5.27	5.02	7.60	0.11
18	NPAs/total loan and advances	%	19.93	4.59	4.58	5.11	86.64	100.00
19	Base rate	%	13.19	15.16	13.84	13.78	20.84	17.60
20	Weighted average interest rate spread	%	4.58	4.41	5.62	3.81	10.52	3.90
21	Book net worth	Rs.	470,722,731	633,857,355	625,743,042	294,751,120	131,973,756	99,101,575
22	Total shares	No.	8,189,114	8,189,114	7,421,748	4,283,851	1,819,803	1,819,803
23	Total employees	No.	102.00	93.00	65.00	59.00	39.00	13.00
24	Others:							
Per e	mployee business (Rs.		162.85	172.09	247.53	148.90	35.50	135.68
Empl	oyee expenses/total ne *	%	27.42	23.86	23.07	48.28	64.41	57.22
	rest and other operation	nal income	has been con	sidered as in	come while c	alculating th	is ratio	



Comparision of Unaudited and Audited Financial Statements as of 2080-81

,	As per Unaudited	As per Audited	Variance	ıce	Reasons for Variance
Particulars	Financial Statement	Financial Statement	Amount	% uI	
Statement of Financial Position					
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalent	481,589,301	480,708,517	(880,784)	-0.18%	Adjustment on accrued interest on bank deposit
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	122,212,577	124,330,689	2,118,112	1.73%	Adjustment of subsidy received on NRB
Placement with bank and financial institutions	1	ı	1	0.00%	
Derivative financial instruments	1	1	1	%00.0	
Other trading assets	1	1	ı	%00.0	
Loans and advances to B/FIs	145,308,364	145,308,364	-	%00.0	
Loans and advances to customers	1,487,620,640	1,441,899,541	(45,721,099)	-3.07%	Adjustment of interest suspense on bad loan and change in impairment on loans and advances
Investment securities	501,809,776	501,809,181	(595.00)	0.00%	Fair value adjustment on investment securities
Current tax assets	7,108,812	8,067,763	958,950.80	13.49%	Prior period adjustment on current tax asset
Investment in subsidiaries	1	1	ı	%00.0	
Investment in associates	-	1	-	%00.0	
Investment property	130,211,831	130,211,831	ı	%00.0	
Property, plant and equipment	133,860,495	133,101,987	(758,507.86)	-0.57%	Adjustment on ROU asset and accumulated depreciation
Goodwill and intangible assets	5,452,275	2,998,803	(2,453,472)	-45.00%	Adjustment of accumulated depreciation
Deferred tax assets	32,579,026	37,103,341	4,524,315	13.89%	Due to change in value of asset audit and recomputation of deferred tax
Other assets	39,391,581	39,762,765	371,184	0.94%	Adjustment of loan charges due to change in loan loss procision



Comparision of Unaudited and Audited Financial Statements as of 2080-81

	As per Unaudited	As per Audited	Variance	ıce	Reasons for Variance
Particulars	Financial Statement	Financial Statement	Amount	% uI	
Total assets	3,087,144,678	3,045,302,782	(41,841,896)	-1.36%	
Capital and liabilities					
Share capital	818,911,400	818,911,400	ı	%00.0	
Share premium	19,703,286	19,703,286	1	0.00%	
Retained earnings	(596,655,000)	(618,320,598)	(21,665,598)	3.63%	Effect of change in profit
Reserves	273,221,000	250,428,643	(22,792,357)	-8.34%	Effect of change in profit
Due to bank and financial institutions	153,969,560	153,969,560	1	%00:0	
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	1	1	ı	0.00%	
Derivative financial instruments	1	-	1	0.00%	
Deposits from customers	2,305,546,370	2,305,546,370	1	0.00%	
Other liabilities	112,448,062	115,064,121	2,616,059	2.33%	Adjustment of acturial valuation
Total capital and liabilities	3,087,144,678	3,045,302,781	(41,841,896)	-1.36%	
Statement of profit or loss					
Interest income	254.892.994	251,562,050	(3,330,944)	-131%	Adinstment of interest suspense on bad loan
Interest expense	170,481,624	170,481,624	-	0.00%	I.
Net interest income	84,411,370	81,080,426	(3,330,944)	-3.95%	
Fee and commission income	7,107,884	7,107,883	(0)	0.00%	
Fee and commission expense	-	-	1	0.00%	
Net fee and commission income	7,107,884	7,107,883	(0)	0.00%	
Net interest, fee and commission income	91,519,254	88,188,309	(3,330,944)	-3.64%	
Net trading income	1	1	I	0.00%	
Other operating income	5,237,743	5,237,743	1	0.00%	



Comparision of Unaudited and Audited Financial Statements as of 2080-81

	Lotibuon I won o	Lotibur A word	Vorcincy	000	Doctors for Vorionce
Dowtion	As per Unaudited	As per Audited	Valla	ווכב	NCASOLIS IOI VALIALICE
Faruculars	Statement	Statement	Amount	% uI	
Total operating income	96,756,997	93,426,052	(3,330,944)	-3.44%	
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	91,322,958	133,671,440	42,348,482	46.37%	Adjustment of impairment on loans and advances due to change in loan loss provision
Net operating income	5,434,038	(40,245,388)	(45,679,426)	-840.62%	
Operating expense					
Personnel expenses	70,431,505	70,937,631	506,126	0.72%	0.72% Adjustment of acturial valuation
Other operating expenses	39,424,481	39,424,481	1	%00'0	
Depreciation and amortization	18,644,140	18,369,494	(274,646)	-1.47%	Reversal of excess depreciation
Operating Profit	(123,066,088)	(168,976,993)	(45,910,905)	37.31%	
Non operating income	21,913,101	21,913,101	1	%00'0	
Non operating expense	183,911	183,911	1	%00'0	
Profit before income tax	(101,336,898)	(147,247,803)	(45,910,905)	45.31%	
Income tax expense					
Current tax expenses	1	ı	I	%00'0	
Deferred tax expenses/(income)	(6,600,557)	(11,124,694)	(4,524,137)	68.54%	Due to change in carry forward loss
Profit for the period	(94,736,341)	(136,123,110)	(41,386,768)		
Other comprehensive income	(491,984)	(491,984)	1		
Total comprehensive income	(95,228,325)	(136,615,093)	(41,386,768)		



Condensed Statement of Financial Position

4th Quarter End of Fiscal Year 2080/081

Fig in '000

Particulars	This Quarter Ending (As on Ashad end 2081)	Immediate Previous year Ending (As on Ashad end 2080)
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalent	481,589	409,277
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	122,213	126,040
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	-
Other trading assets	-	-
Loan and advances to B/FIs	145,308	15,555
Loans and advances to customers	1,487,621	1,513,181
Investment securities	501,809	315,738
Current tax assets	7,109	5,677
Investment in susidiaries	-	-
Investment in associates	-	-
Investment property	130,212	113,577
Property and equipment	133,860	141,750
Goodwill and Intangible assets	5,452	2,718
Deferred tax assets	32,579	25,768
Other assets	39,391	35,827
Total Assets	3,087,143	2,705,106
Liabilities	1	
Due to Bank and Financial Instituions	153,970	354,755
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	-	-
Deposits from customers	2,305,546	1,610,644
Borrowing	-	-
Current Tax Liabilities	-	-
Provisions	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-
Other liabilities	112,446	105,850
Debt securities issued	-	-
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-
Total Liabilities	2,571,962	2,071,249
Equity		
Share capital	818,911	818,911
Share premium	19,703	19,703
Retained earnings	(596,655)	(439,270)
Reserves	273,221	234,512
Total equity attributable to equity holders	515,181	633,857
Non-controlling interest	-	-
Total equity	515,181	633,857
Total Liabilities and equity	3,087,143	2,705,106



Condensed Statement of Profit or Loss

4th Quarter End of Fiscal Year 2080/081

Fig in '000

	This	vear	Previous Year	Corresponding
Particulars	This Quarter (Ashad end 2081)	Upto this Quarter (Up to Ashad end 2081)	This Quarter (Ashad end 2080)	Upto this Quarter (Up to Ashad end 2080)
Interest income	79,848	254,893	53,162	257,138
Interest expense	48,652	170,482	45,101	186,845
Net interest income	31,196	84,411	8,061	70,293
Fee and commission income	3,426	7,108	1,469	6,109
Fee and commission expense	-	-	-	-
Net fee and commission income	3,426	7,108	1,469	6,109
Net interest, fee and commission income	34,622	91,519	9,530	76,403
Net trading income	-	-	-	-
Other operating income	(238)	5,238	(6,116)	(5,111)
Total operating income	34,385	96,757	3,414	71,291
Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	50,031	91,323	(82,090)	44,157
Net operating income	(15,646)	5,434	85,504	27,134
Operating expense	,			
Personnel expenses	18,616	70,432	17,922	62,912
Other operating expenses	10,880	39,424	13,425	38,203
Depreciation & Amortisation	4,732	18,644	4,271	14,653
Operating Profit	(49,875)	(123,066)	49,886	(88,634)
Non operating income	17,895	21,913	1,740	6,821
Non operating expense	(18)	184	3,598	3,598
Profit before income tax	(31,962)	(101,337)	48,029	(85,411)
Income tax expense				
Current Tax	-	-	-	-
Deferred Tax	(6,601)	(6,601)	(5,562)	(5,562)
Profit for the period	(25,361)	(94,736)	53,591	(79,848)
Condensed Statement of comprehensive in	come			
Profit for the year	(25,361)	(94,736)	53,591	(79,848)
Other comprehensive income	7,468	(491)	(12,594)	7,196
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment securities valued at FVOCI	7,468	(491)	(12,594)	7,196
Revaluation of Fixed Assets (land)	-	-		
Total comprehensive income for the period	(17,893)	(95,228)	40,997	(72,653)
Basic earnings per share	-11.57	-11.57	-9.95	-9.95
Annualized basic earnings per share	-11.57	-11.57	-9.95	-9.95
Profit attributable to:	11.07	11.07	2.50	
Equity-Holders of the Bank	(17,893)	(95,228)	40,997	(72,653)
Non-Controlling Interest	-	-	-	-
Total	(17,893)	(95,228)	40,997	(72,653)



Ratios as per NRB Directive

	Cui	rrent Year		ous Year sponding
Particulars	This Quarter (Ashad end 2081)	Upto this Quarter (Up to Ashad end 2081)	This Quarter (Ashad end 2080)	Upto this Quarter (Up to Ashad end 2080)
Capital Fund to RWA		14.34		22.98
Non-Performing Loan(NPL) to Total Loan		20.23		4.59
Total Loan Loss Provision to Total NPL		50.59		122.33
Cost of Funds		8.02		9.04
Credit to Deposit Ratio		71.00		79.32
Average Credit to Deposit Ratio		67.50		84.24
Base Rate		13.19		15.16
Interest Spread Rate		4.58		4.41

Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss

Particulars	Current year
Opening Retained Earning	(439,270)
Adjustment for Prior Period	(23,448)
Net profit or (loss)as per statement of profit or loss	(94,736)
Appropriations:	
a.General reserve	-
b.Foreign exchange fluctuation fund	-
c.Capital redemption reserve	-
d.Corporate social responsibility fund	-
e.Employee' training fund	(182)
f. Others	-
Profit or (loss) before regulatory adjustment	(557,636)
Regulatory adjustment:	
Regulatory adjustment as per NRB Directive	(39,019)
Distributable profit or (loss)	(596,655)

- 1. This figures are subject to change as per the direction of the Regulator/External Auditor.
- 2. The above financial have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) as issued by the Nepal Accounting Standard Board after carve out issued by ICAN.
- 3. Previous year figures have been regrouped, rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary for fair presentation.
- 4. Loans and advances are presented along with accrued interest and staff loans net of impairment charges.
- 5. Detailed Interim Report has been published in Company's website (www.sfcl.com.np)



आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८१ मा अपलेखन गरिएका कर्जाहरूको विवरण

<u>अ</u> .स.	ऋणीको नाम	सॉवा	अन्य	जम्मा	कर्जा प्रकार	धितो मूल्यांकनको आधार	ऋण असुलीको लागि गरिएको प्रयासहरु
ن-ق	अरुण बरवाल	9८,८३३.३३	१,१९५।८४	७७४४७७५	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
o'	चित्र बहादुर श्रेष्ठ	ჯ ₀ , გ	४४४।९१	४८३०।९९	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
mi	किरण कुमारी पोदार	9८,८३३।३३	२२३८।०७	०८।७०७'७२	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
>-	रेश ट्रेडिङ एण्ड इन्भेष्टमेन्ट प्रा.लि.	००६'५००	४,न९२।२१	४४,०९२।२१	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. वैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
ઝં	शिशिर कुमार रिजाल	००२,१४	४,न९२।२१	४४,०९२।२१	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
نوں	सुष्मा सापकोटा बर्मा	२६,९३२।२८	टेड देश के दिस्	२९,३९१ा६०	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराव कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको।
و [.]	पुष्पा एण्ड सन्स	५६. ७६३, २२	<u> </u>	४,४४,१६१।⊏९	फोर्स लोन	संस्थाको कर्जा निर्देशिका र ने.रा. बैंकको निर्देशन अनुसार	खराब कर्जा भई शत्प्रतिशत कर्जा नोक्सानी व्यवस्था भएका कर्जा, कर्जा चुक्ता गर्न सूचना प्रकाशित गरेको, कालो सूचिमा समावेश गरेको ।
	जम्मा	૧,૬३,९१११६	४,४४,७४८।२३	६,२९,६६९।३९			
ਲ	आर्थिक वर्ष २०८०/८९ जम्मा साँवा तथा अन्य	८९ जम्मा साँवा तथा अन्य	ह, २९,६६९।३९				





नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक वित्तीय संस्था सूपरिवेक्षण विभाग

पत्रसंख्या : वि.सं.सु.वि. /गैर-स्थलगत / समृद्धि / ०६९ / ६२ च.नं. ९१४ केन्द्रीय कार्यालय बालुवाटार, काठमाडौ

फोन नं: ०१-४४१२३०७

Site: www.nrb.org.np Email: nrbfisd@nrb.org.np पोष्ट बक्स:७३

मिति : २०८१/०७/१२

श्री समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड, ज्ञानेश्वर, काठमाण्डौँ ।

विषय: वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरण प्रकाशन सम्बन्धमा ।

महाशय,

त्यस संस्थाले पेश गरेको आर्थिक वर्ष २०६०/६१ को लेखापरीक्षण भएको वित्तीय विवरण तथा अन्य प्रतिवेदनहरुका आधारमा गैरस्थलगत सुपरिवेक्षण गर्दा देखिएका कैफियतहरुका सम्बन्धमा देहाय बमोजिमका निर्देशनहरु शेयरधनीहरुको जानकारीका लागि वार्षिक प्रतिवेदनको छुट्टै पानामा प्रकाशित गर्ने गरी संस्थाको आर्थिक वर्ष २०६०/६१ को लेखापरीक्षण भएको वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरण, नाफा वा नोक्सानको विवरण, विस्तृत आयको विवरण (Statement of Comprehensive Income), नगद प्रवाह विवरण, इक्विटीमा भएको परिवर्तनको विवरण, सोसँग सम्बन्धित अनुसूचीहरु, लेखापरीक्षकको प्रतिवेदन लगायतका वार्षिक वित्तीय विवरणहरु साधारणसभा प्रयोजनको लागि प्रकाशन गर्न सहमित प्रदान गरिएको ब्यहोरा निर्णयानुसार अनुरोध गर्दछ ।

- कर्जा प्रवाह पश्चात अनिवार्य रुपमा कर्जा सदुपयोगिताको सुनिश्चितता गर्नुहुन ।
- ख) यस बैंकबाट जारी एकीकृत निर्देशन नं १९४०८० बमोजिम सम्पत्ति शुद्धीकरण तथा आतंकवादी कार्यमा वित्तीय लगानी निवारण सम्बन्धी व्यवस्थाको पूर्णरुपमा पालना गर्नुहुन ।
- (ग) यस बैंकबाट पुनरकर्जा, व्यावसायिक निरन्तरता कर्जा र सहुिलयतपूर्ण कर्जाको सदुपयोगिताको अध्ययन गर्न नियुक्त परामर्शदाताले पेश गरेको प्रतिवेदनमा सदुपयोग नभएको आशंका गरिएको पुनरकर्जा तथा सहुिलयतपुर्ण कर्जाहरुको हकमा यस बैंकको मिति २०६१/०५/१३ को पत्र मार्फत दिइएको निर्देशन बमोजिम तोकिएको समयाविध भित्र छानिबन प्रतिवेदन यस बैंकमा पेश गर्नुहुन ।
- (घ) उच्च निष्कृय कर्जा अनुपातलाई क्रिमक रूपमा घटाउने सम्बन्धमा समयबद्ध कार्ययोजना बनाई कार्य गर्नहृत ।
- (ङ) यस बैंकले तोकेको न्यूनतम पूँजीकोष अनुपात सदैव कायम गर्नुहुन ।
- (च) कर्जा प्रवाह र व्यवस्थापन, ग्राहक पहिचान (KYC), संस्थागत सुशासन, अनुपालना, सूचना प्रविधि लगायतका विषयमा आन्तरिक लेखापरीक्षक, बाह्य लेखापरीक्षक तथा यस बैंकबाट औंल्याएका कैफियतहरु पुन: नदोहोरिने व्यवस्था गर्नु हुन ।

many

उप-निर्देशक

बोघार्य:

श्री नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था नियमन विभाग । श्री नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंक, वित्तीय संस्था सुपरिवेक्षण विभाग, कार्यान्वयन इकाई ।



नेपाल राष्ट्र बैकद्वारा आ.व. १०८०/८१ मा दिएको निर्देशन उपर जवाफ

(क) कर्जा प्रवाह पश्चात अनिवार्य रुपमा कर्जा सदुपयोगिताको सुनिश्चितता गर्नुहुन।

तहाँको निर्देशन बमोजिम कर्जा प्रवाह पश्चात कर्जाको सदुपयोगिताको सुनिश्चितता गर्ने प्रकियामा थप सुधार गरि कैफियत नदोहोरिने व्यवस्था गरिएको छ । कर्जा सद्पयोगिताको सुनिश्चितताका लागि कार्यविधि बनाई कार्यान्वयनमा ल्याइएको छ ।

(ख) यस बैंकबाट जारी एकीकृत निर्देशन नं १९ / ০८० बमोजिम सम्पत्ति शुद्धिकरण तथा आतंकवादी कार्यमा वित्तीय लगानी निवारण सम्बन्धी व्यवस्थाको पूर्णरुपमा पालना गर्न'हुन ।

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट जारी एकीकृत निर्देशन नं १९/०८० बमोजिम सम्पत्ति शुद्धिकरण तथा आतंकवादी कार्यमा वित्तीय लगानी निवारण सम्बन्धी व्यवस्थाको पूर्णरुपमा पालना गर्न संस्था कटिबद्ध रहेको छ। सो प्रयोजनको लागी संस्थाले नीतिगत तथा संरचनागत व्यवस्था गरेको छ। सो को नियमित कार्यान्वयन र अनुगमन भएको छ।

(ग) यस बैंकबाट पुनरकर्जा, व्यवसायिक निरन्तरता कर्जा र सहुलियतपूर्ण कर्जाको सदुपयोगिताको अध्ययन गर्न नियुक्त परामर्शदाताले पेश गरेको प्रतिवेदनमा सदुपयोग नभएको आशंका गरिएको पुनरकर्जा तथा सहुलियतपुर्ण कर्जाहरुको हकमा यस बैंकको मिति २०८१/०५/१३ को पत्र मार्फत दिइएको निर्देशन बमोजिम तोकिएको समयाविध भित्र छानबिन प्रतिवेदन यस बैंकमा पेश गर्न 'हुन ।

तहाँबाट मिति २०८१/०५/१३ को पत्र मार्फत दिइएको निर्देशन बमोजिमको छानविन गराई छानविनको प्रतिवेदन मिति २०८१/०७/११ गते नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकमा पेश गरिएको छ ।

(घ) उच्च निष्कृय कर्जा अनुपातलाई ऋमिक रुपमा घटाउने सम्बन्धमा समयबद्ध कार्ययोजना बनाई कार्य गर्न'हुन।

यस संस्थाको वृद्धि भएको निष्कृय कर्जा अनुपात प्रति संस्था सजग रहेको छ। उच्च निष्कृय कर्जालाई क्रीमक रुपमा घटाउने सम्बन्धमा समयबद्ध कार्ययोजना बनाई पेश गरिनेछ र सो को कार्यान्वयन गरिनेछ।

(ङ) यस बैंकले तोकेको न्युनतम पूँजीकोष अनुपात सदैव कायम गर्न हुन ।

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट तोकेको न्युनतम पूँजीकोष अनुपात कायम रहेको र सदैव कायम गरिनेछ।

(च) कर्जा प्रवाह र व्यवस्थापन, ग्राहक पहिचान (KYC), संस्थागत सुशासन, अनुपालना, सूचना प्रविधि लगायतका विषयमा आन्तरिक लेखापरिक्षक, बाह्य लेखापरिक्षक तथा यस बैंकबाट औंल्याएका कैंफियतहरु पुनः नदोहोरिने व्यवस्था गर्न' हुन ।

यस वित्तिय संस्थाले कर्जा प्रवाह र व्यवस्थापन, ग्राहक पिहचान (KYC), संस्थागत सुशासन, अनुपालना, सूचना प्रविधि लगायतका विषयमा आन्तिरिक लेखा पिरिक्षक, बाह्य लेखापिरिक्षक तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट औंल्याएका कैफियतहरुको आधारमा आवश्यक सुधार गिरएको छ । त्यस्ता कैफियत नदोहोरिने वातावरण वनाउनका लागि संस्थागत प्रणालीलाई थप सुदृढ गिरिएको छ । साथै, सो खाले कैफियत नदोहोरिने व्यवस्था गिरएको छ ।



समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड को

प्रबन्धपत्र संशोधन सम्बन्धी तीन महले (२३ औं वार्षिक साधारण सभाको विशेष प्रस्ताव सँग सम्बन्धित)

क.सं.	हालको व्यवस्था	प्रस्तावित संशोधन	संशोधन गर्नुपर्ने कारण
٩.	५ को उपदफा (घ) : संस्थापक	५ को उपदफा (घ) : संस्थापक शेयर	बैंक तथा वित्तीय संस्था सम्बन्धि ऐन,
	शेयरधनीहरुलाई समुह 'क' मा	धनीहरुलाई समुह 'क' मा वर्गिकरण	२०७३ तथा नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकले "क"
	वर्गिकरण गरिएको छ । यो	गरिएको छ। यो समुहको शेयर स्वामित्व	"ख" र "ग" वर्गका बैंक तथा वित्तीय
	समुहको शेयर स्वमित्व ५९.३७	५१ प्रतिशत हुनेछ ।	संस्थाको लागि जारि गरेको एकीकृत
	प्रतिशत हुनेछ ।		निर्देशन, २०८० को इ.प्रा. निर्देशन नं.
٦.	५ को उपदफा (ङ) :	५ को उपदफा (ङ) : सर्वसाधारणमा	१०/२०८० को बुँदा नं. १६ को व्यवस्था
	सर्वसाधारणमा जारी पुँजीको	जारी पुँजीको शेयर स्वामित्व ४९	बमोजिम गर्न ।
	शेयर स्वामित्व ४०.६३ प्रतिशत	प्रतिशत हुनेछ । सर्वसाधारणमा बिक्री	
	हुनेछ । सर्वसाधारण बिक्री गरिने	गरिने शेयरका शेयरधनीलाई समुह 'ख'	
	शेयरका शेयरधनीलाई समुह	मा वर्गिकरण गरिएको छ ।	
	'ख' मा वर्गिकरण गरिएको छ ।		

समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड को

नियमावली संशोधन सम्बन्धी तीन महले (२३ औं वार्षिक साधारण सभाको विशेष प्रस्ताव सँग सम्बन्धित)

क.सं.	हालको व्यवस्था	प्रस्तावित संशोधन	संशोधन गर्नुपर्ने कारण
٩.	नियम ८ (२) (क) : सञ्चालक समितिमा	नियम ८ (२) (क) : सञ्चालक समितिमा	संस्थापक शेयर र सर्वसाधारण
	संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरुका तर्फबाट	संस्थापक शेयरधनीहरुका तर्फबाट	शेयरको संरचनामा भएको
	मनोनित वा निर्वाचित ४ जना सञ्चालक	मनोनित वा निर्वाचित ३ जना सञ्चालक	परिवर्तन अनुसार समायोजन
	रहने छ।	रहने छ ।	गर्न ।
٦.	नियम ८ (२) (ख) : सञ्चालक समितिमा	नियम ८ (२) (ख) : सञ्चालक समितिमा	
	सर्वसाधारण समूहका शेयरधनीहरुबाट	सर्वसाधारण समूहका शेयरधनीहरुबाट	
	निर्वाचित २ जना सञ्चालक रहने छ।	निर्वाचित ३ जना सञ्चालक रहने छ।	



टिपोट

























22nd Annual General Meeting





Agreement and discount Tie-up



Agreement With Mega Hospital, Sanepa



Agreement with Capital Hospital, Bagbazaar



Agreement with Hotel Thamel Park, Thamel



Agreement with Himalayan Capital, Thamel





Agreement with Arshiya Dental, Putalisadak



Agreement with Subisu Internet



Agreement with Sukute Shera Beach Resort



Agreement with Proud IT Nepal, Putalisadak



Agreement With Brothers Auto Pvt. Ltd.

CSR Activities



Financial Literacy by Janakpur Branch



Financial Literacy by Putalisadak Branch













Free Health Camp Organized by Putalisadak and Pokhara Branch









Financial Literacy Program from Banepa, Kasaha, Butwal and Gair Branch







Jestha Nagarik Samman Karyakara







Plantation from Narayangarh, Itahari and Aurahi Branch







Warm Cloth Distribution-Gair

Blood Donation Program from Putalisadak and Narayangarhgarh



Sanitary Pad Distribution by Butwal Branch



Participating in Global Money Week Rally - Narayangarh













Branch Anniversary Celebration







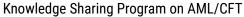
Workshop on Credit Apprisal and Branch Operation Management





Interaction Program with Local People from Kharendrapur and Madhuban Branch







Tihar Celebration

प्रमुख कार्यकारी समूह



टिका निधि लोहनी प्रमुख कार्यकारी अधिकृत



विनोद राज पौडेल नायब महाप्रबन्धक

प्रमुख व्यवस्थापन समूह



शुआष श्रेष्ठ प्रमुख व्यवसाय विकास अधिकृत



चुडामणि खनाल प्रमुख सञ्चालन अधिकृत

विभागिय तथा इकाई प्रमुखहरू



वेश्वराज अधिकार प्रमुख कर्जा असुली इकाई



राम पराजुली प्रमुख स्वना प्रविधि विभाग



रोशन कुमार शर्मा प्रमुख कर्जा विभाग



f सागर उप्रेती प्रमुख कर्जा जोखिम/अनुपालन विभाग



हिमाल ओली प्रमुख वित्त अधिकृत



रमेश धिमिरे प्रमुख लेखा परिक्षण विभाग





समृद्धि फाइनान्स कम्पनी लिमिटेड Samriddhi Finance Company Limited

नेपाल राष्ट्र बैंकबाट 'ग' वर्गको इजाजतपत्र प्राप्त वित्तीय संस्था

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